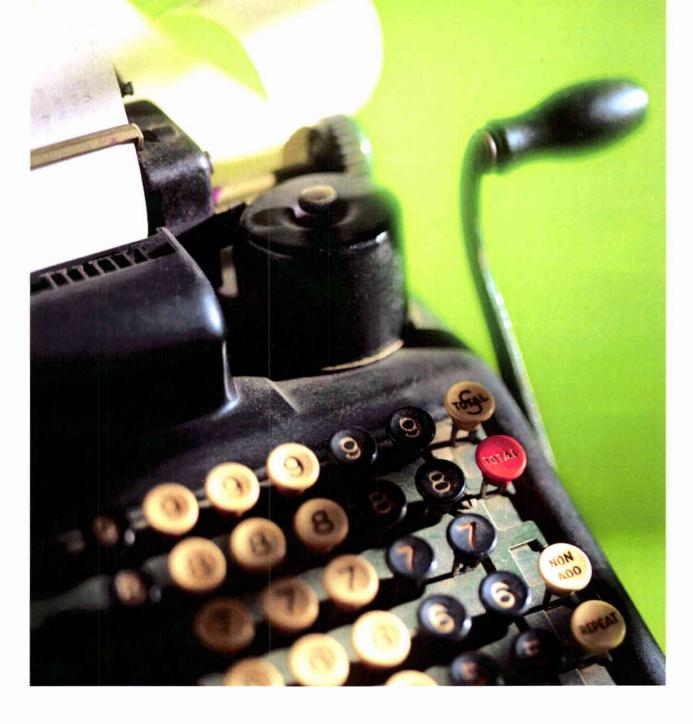
City of Pampa, Texas Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the year ended 09/30/2007



CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

Prepared by Department of Finance

CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

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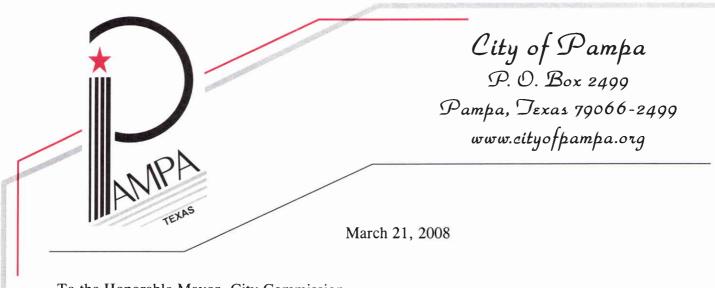
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



To the Honorable Mayor, City Commission and Citizens of the City of Pampa:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principals (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Pampa for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Pampa. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Pampa has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Pampa's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Pampa's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Pampa's financial statements have been audited by Brown, Graham and Company, P.C., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Pampa for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City of Pampa's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Pampa's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The City of Pampa charter was approved by the voters in 1927. Located in the Panhandle of Texas in Gray County, the City of Pampa currently occupies a land area of 9 square miles and serves a population of approximately 19,000. The City of Pampa is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs periodically when deemed appropriate by the governing council.

The City of Pampa operates under the commission-manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of the mayor and four commissioners. The governing body is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees and hiring both the government's manager and attorney. The government's manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the governing body, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Commission members serve two-year staggered terms, with two commissioners elected every two years. The mayor is also elected to serve a two-year term. The mayor and the commission members are elected at large.

The City of Pampa provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure; and recreational activities and cultural events.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Pampa's financial planning and control. All departments of the City of Pampa are required to submit requests for appropriation to the government's manager. The government's manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The government's manager then presents this proposed budget to the council for review. The council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by no later than September 30, the close of the City of Pampa's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and department (e.g., police). Department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between funds, however, require the special approval of the governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison is presented on page 47 as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report, which starts on page 102.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Pampa operates.

Local economy. The City of Pampa has a diverse industrial base. The industries in the area include oil and gas production, various petroleum-based industries, cattle, and grain production. There are specialized chemical and carbon black plants as well as a carbon black research and development facility. There is also a state prison located one and one-half miles east of the City. The total labor force in Gray County is 11,279. The unemployment rate has decreased from 3.9% in January, 2007 to 3.5% as of March, 2008.

Long-term financial planning. Beginning with the 1986-87 fiscal year, the City instituted a fiveyear capital improvement and replacement plan as an enhancement of the annual operating budget and has continued the plan in subsequent years. City management has developed and implemented a program of soliciting citizen involvement and participation in formulating such plans, with a primary emphasis on citizen advisory boards.

The plan categorizes projects as (1) replacement, (2) expansion, or (3) unusual capital expenditures (improvements that enhance the quality of life in Pampa and are consistent with the City's goals, but cannot be categorized as essential for the provision of basic services or maintenance of life). Replacement projects are to be financed over the life of the improvement, with the annual debt service funded from current tax revenues. City policy directs that for unusual projects that it look to the ultimate beneficiaries of such projects in order to determine the source of the funding.

Risk management. The City has a self-insured dental insurance program for its employees. This program is accounted for as an internal service fund.

Other risk management activities are administered in the general fund. These activities include administering employee life, health, property and liability insurance, worker's compensation and unemployment and disability insurance programs. The City periodically performs safety inspections and when necessary implements procedural changes to insure a high degree of safety in the workplace. The City is developing new safety training programs in conjunction with the Texas Municipal League and is supporting its employees in employee implemented wellness programs.

The City is a member of the Texas Municipal Retirement System. The City's rate of contribution to the System for the benefit of its employees is computed by actuaries of the System. Unfunded prior service liabilities are being amortized over a period of 25 years.

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Pampa for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2006. This was the 20th consecutive year that the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance and administration department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the mayor and the governing council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Pampa's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

John Horn

John Horst City Manager

obra Dacley

Robin Bailey Director of Finance

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Pampa Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2006

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

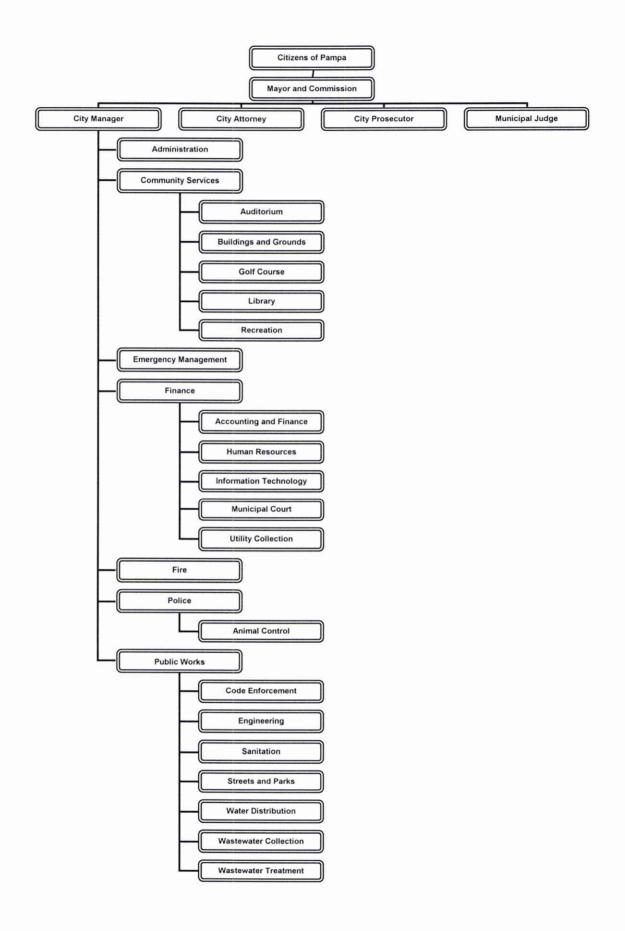


line S. Cox

President

huy R. Ener

Executive Director



CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS

LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

GOVERNING BODY:

Lonny Robbins Mayor Commissioner, Ward 1 Brad Pingel **Bill Allison** Commissioner, Ward 2 Robert Dixon Commissioner, Ward 3 Neil Fulton Commissioner, Ward 4 **OTHER PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS:** John Horst City Manager

Karen Price

Robin Bailey

Trevlyn Pitner

Kim Powell

Shane Stokes

Richard Morris

Franklin McDonough

Kurt Kurfman

City Secretary

Director of Finance

Police Chief

Fire Chief

Director of Community Services

Director of Public Works

City Attorney

Municipal Court Judge

FINANCIAL SECTION



BROWN, GRAHAM & COMPANY PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

3232 Hobbs • P.O. Box 9297 • 79105-9297 Amarillo, Texas 79105 • 806-355-8241 • FAX 806-355-6415

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor Lonny Robbins and City Commission Pampa, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pampa, Texas (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pampa, Texas, as of September 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 21, 2008, on our consideration of the City of Pampa, Texas internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Honorable Mayor Lonny Robbins and City Commission

The management's discussion and analysis and schedule of funding progress for the Texas Municipal Retirement System on pages 23 through 31 and page 95 respectively are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Pampa, Texas basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Brown, Khaham + Conpany, P.C.

Amarillo, Texas March 21, 2008

City of Pampa P. O. Box 2499 Pampa, Texas 79066-2499 www.cityofpampa.org

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Pampa, we offer readers of the City of Pampa's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Pampa for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on page 7 of this report. Comparable totals on changes in net assets and other schedules in the Management's Discussion and Analysis have been presented for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2006 as well.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Pampa exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$21,403,272 (*net assets*). Of this amount, \$4,591,845 (*unrestricted net assets*) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Pampa's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,495,283. Approximately 60% of this total amount, \$2,695,252 is *available for spending* at the government's discretion.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$2,085,383 or 20% of total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Pampa's basic financial statements. The City of Pampa's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Pampa's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of the City of Pampa's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Pampa is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flow*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguished functions of the City of Pampa that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Pampa include general government, public safety, streets and traffic, solid waste management, economic development, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City of Pampa include a water and sewer operation, landfill, a municipal golf course, and properties being leased to outside parties.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Pampa itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate economic development corporation for which the City of Pampa is financially accountable. Financial information for this *component unit* is reported separately from the financial information for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 37-39 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Pampa, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Pampa can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Pampa maintains eight individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the debt service fund, and the capital projects fund, all of which are considered to be major funds.

Data from the other governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City of Pampa adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 42-47 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Pampa maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Pampa uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer system, solid waste management, municipal golf course, and leased properties. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Pampa's various functions. The City of Pampa uses an internal service fund to account for its dental benefits. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statement.

Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer system, the solid waste management, the municipal golf course, and leased properties, all of which are considered to be major funds for the City of Pampa. Conversely, the internal service fund is combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 48-50 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City of Pampa's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 51 and 109 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 53-92 of this report.

Other information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City of Pampa's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on page 95 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with the non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 98-112 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Pampa, assets exceeded liabilities by \$21,403,272 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

In comparison with the fiscal year ended September 30, 2006, the current year shows a growth in net assets in both the governmental and business-type activities. Overall net assets increased by \$1,308,819 or 7%. This increase is primarily due to increased sales and property taxes due to new business and population growth and closely controlling expenditures. By far the largest portion of the City of Pampa's net assets (68%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, building, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Pampa uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Pampa's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City of Pampa's net assets (10%) represents resources subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net assets* \$4,591,845 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. This represents a 3% increase compared to the prior year which is attributable to increased revenues and decreased expenditures.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Pampa is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Pampa uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City of Pampa's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Pampa's financing requirements. In particular, *unreserved fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Pampa. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$2,085,383, while total fund balance reached \$2,941,966. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 20% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 29% of that same amount. The 4% decrease in the general fund's liquidity ratios, particularly unreserved fund balance, is attributable to several factors. A major factor is the use of unrestricted funds to purchase equipment and an increased restricted account for equipment replacement, which is primarily for dumpsters.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$585,156, all of which is reserved for the payment of debt service. It increased by \$194,609 due to the 2005 bond issue debt service needs.

Proprietary Funds. The City of Pampa's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets in the Water and Sewer System Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$1,311,642, those for the Solid Waste Management Fund amounted to (\$307,353), those for the Municipal Golf Course amounted to (\$8,039), and those for the Lease Properties Fund amounted to \$108,247.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City of Pampa's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2007 amounted to \$31,803,658, net of accumulated depreciation. This excludes the unamortized landfill permit costs of \$632,989. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, vehicles and equipment, park facilities, roads, bridges, and infrastructure assets.

Additional information on the City of Pampa's capital assets may be found on pages 69-71 of the CAFR under Note 6 to the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Pampa had total bonded debt outstanding of \$16,586,456. Of this amount, \$4,624,510 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of the City of Pampa's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

The City of Pampa's overall long-term debt decreased by \$1,654,952, as compared to the prior year. Additional information concerning long-term debt is located in Note 8 to the Notes to the Financial Statements, on pages 73-81.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City of Pampa's unemployment rate, currently 3.5% as of March, 2008, continues to be below both the State and National unemployment rates. This rate, along with the other items discussed above, was considered in preparing the City of Pampa's budget for the 2007-2008 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Pampa's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of Finance Director, P.O. Box 2499, Pampa, Texas, 79066-2499.

CITY OF PAMPA'S NET ASSETS

	-	Governmental Activities 2007	-	Business-type Activities 2007	_	<u>Total</u> 2007
Current and other assets	\$	5,443,570	\$	5,087,390	\$	10,530,960
Capital assets	-	9,763,196	-	22,040,462	_	31,803,658
Total assets	_	15,206,766	-	27,127,852		42,334,618
Long-term liabilities outstanding		4,677,013		14,618,385		19,295,398
Other liabilities	-	600,531	-	1,035,417		1,635,948
Total liabilities	_	5,277,544	-	15,653,802		20,931,346
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		5,481,656		9,105,903		14,587,559
Restricted		960,218		1,263,650		2,223,868
Unrestricted	_	3,487,348	-	1,104,497		4,591,845
Total net assets	\$_	9,929,222	\$	11,474,050	\$_	21,403,272

	_	Governmental Activities 2006	•	Business-type Activities 2006	-	<u>Total</u> 2006
	-		-		-	
Current and other assets	\$	5,374,489	\$	5,519,542	\$	10,894,031
Capital assets	_	9,200,823	-	22,344,166	_	31,544,989
Total assets	_	14,575,312	-	27,863,708	_	42,439,020
Long-term liabilities outstanding		5,285,464		15,664,885		20,950,349
Other liabilities	_	451,066	-	943,152	_	1,394,218
Total liabilities	_	5,736,530	-	16,608,037	_	22,344,567
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		4,290,099		8,279,157		12,569,256
Restricted		761,909		2,300,172		3,062,081
Unrestricted	_	3,786,774		676,342	_	4,463,116
Total net assets	\$	8,838,782	\$	11,255,671	\$	20,094,453

CITY OF PAMPA'S CAPITAL ASSETS (NET OF ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION)

		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities		Total
	_	2007	 2007		2007
Land	\$	210,849	\$ 698,373	\$	909,222
Water rights		-	4,181,120		4,181,120
Buildings and improvements		4,769,340	11,753,543		16,522,883
Vehicles and equipment		3,128,189	1,710,195		4,838,384
Surface water supply contracts		-	2,932,790		2,932,790
Roads		1,653,403	65,467		1,718,870
Construction in progress	_	1,415	 698,974		700,389
Total	\$_	9,763,196	\$ 22,040,462	\$	31,803,658
	_	2006	 2006	· _	2006
Land	\$	202,699	\$ 698,372	\$	901,071
Water rights		-	4,270,534		4,270,534
Buildings and improvements		4,216,117	12,677,913		16,894,030
Vehicles and equipment		2,742,396	1,624,595		4,366,991
Surface water supply contracts		-	2,996,546		2,996,546
Roads		1,562,480	74,441		1,636,921
Construction in progress	_	477,131	 1,765		478,896
Total	\$_	9,200,823	\$ 22,344,166	\$	31,544,989

CITY OF PAMPA'S OUTSTANDING DEBT GENERAL OBLIGATION AND REVENUE BONDS

	_	Governmental Activities	 Business-type Activities	 Total
	_	2007	 2007	 2007
General obligation bonds	\$	4,624,510	\$ -	\$ 4,624,510
Revenue bonds	_	-	 5,409,421	 5,409,421
Total	\$	4,624,510	\$ 5,409,421	\$ 10,033,931
	_			
	-	2006	 2006	 2006
General obligation bonds	\$	5,228,435	\$ -	\$ 5,228,435
Revenue bonds	_	-	 6,060,496	 6,060,496
Total	\$	5,228,435	\$ 6,060,496	\$ 11,288,931

CITY OF PAMPA CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

		Governmental Activities 2007	Business-type Activities 2007	- <u>-</u>	<u>Total</u> 2007
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	3,170,894	\$ 6,922,769	\$	10,093,663
Operating grants		148,947	-		148,947
Capital grants and contributions		81,195	-		81,195
General revenues:					
Property taxes		3,162,567	-		3,162,567
Sales taxes		3,725,658	-		3,725,658
Other taxes		1,448,350	-		1,448,350
Miscellaneous		198,205	350,990		549,195
Total revenues	-	11,935,816	7,273,759		19,209,575
Expenses:					
General government		1,625,296	-		1,625,296
Public safety		4,613,920	-		4,613,920
Streets and traffic		1,859,807	-		1,859,807
Solid waste management		1,091,092	-		1,091,092
Culture and recreation		1,329,075	-		1,329,075
Interest on long-term debt		156,840	-		156,840
Water and sewer		-	5,341,194		5,341,194
Solid waste management		-	1,364,944		1,364,944
Golf course		-	431,835		431,835
Leased properties		-	86,753		86,753
Total expenses	-	10,676,030	7,224,726		17,900,756
Change in net assets before transfers		1,259,786	49,033		1,308,819
Transfers		(169,346)	169,346		-
Change in net assets after transfers	-	1,090,440	218,379		1,308,819
Net assets - $10/1/2006$		8,838,782	11,255,671		20,094,453
Net assets - 9/30/07	\$	9,929,222	\$ 11,474,050	\$	21,403,272

CITY OF PAMPA CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	_	Governmental Activities 2006		Business-type Activities 2006	<u>Total</u> 2006
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	3,047,827	\$	6,900,041 \$	9,947,868
Operating grants		180,228		-	180,228
Capital grants and contributions		193,500		-	193,500
General revenues:					
Property taxes		2,882,932		-	2,882,932
Sales taxes		3,307,308		-	3,307,308
Other taxes		1,335,485		-	1,335,485
Miscellaneous		162,297	_	274,178	436,475
Total revenues	_	11,109,577		7,174,219	18,283,796
Expenses:					
General government		1,613,280		-	1,613,280
Public safety		4,246,117		-	4,246,117
Streets and traffic		2,511,235		-	2,511,235
Solid waste management		909,961		-	909,961
Culture and recreation		1,221,086		-	1,221,086
Interest on long-term debt		181,109		-	181,109
Water and sewer		-		5,355,617	5,355,617
Solid waste management		-		1,256,059	1,256,059
Golf course		-		437,110	437,110
Leased properties		_		71,753	71,753
Total expenses	_	10,682,788		7,120,539	17,803,327
Change in net assets before transfers		426,789		53,680	480,469
Transfers		(32,797)		32,797	-
Special item - Transfer of assets		1,100,183			1,100,183
Change in net assets after transfers		1,494,175		86,477	1,580,652
Net assets - $10/1/2005$		7,344,607		13,340,339	20,684,946
Prior period adjustment				(2,171,145)	(2,171,145)
Net assets - 9/30/06	\$	8,838,782	\$	11,255,671 \$	20,094,453

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

		SEFIENDER	50,	2007				
			Pr	imary Governmen	t			Component Unit: Pampa
	_	Government Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	_	Economic Development Corporation
Assets:	٩	004.000	٩	000 (11	¢	1 012 446	Φ.	211.265
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	984,802	\$	928,644	\$	1,913,446	\$	311,265
Investments		1,967,000		432,000		2,399,000		875,859
Receivables, net of allowance								
for uncollectibles		1,157,860		729,096		1,886,956		98,176
Internal balances		43,913		(43,913)		-		-
Inventories		40,864		332,033		372,897		-
Prepaid items		39,004		-		39,004		1,385
Note receivable		41,664		-		41,664		65,247
Restricted assets:								
Temporarily Restricted:								
Cash and cash equivalents		813,300		1,345,272		2,158,572		-
Investments		-		578,000		578,000		-
Accrued interest		5,163		-		5,163		10,068
Receivable - CRMWA		-		153,269		153,269		
Permanently Restricted:				100,200		100,200		
Investments		350,000		_		350,000		_
Capital assets, net of accumulated		550,000		_		550,000		_
depreciation and amortization:								
Land		210,849		698,373		909,222		
		210,049		4,181,120		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-
Water rights		-				4,181,120		-
Buildings and improvements		4,769,340		11,753,543		16,522,883		-
Vehicles and equipment		3,128,189		1,710,195		4,838,384		-
Surface water supply contracts		-		2,932,790		2,932,790		-
Roads		1,653,403		65,467		1,718,870		-
Construction in progress		1,415		698,974		700,389		-
Unamortized landfill permit costs	-		-	632,989		632,989	-	
Total assets	_	15,206,766	-	27,127,852		42,334,618	_	1,362,000
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		337,289		171,312		508,601		7,197
Accrued expenses		263,242		864,105		1,127,347		-
Non-current liabilities:								
Due within one year		658,552		946,949		1,605,501		-
Due in more than one year	_	4,018,461	-	13,671,436		17,689,897	_	-
Total liabilities	_	5,277,544	- <u>-</u>	15,653,802		20,931,346	_	7,197
Net assets:								
Invested in capital assets, net of								
related debt		5,481,656		9,105,903		14,587,559		_
Restricted for debt service		585,156		1,263,650		1,848,806		
Restricted for capital projects		16,770		1,205,050		1,040,000		-
Restricted for M.K. Brown Auditorium:		10,770		-		10,770		-
		0.000				8 202		
Expendable		8,292		-		8,292		-
Nonexpendable		350,000		-		350,000		-
Unrestricted net assets	-	3,487,348	-	1,104,497		4,591,845		1,354,803
Total net assets	\$_	9,929,222	\$	11,474,050	\$	21,403,272	\$_	1,354,803

CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

			Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	1,625,296	\$	868,156	\$	-	\$	-	
Public safety		4,613,920		563,027		122,207		74,660	
Streets and traffic		1,859,807		-		-		-	
Solid waste management		1,091,092		1,626,841		-		-	
Culture and recreation		1,329,075		112,870		26,740		6,535	
Interest on long-term debt		156,840		-		-	-	-	
Total governmental activities		10,676,030		3,170,894		148,947	-	81,195	
Business activities:									
Water and sewer system		5,341,194		5,198,529		-		-	
Solid waste management		1,364,944		1,406,146		-		-	
Golf course		431,835		318,094		-		-	
Leased properties		86,753		-		-	-		
Total business activities		7,224,726	. <u> </u>	6,922,769		-	· -		
Total primary government	_	17,900,756		10,093,663	: =	148,947	: =	81,195	
Component Unit: PEDC	\$	68,219	\$		\$		\$		

General revenues:

Property taxes levied for general purposes Property taxes levied for debt service Sales taxes Other taxes Investment earnings Miscellaneous revenues

Transfers in (out)

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning of year

Net assets - end of year

-		Pı	Changes i imary Governmen		Component Unit: Pampa Economic	
	Governmental		Business-Type Activities	Total	Development	
-	Activities	-	Activities	Total	Corporation	
\$	(757,140)	\$	-	\$ (757,140)	\$ -	
	(3,854,026)		-	(3,854,026)	-	
	(1,859,807)		-	(1,859,807)	-	
	535,749		-	535,749	-	
	(1,182,930)		-	(1,182,930)	-	
-	(156,840)	-	-	(156,840)		
-	(7,274,994)	-		(7,274,994)		
	-		(142,665)	(142,665)	-	
	-		41,202	41,202	-	
	-		(113,741)	(113,741)	-	
-		-	(86,753)	(86,753)	-	
-		-	(301,957)	(301,957)		
_	(7,274,994)	-	(301,957)	(7,576,951)	-	
_	-	-			(68,219	
	2 287 020			2 287 020		
	2,287,030 875,537		-	2,287,030 875,537	-	
	3,725,658		-	3,725,658	1,241,886	
	1,448,350		-	1,448,350	-	
	141,486		152,911	294,397	31,859	
	56,719		198,079	254,798	-	
-	(169,346)	-	169,346	-		
-	8,365,434	-	520,336	8,885,770	1,273,745	
	1,090,440		218,379	1,308,819	1,205,526	
-	8,838,782	-	11,255,671	20,094,453	149,277	
\$	9,929,222	\$	11,474,050	\$ 21 403 272	\$ 1,354,803	

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		General	. <u> </u>	Debt Service	. <u> </u>	Capital Projects		Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	408,943	\$	67,586	\$	4,716	\$	491,083 \$	972,328
Investments		1,486,000		469,000		12,000		-	1,967,000
Interest receivable		8,727		8,476		54		-	17,257
Receivables (net of		949,716		81,300		-		109,587	1,140,603
allowance for uncollectibles)									
Due from other funds		417		37,022		-		6,474	43,913
Inventories		40,864		-		-		-	40,864
Prepaid items		39,004		-		-		-	39,004
Note receivable		-		-		-		41,664	41,664
Restricted assets:									
Restricted cash		810,171		-		-		3,129	813,300
Restricted accrued interest		-		-		-		5,163	5,163
Restricted investments	_	-		-		-		350,000	350,000
Total assets	\$	3,743,842	\$	663,384	\$	16,770	\$	1,007,100 \$	5,431,096
Liabilities and Fund Balances:									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	299,110	\$	-	\$	-	\$	34,339 \$	333,449
Accrued expenditures		296,020		-		-		9,660	305,680
Deferred revenue	_	206,746		78,228		-		11,710	296,684
Total liabilities		801,876		78,228		-	• -	55,709	935,813
Fund balances:									
Reserved for:									
Debt service		-		585,156		-		-	585,156
M.K. Brown Auditorium		-		-		-		358,292	358,292
Vehicle replacement		539,230		-		-		-	539,230
1997 bond proceeds		1,848		-		-		-	1,848
Inventories		40,864		-		-		-	40,864
Prepaid items		39,004		-		-		-	39,004
Dumpster replacement		190,481		-		-		-	190,481
Demolition		45,156		-		-		-	45,156
Unreserved, reported in:									
General fund		2,085,383		-		-		-	2,085,383
Capital projects fund		-		-		16,770		-	16,770
Special revenue funds	_	-		-		-		593,099	593,099
Total fund balances		2,941,966		585,156		16,770	• -	951,391	4,495,283
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,743,842	\$	663,384	\$	16,770	\$	1,007,100 \$	5,431,096

CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND'S BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

Total fund balances - Governmental Funds	\$	4,495,283
The City uses an internal service fund to charge the costs of providing dental benefits to its employees to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets, but not in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase net assets.		8,634
Capital assets used in the governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$35,637,346 and the accumulated depreciation was \$26,436,523. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. At the beginning of the year, the balance of long-term liabilities was \$5,207,801. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net assets.		3,993,022
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they are reported as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. For the year ended September 30, 2007, the amount of capital outlays and debt principal payments were \$1,674,685 and \$630,882 respectively. The net effect of including the 2007 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net assets.		2,305,567
The 2007 depreciation expense increased accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net assets.		(1,075,977)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to the accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, eliminating inter-fund transactions, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications, eliminations, and recognitions is to increase net assets.	_	202,693
Net assets of Governmental Activities	\$	9,929,222

CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

		SEPTEN	IDL	K 30, 2007			
	_	General		Debt Service	Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	\$	2,110,369	\$	847,521 \$	\$-	\$ 134,945	\$ 3,092,835
Sales taxes		3,725,658		-	-	-	3,725,658
Other taxes		1,160,485		-	-	287,865	1,448,350
Penalties and interest on taxes		85,434		949	-	4,746	91,129
Licenses and permits		59,120		-	-	-	59,120
Intergovernmental		186,245		-	-	5,000	191,245
Charges for services		2,701,080		-	-	71,403	2,772,483
Fines		370,030		-	-	10,718	380,748
Investment earnings		90,932		30,810	419	19,325	141,486
Contributions and donations		30,436		-	-	8,413	38,849
Other revenue	-	97,826	_	-		46	97,872
Total revenues	-	10,617,615		879,280	419	542,461	12,039,775
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		1,331,432		-	-	9,249	1,340,681
Public safety		4,455,111		-	-	9,851	4,464,962
Streets and traffic		1,503,454		-	-	-	1,503,454
Solid waste management		1,036,806		-	-	-	1,036,806
Culture and recreation		561,206		-	-	593,346	1,154,552
Capital outlay		1,379,430		-	-	295,255	1,674,685
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		26,957		603,925	-	-	630,882
Interest and fiscal charges	-	4,585		132,368			136,953
Total expenditures	-	10,298,981	_	736,293		907,701	11,942,975
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	-	318,634		142,987	419	(365,240)	96,800
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		35,150		51,622	-	443,135	529,907
Transfers out	-	(681,753)	_	-		(17,500)	(699,253)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(646,603)		51,622		425,635	(169,346)
Net change in fund balances		(327,969)		194,609	419	60,395	(72,546)
Fund balances at beginning of year	-	3,269,935	_	390,547	16,351	890,996	4,567,829
Fund balances at end of year	\$_	2,941,966	\$	585,156	\$ 16,770	\$ 951,391	\$ 4,495,283

CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND'S STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

Total net changes in fund balances - Governmental Funds	\$	(72,546)
The City uses an internal service fund to charge the costs of providing dental benefits to its employees to appropriate functions in other funds. The net loss of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities in the Statement of Activities. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase net assets.		9,494
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increase in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. For the year ended September 30, 2007, the amount of capital outlays and debt principal payments were \$1,674,685 and \$630,882 respectively. The net effect of including the 2007 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net assets.		2,305,567
The 2007 depreciation expense increased accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net assets.		(1,075,977)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to the accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, eliminating inter-fund transactions, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications, eliminations, and recognitions is to decrease net assets.	_	(76,098)
Change in net assets of Governmental Activities	\$	1,090,440

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CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

		Budget	t An	nounts		Variance with
	_	Original		Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	\$	2,035,000	\$	2,035,000 \$	2,110,369	\$ 75,369
Sales taxes	Ŷ	2,950,000	Ψ	3,330,000	3,725,658	395,658
Other taxes		958,500		958,500	1,160,485	201,985
Penalties and interest on taxes		45,000		45,000	85,434	40,434
Licenses and permits		34,750		34,750	59,120	24,370
Intergovernmental		79,000		173,860	186,245	12,385
Charges for services		2,593,658		2,593,658	2,701,080	107,422
Fines		318,500		318,500	370,030	51,530
Investment earnings		67,050		67,050	90,932	23,882
Contributions and donations		25,500		25,500	30,436	4,936
Other revenue	_	17,500		19,300	97,826	78,526
Total revenues	_	9,124,458	· -	9,601,118	10,617,615	1,016,497
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		1,343,603		1,372,727	1,331,432	41,295
Public safety		4,393,518		4,547,549	4,455,111	92,438
Streets and traffic		1,598,318		1,599,318	1,503,454	95,864
Solid waste management		770,980		826,335	1,036,806	(210,471)
Culture and recreation		551,923		554,201	561,206	(7,005)
Capital outlay		1,210,544		1,518,987	1,379,430	139,557
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		24,088		24,088	26,957	(2,869)
Interest and fiscal charges	_	4,007	• -	4,007	4,585	(578)
Total expenditures	_	9,896,981		10,447,212	10,298,981	148,231
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	_	(772,523)		(846,094)	318,634	1,164,728
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		35,150		35,150	35,150	-
Transfers out	_	(381,257)		(381,257)	(681,753)	(300,496)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(346,107)	· -	(346,107)	(646,603)	(300,496)
Net change in fund balances		(1,118,630)		(1,192,201)	(327,969)	864,232
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	3,269,935	• -	3,269,935	3,269,935	
Fund balances at end of year	\$_	2,151,305	\$	2,077,734 \$	2,941,966	\$ 864,232

CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

Indicatory activities Indicatory activities Indicatory activities Activities Assets: State Namesoned Course Properties Find Series Cash and she neurolentin 5 Statu 10,375 \$ 923,644 \$ 1 Retricted seases current: 100,355 \$ 10,375 \$ 923,644 \$ 1 Receivable 100,355 \$ 10,375 \$ 923,644 \$ 1 Receivable 100,355 \$ 10,375 \$ 923,644 \$ 1 Receivable 100,356 144,767 - 1 35,363 1 Receivable 100,356 144,767 - 1 35,363 1 Non-current assets 3,497,096 885,187 4,754 - 4,483,370 1 Non-current assets 3,497,096 54,544 - 698,373 1 4,483,370 1 1,438,370 1 1,438,370 1 1,539,573 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>SEPTEMBER 3</th> <th>0, 2007</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Governmental</th>				SEPTEMBER 3	0, 2007			Governmental
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$				Business-typ	pe Activities - Enter	prise Funds		Activities
		_	and Sewer	Waste	Golf		Enterprise	Internal Service Fund
Cash and cash cquivalents S 380,401 S 237,868 S - S 110,375 S 928,644 S 1 Rotifical sects - current: 1,200,955 144,767 - - 1,455,272 Interest rectivable - CRMWA 153,209 - - - 1,852,272 Interest rectivable - investments 4,752 3,466 - - 8,118,8 Interest rectivable - investments 4,752 3,466 - - 8,118,8 Interest rectivable - investments 3,477,998 385,187 4,754 110,375 4,998,314 i Non-current assets 3,497,998 385,187 4,754 110,375 4,983,314 i Non-current assets -		_						
	Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	580,401 \$		- -	\$ 110,375 \$ -		\$ 12,474
$\begin{array}{ l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l $	Cash and cash equivalents Investments		578,000	-	-	-	578,000	-
Receivables - net of uncollectible allowance 649.008 67,146 4,754 -					-	-		-
Non-current assets: .	Receivables - net of uncollectible allowance	_	649,008		4,754	- - -	720,908	
Note receivable -	Total current assets		3,497,998	885,187	4,754	110,375	4,498,314	12,474
	Non-current assets:							
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Capital assets:			-	-	-	-	-
Building: and improvements 22.258,153 3,815,363 1,66,869 731,965 27,972,350 Vehicles and equipment 2,439,947 2,134,932 252,231 - 4,327,110 Surface water supply contracts 5,410,278 - 215,295 - - 215,295 Construction in progress 336,809 162,165 - - 698,974 Lass: accumulated depreciation and amortization (17,080,860) (4,233,572) (674,829) (186,357) (22,175,618) Total non-current assets 18,057,761 2,780,297 1.289,785 545,608 22,673,451 - Total non-current assets 21,555,759 3,665,484 1.294,539 655,983 27,171,765 1 Liabilities: Accounts parable 34,343 24,026 11,720 2,128 171,312 Accounts parable 323,438 24,026 11,720 2,128 171,312 Accounts parable 34,333 2,600 - - 4,97,13 Dacto urrent tabilitities: 320,853 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>53,125</td> <td>545,514</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>				53,125	545,514	-		-
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Buildings and improvements		22,258,153			731,965	27,972,350	-
Roads 1 215,295 1 1 215,295 Construction in progress 535,699 162,165 - - 698,974 Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization (17,080,860) (4,233,572) (674,829) (186,357) (22,175,618) Unamortized landfill permit costs - 632,989 - - 632,989 Total non-current assets 18,057,761 2,780,297 1,289,785 545,608 22,673,451 Liabilities: - - - 632,989 - - - Current liabilities: -				2,134,932	252,231	-		-
$ \begin{array}{cccc} Construction in progress 536,809 162,165 608,974 \\ Less: accumulated depreciation and amorization (17,080,860) (4,233,572) (674,829) (186,357) (22,175,618) \\ Unamorized landfill permit costs - 632,989 632,989 - 632,989 \\ \hline Total non-current assets 18,057,761 2,780,297 1,289,785 545,608 22,673,451 \\ \hline Total assets 21,555,759 3,665,484 1,294,539 655,983 27,171,765 1 \\ \hline Liabilities: Concentration of the second secon$			5,419,278	215 295	-	-		-
Unamortized landfill permit costs Unamortized landfill permit costs Unamortized landfill permit costs Unamortized landfill permit costs Total non-current assets 18.057,761 2,780.297 1.289,785 545.608 22,673,451 Total assets 21.555,759 3.665,484 1.294,539 655,983 27,171,765 1 Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable 13,438 24,026 11,720 2,128 171,312 Accounts payable 133,438 24,026 11,720 2,128 171,312 Accounts payable 133,438 24,026 11,720 2,128 171,312 Accounts payable 133,438 24,026 11,720 2,128 171,312 Accounts payable 144,406 52,000 - 43,913 444,406 - 328,853 Bonds payable - current: 838,002 - - 383,002 - - 383,002 - - 383,002 - - 292,086 20,662 20,662 20,662 - 52,75,005	Construction in progress Less: accumulated depreciation and		,	162,165	-	-	698,974	-
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			(17,080,860)		(674,829)	(186,357)		
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Total non-current assets	_	18,057,761	2,780,297	1,289,785	545,608	22,673,451	
	Total assets		21,555,759	3,665,484	1,294,539	655,983	27,171,765	12,474
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $								
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$			133 438	24 026	11 720	2 128	171 312	_
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						-		-
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$			-	-	-	-	-	3,840
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					-	-		-
Bonds payable - current: Revenue bonds and certifications of obligation 383,002 - - - 383,002 CRMWA obligations 284,199 - - - 284,199 Capital leases payable - current 15,182 183,101 30,803 - 229,086 Compensated absences 44,246 6,416 - - 50,662 Total current liabilities: 1,697,834 282,721 43,596 2,128 2,026,279 Non-current liabilities: Revenue bonds and certificates of obligations (net) 6,352,075 - - 6,352,075 Capital leases payable 32,319 363,598 15,275 - 411,192 Compensated absences 11,058 2,139 - - 1,619,967 Capital leases payable 10,399,791 3,256,370 15,275 - 13,671,436 Total non-current liabilities 12,097,625 3,539,091 58,871 2,128 15,697,715 Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 6,986,645 329,943 1,243,707 545,608 9,105,903 Restricted for debt serv					-	-		-
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			520,055				520,055	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								
Capital leases payable - current 15,182 183,101 $30,803$ - 229,086 Compensated absences $44,246$ $6,416$ - - $50,662$ Total current liabilities $1,697,834$ $282,721$ $43,596$ $2,128$ $2,026,279$ Non-current liabilities: Revenue bonds and certificates of obligation (net) $4,004,339$ $1,270,666$ - - $5,275,005$ CRMWA obligations (net) $6,352,075$ - - 6.352,075 - 411,192 Compensated absences $11,058$ $2,139$ - - 13,197 Landfill closure liability - $1,619,967$ - - 13,671,436 Total non-current liabilities $12,097,625$ $3,539,091$ $58,871$ $2,128$ $15,697,715$ Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt $6,986,645$ $329,943$ $1,243,707$ $545,608$ $9,105,903$ Unrestricted 0 $1,311,642$ $(307,353)$ $(8,039)$ $108,247$ $1,104,497$				-	-	-		-
Compensated absences $44,246$ $6,416$ - - $50,662$ Total current liabilities $1,697,834$ $282,721$ $43,596$ $2,128$ $2,026,279$ Non-current liabilities: Revenue bonds and certificates of obligation (net) $4,004,339$ $1,270,666$ - - $5,275,005$ CRMWA obligations (net) $6,352,075$ - - - $6,352,075$ Capital leases payable $32,319$ 363.598 $15,275$ - $411,192$ Compensated absences $11,058$ $2,139$ - - $13,197$ Landfill closure liabilities $10,399,791$ $3,256,370$ $15,275$ - $13,671,436$ Total liabilities $12,097,625$ $3,539,091$ $58,871$ $2,128$ $15,697,715$ Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt $6,986,645$ $329,943$ $1,243,707$ $545,608$ $9,105,903$ Invested in capital assets, net of related debt $1,311,642$ $(307,353)$ $(8,039)$ $108,247$ $1,104,497$				183,101	30,803	-		-
Non-current liabilities: Revenue bonds and certificates of obligation (net) $4,004,339$ $1,270,666$ $ 5,275,005$ CRMWA obligations (net) $6,352,075$ $ 6,352,075$ Capital leases pavable $32,319$ $363,598$ $15,275$ $ 411,192$ Compensated absences $11,058$ $2,139$ $ 13,197$ Landfill closure liability $ 1,619,967$ $ 13,671,436$ Total non-current liabilities $10,399,791$ $3,256,370$ $15,275$ $ 13,671,436$ Total inabilities $12,097,625$ $3,539,091$ $58,871$ $2,128$ $15,697,715$ Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt $6,986,645$ $329,943$ $1,243,707$ $545,608$ $9,105,903$ Restricted for debt service $1,159,847$ $103,803$ $ 1,263,650$ Unrestricted $1,311,642$ $(307,353)$ $(8,039)$ $108,247$ $1,104,497$	Compensated absences	_	44,246	6,416			50,662	
Revenue bonds and certificates of obligation (net)4,004,3391,270,6665,275,005CRMWA obligations (net)6,352,0756,352,075Capital leases payable32,319363,59815,275-411,192Compensated absences11,0582,13913,197Landfill closure liability-1,619,9671,619,967Total non-current liabilities10,399,7913,256,37015,275-13,671,436Total liabilities12,097,6253,539,09158,8712,12815,697,715Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt6,986,645329,9431,243,707545,6089,105,903Restricted for debt service1,159,847103,8031,263,650Unrestricted1,311,642(307,353)(8,039)108,2471,104,497	Total current liabilities		1,697,834	282,721	43,596	2,128	2,026,279	3,840
Revenue bonds and certificates of obligation (net)4,004,3391,270,6665,275,005CRMWA obligations (net)6,352,0756,352,075Capital leases payable32,319363,59815,275-411,192Compensated absences11,0582,13913,197Landfill closure liability-1.619,9671,619,967Total non-current liabilities10,399,7913,256,37015,275-13,671,436Total liabilities12,097,6253,539,09158,8712,12815,697,715Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt6,986,645329,9431,243,707545,6089,105,903Restricted for debt service1,159,847103,8031,263,650Unrestricted1,311,642(307,353)(8,039)108,2471,104,497	Non-current liabilities:							
CRMWA obligations (net) $6,352,075$ $ 6,352,075$ Capital leases payable $32,319$ $363,598$ $15,275$ $ 411,192$ Compensated absences $11,058$ $2,139$ $ 13,197$ Landfill closure liability $ 1,619,967$ $ 1,619,967$ Total non-current liabilities $10,399,791$ $3,256,370$ $15,275$ $ 13,671,436$ Total iabilities $10,399,791$ $3,256,370$ $15,275$ $ 13,671,436$ Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt $6,986,645$ $329,943$ $1,243,707$ $545,608$ $9,105,903$ Restricted for debt service $1,159,847$ $103,803$ $ 1,263,650$ Unrestricted $1,311,642$ $(307,353)$ $(8,039)$ $108,247$ $1,104,497$	Revenue bonds and certificates of							
Capital leases payable $32,319$ $363,598$ $15,275$ - $411,192$ Compensated absences $11,058$ $2,139$ $13,197$ Landfill closure liability- $1,619,967$ $13,671,436$ Total non-current liabilities $10,399,791$ $3,256,370$ $15,275$ - $13,671,436$ Total liabilities $12,097,625$ $3,539,091$ $58,871$ $2,128$ $15,697,715$ Net assets:Invested in capital assets, net of related debt $6,986,645$ $329,943$ $1,243,707$ $545,608$ $9,105,903$ Restricted for debt service $1,159,847$ $103,803$ $1,263,650$ Unrestricted $1,311,642$ $(307,353)$ $(8,039)$ $108,247$ $1,104,497$				1,270,666	-	-		-
Compensated absences11,0582,13913,197Landfill closure liability-1,619,96713,671,436Total non-current liabilities10,399,7913,256,37015,275-13,671,436Total liabilities12,097,6253,539,09158,8712,12815,697,715Net assets:Invested in capital assets, net of related debt6,986,645329,9431,243,707545,6089,105,903Restricted for debt service1,159,847103,8031,263,650Unrestricted1,311,642(307,353)(8,039)108,2471,104,497				- 363 598	15 275	-		-
Total non-current liabilities 10,399,791 3,256,370 15,275 - 13,671,436 Total liabilities 12,097,625 3,539,091 58,871 2,128 15,697,715 Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 6,986,645 329,943 1,243,707 545,608 9,105,903 Restricted for debt service 1,159,847 103,803 - - 1,263,650 Unrestricted 1,311,642 (307,353) (8,039) 108,247 1,104,497					-	-		-
Total liabilities 12,097,625 3,539,091 58,871 2,128 15,697,715 Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 6,986,645 329,943 1,243,707 545,608 9,105,903 Restricted for debt service 1,159,847 103,803 - - 1,263,650 Unrestricted 1,311,642 (307,353) (8,039) 108,247 1,104,497	Landfill closure liability	_		1,619,967			1,619,967	
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 6,986,645 329,943 1,243,707 545,608 9,105,903 Restricted for debt service 1,159,847 103,803 - - 1,263,650 Unrestricted 1,311,642 (307,353) (8,039) 108,247 1,104,497	Total non-current liabilities		10,399,791	3,256,370	15,275	<u> </u>	13,671,436	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt6,986,645329,9431,243,707545,6089,105,903Restricted for debt service1,159,847103,8031,263,650Unrestricted1,311,642(307,353)(8,039)108,2471,104,497	Total liabilities	_	12,097,625	3,539,091	58,871	2,128	15,697,715	3,840
related debt6,986,645329,9431,243,707545,6089,105,903Restricted for debt service1,159,847103,8031,263,650Unrestricted1,311,642(307,353)(8,039)108,2471,104,497								
Restricted for debt service 1,159,847 103,803 - 1,263,650 Unrestricted 1,311,642 (307,353) (8,039) 108,247 1,104,497			6,986,645	329,943	1,243,707	545,608	9,105,903	-
	Restricted for debt service	_	1,159,847	103,803	-	-	1,263,650	8,634
Total net assets $9,458,134$ $126,393$ $1,235,668$ $653,855$ $11,474,050$ 5	Total net assets	\$	9,458,134 \$	126,393 \$	1,235,668	\$ 653,855 \$	11,474,050	\$ 8,634

CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

		Business-type	activities - Ente	erprise Funds		Governmental	
	Water and Sewer System	Solid Waste <u>Management</u>	Municipal Golf Course	Leased Properties	Total	Activities Internal Service Fund	
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services \$	5,198,529	\$ 1,406,146 \$	318,094	\$ - \$	6,922,769	\$ 59,605	
Other revenues	133,008	50,350	332		183,690		
Total operating revenues	5,331,537	1,456,496	318,426		7,106,459	59,605	
Operating expenses:							
Personnel services	922,224	288,616	-	-	1,210,840	-	
Contractual services	1,858,090	229,081	255,917	49,066	2,392,154	5,232	
Supplies and materials	249,654	180,208	74,295	6,219	510,376	-	
Depreciation and amortization	847,922	493,594	63,847	29,049	1,434,412	-	
Bad debts	21,270	(550)	6	-	20,726	-	
Intercity charges	876,948	46,000	29,300	-	952,248	-	
Insurance and claims	10,292	5,360	2,851	2,419	20,922	44,916	
Total operating expenses	4,786,400	1,242,309	426,216	86,753	6,541,678	50,148	
Operating income (loss)	545,137	214,187	(107,790)	(86,753)	564,781	9,457	
Non-operating revenues (expenses):							
Investment earnings	125,332	23,544	3	4,032	152,911	37	
Sale of materials and equipment	22,789	-	(8,400)	-	14,389	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	(554,794)	(122,635)	(5,619)		(683,048)		
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(406,673)	(99,091)	(14,016)	4,032	(515,748)	37	
Income (loss) before transfers	138,464	115,096	(121,806)	(82,721)	49,033	9,494	
Transfers in	-	-	129,590	74,906	204,496	-	
Transfers out	(35,150)				(35,150)		
Change in net assets	103,314	115,096	7,784	(7,815)	218,379	9,494	
Total net assets - beginning of year	9,354,820	11,297	1,227,884	661,670	11,255,671	(860)	
Total net assets - end of year \$	9,458,134	\$ <u>126,393</u> \$	1,235,668	\$ 653,855 \$	11,474,050	\$ 8,634	

CITY OF PAMPA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

										Governmental
	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds									Activities
		/ater and ver System	Solid Waste <u>Management</u>	_	Municipal Golf Course		Leased Properties		Total	Internal Service Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:										
Receipts from customers and users	\$	5,285,698	1,455,448	\$	315,361	\$	-	\$	7,056,507	6 -
Receipts from inter-fund services provided	+ -	38,423	5,490	-	-	+	-	+	43,913	59,605
Payments to employees		(904, 142)	(293,186)		-		-		(1,197,328)	-
Payments to insurance claims		-	-		-		-			(46,567)
Payments to suppliers	(2	2,176,979)	(333,238)		(338,405)		(55,576)		(2,904,198)	(5,232)
Payments for inter-fund services used Net cash flows from operating activities		(876,948) 1,366,052	(46,000) 788,514	-	(29,300) (52,344)	_	(55,576)	-	(952,248) 2,046,646	- 7,806
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:										
Transfers from other funds		-	-		129,590		74,906		204,496	-
Transfers to other funds		(35,150)	-				-		(35,150)	-
Net cash flows from non-capital financing activities	_	(35,150)	-	-	129,590	_	74,906		169,346	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:							63,732		63,732	
Note payments received Acquisition and construction of capital assets		- (700,869)	(410,400)		(21,000)		- 05,752		(1,132,269)	-
Sale of materials and equipment		22,789	(410,400)		(21,000)		-		(1,132,209) 22,789	-
Principal paid on capital debt		(663,686)	(395,463)		(29,522)		-		(1,088,671)	-
Interest paid on capital debt		(518,692)	(165,073)		(6,791)		-		(690,556)	-
Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities	()	1,860,458)	(970,936)	-	(57,313)	_	63,732		(2,824,975)	
Cash flows from investing activities:										
Purchase of investments (net of redemptions of investments)		1,341,000	(302,000)		-		-		1,039,000	-
Interest and dividends received		133,898	22,720	_	3	_	4,032		160,653	37
Net cash flows from investing activities		1,474,898	(279,280)	-	3	-	4,032		1,199,653	37
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		945,342	(461,702)		19,936		87,094		590,670	7,843
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		835,564	844,337	-	(19,936)	_	23,281		1,683,246	4,631
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	1,780,906	382,635	\$_		\$_	110,375	\$_	2,273,916	\$ 12,474
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities:										
Operating income (loss)	\$	545,137	5 214,187	¢	(107,790)	¢	(86,753)	\$	564,781	\$ 9,457
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	Ψ	<u> </u>	214,107	Ψ_	(107,790)	Ψ_	(00,755)	Ψ_	<u> </u>	, ,,,,,,
cash provided by (used for) operating activities:										
Depreciation and amortization		847,922	493,594		63,847		29,049		1,434,412	-
Changes in assets & liabilities: (Increase) decrease in:										
Receivables		(70,038)	(1,598)		(3,059)		_		(74,695)	_
Inventories		(63,710)	(1,5)0)		-		-		(63,710)	-
Increase (decrease) in:		(05,710)							(05,710)	
Accounts payable		46,432	12,465		2,180		2,128		63,205	(1,651)
Accrued expenses		1,030	(2,522)		(7,522)		-		(9,014)	-
Due to other funds		38,423	5,490		-		-		43,913	-
Consumer deposits		3,804	-		-		-		3,804	-
Compensated absences		17,052	(2,048)		-		-		15,004	-
Landfill closure liability		-	68,946	-	-	_	-		68,946	
Total adjustments		820,915	574,327	-	55,446	_	31,177		1,481,865	(1,651)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		1,366,052	788,514	=	(52,344)	=	(55,576)	: =	2,046,646	7,806
Reconciliation of total cash and cash equivalents:										
Cash and cash equivalents on balance sheet		580,401	237,868		-		110,375		928,644	12,474
Restricted cash and cash equivalents on balance sheet		1,200,505	144,767	_	-	_	-		1,345,272	
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,780,906	382,635	\$_		\$_	110,375	\$	2,273,916	\$ 12,474

CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

	-	Agency <u>Fund</u> Municipal Court Bail Bond
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	710
Total assets	- \$_	710
Liabilities:		
Deposits	\$_	710
Total liabilities	\$_	710

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NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The City of Pampa, Texas (the City) operates under a Commission-Manager form of government and provides the following services, as authorized by its charter adopted in 1927: police and fire protection, streets and traffic control, planning and code enforcement and general administrative services. In addition, the City maintains the water and sewer system and a solid waste management operation, the operations of which are accounted for as enterprise funds. The City also operates a municipal golf course which was opened on May 15, 1990 and is accounted for as an enterprise fund, and leases various properties which are also accounted for in an enterprise fund.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Pampa is a municipality governed by an elected five member commission made up of the Mayor and four other commissioners. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City of Pampa (the primary government) and its component units. The components units discussed below are included in the reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the City.

Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended component units:

The Economic Development Special Revenue Fund accounts for the remaining activities of a prior Economic Development Corporation (the "Prior EDC") that has ceased operations. Originally established by charter in April, 1993, the Prior EDC had been in operation until voters of the City approved the dissolution of the Prior EDC in November, 2001. The Prior EDC had been governed by a separate board of directors up until March, 2005, when the board of directors voted to approve the final dissolution and to transfer all remaining assets and liabilities to the City. The City is the fiscal agent for the remaining activities of the Prior EDC, which includes maintaining and investing remaining funds, care and upkeep of capital assets previously owned by the Prior EDC, which were transferred to the City during the prior year, and the servicing of a grant payable to a local business as further discussed in Note 10. Once the remaining grant commitment to the local business has been satisfied, all remaining funds will be transferred to other funds within the City. In previous years, the City had reported the activities of the Prior EDC as a discretely presented component unit, but since the City now controls the activities of the Prior EDC, it is now being shown as a blended component unit, specifically reported as a special revenue fund.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

A.Reporting Entity (continued)

Individual Component Unit Disclosures (continued)

Discretely presented component units:

The component unit column in the government-wide financial statements includes the financial data of a new 4B Economic Development Corporation (the "4BEDC") which was established by voters in the City in November, 2005. This new 4BEDC was established for the promotion of business and economic development in and around the City, and is being funded by a ½ cent sales tax also approved by the voters of the City. In December, 2005, the City appointed a separate seven member board of directors that have the responsibility of managing the activities of the 4BEDC. The board of directors adopted a resolution approving the articles of incorporation, and adopted and approved the corporate bylaws of the 4BEDC in February, 2006. The 4BEDC also began its operations during the prior year, and began receiving the ½ cent sales tax which will be used to fund future operations of the 4BEDC. The City is responsible for approving the operating budget of the 4BEDC as adopted by the seven member board of directors. The 4BEDC has elected to not prepare separate financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2007.

Related Organizations

The City Commission is also responsible for appointing one of the five board members of the Gray County Appraisal District and has the ability to suggest changes to the District's budget. The District assesses property valuations for all the taxing entities in Gray County. The City remits a fee to the Gray County Appraisal District for its services. The City has no authority over the District or accountability beyond that mentioned above.

Jointly Governed Organizations

The Canadian River Municipal Water Authority ("CRMWA") is a water district that was created in 1953 by the Texas Legislature to construct a dam, water reservoir and aqueduct system for the purpose of supplying water to surrounding municipalities. Its geographic area includes the surface water in the Texas Panhandle known as Lake Meredith, and the aqueduct system which supplies eleven cities. The affairs of CRMWA are governed by a board of nineteen individual members. The City, as one of the eleven cities, appoints two members. Prior to construction, each city contracted to purchase surface water and was allotted a portion of the water rights together with a proportional amount of the construction costs. On May 15, 1996, the City, along with other members, entered into a contract for the purchase and construction of a conjunctive use ground water supply, as more fully described in notes 8 and 11. Except for these contractual obligations the City has no other responsibility for the liabilities of CRMWA. The City does not appoint a significant portion of the governing board, designate management, nor have the ability to significantly influence operations. A copy of the annual financial statements may be obtained by contacting CRMWA at P.O. Box 9, Sanford, Texas, 79078.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from the legally separate *component unit* for which the *primary government* is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Agency funds, unlike all other funds, do not have a measurement focus; rather, agency funds report only assets and liabilities.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds).

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water and Sewer System Fund - The Water and Sewer System Fund is used to account for the provision of water and sewer services to residents and commercial enterprises of the City and proximate area. In accordance with the City's accounting policies, the City maintains a number of departments within this fund to account for water and sewer billing and collection, maintenance and operations, extensions and improvements, and consumer deposits, all of which have been consolidated for the financial statement presentation.

The Solid Waste Management Fund - The Solid Waste Management Fund is used to account for the operation of the City's solid waste landfill.

The Municipal Golf Course Fund - The Municipal Golf Course Fund is used to account for the operation of the City's public golf course known as Hidden Hills.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The Leased Properties Fund - The Leased Properties Fund is used to account for the activities of various property owned by the City that is being leased to outside parties.

The Dental Benefits Internal Service Fund - The Dental Benefits Fund is used to account for dental benefits provided to the City's employees that are charged to the various departments of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds - The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than the Permanent Fund or Capital Projects Fund) that are legally restricted to specific purposes. The City's Special Revenue Funds are as follows:

Controlled Substances - To account for cash or marketable properties seized during arrests. Under state statutes, such property is allowed to be used for local law enforcement activities related to the particular type of crime.

M.K. Brown Auditorium - To account for revenues derived from a 7% tax levied on gross hotel/motel receipts which may be spent on conventions, convention promotion or convention center facilities. The fund also accounts for transfers from the M.K. Brown Auditorium Permanent Fund to be used for maintenance of and improvements to the auditorium.

Lovett Memorial Library - To account for ad valorem taxes levied for the maintenance and support of the Lovett Memorial Library.

Economic Development - To account for the activities of the prior Economic Development Corporation, which is a blended component unit discussed previously in Note 1.

Permanent Fund - The Permanent Fund is used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the M.K. Brown Auditorium.

Agency Fund - The City has one Agency Fund, the Municipal Court Bail Bond Fund, which is used to account for bail bonds received from various individuals, with the City acting only in a fiduciary capacity for these funds being held.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do no conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of the charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and of the City's internal service fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Budgets

As provided by state law, the City follows these procedures in establishing the annual budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

At least 30 days prior to the time when the City Commission makes its tax levy for the upcoming fiscal year beginning October 1, the City Manager, as budget officer, files a proposed operating budget, including proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Such budget is available for the inspection of any taxpayer and public hearings are conducted no less than 15 days subsequent to the time of filing. The City Commission has authority to make such changes in the budget as it deems warranted. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

D. Budgets (continued)

The City's Executive Budget, Annual Operating Budget and Program of Services, are prepared annually for all governmental funds on a detailed account level (line-item) basis. However, the legal level of budgetary control is directed at total expenditures at the individual fund level. The account level basis of the annual Executive Budget is intended purely as a management planning and control device. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within and among departments; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures on an individual fund basis require the City Commission's approval. Although not legally required by state or local law, the City adopts budgets for all proprietary funds to aid management in planning and internal control. The budget-to-actual comparisons in the combined financial statements are presented on a function level basis to provide information concerning the City's performance as it relates to the Executive Budget.

The City uses a flow of current financial resources method to budget for governmental funds and a flow of economic resources method to budget for proprietary funds. Governmental fund budgets are substantially on a basis consistent with GAAP. Proprietary fund budgets are not on a basis consistent with GAAP in that depreciation expense is not budgeted and capital asset purchases and debt principal payments are shown as expenses in the budget. The budgeted amounts reflected in the financial statements are as last amended by the City Commission. Appropriations lapse at year-end.

E. Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services, and are a common budgetary control device, used in conjunction with a formally integrated budget to insure that appropriations are not exceeded. Encumbrance accounting has not been employed in the financial records of the City.

F. Cash and Investments

As permitted by State statute and City ordinance, required reserves and funds held pending expenditures are invested in obligations of the U.S. Treasury as well as in certificates of deposit, savings accounts, insured money market accounts and/or NOW Accounts in the official City depository.

The City maintains a cash pool that is used to transact a substantial majority of cash transactions for all funds. Interest income earned by the cash pool is allocated monthly to funds based on relative balances (of positive accounts only) at month end.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

F. Cash and Investments (continued)

For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary and similar trust funds, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments are stated at cost which approximates fair value.

G. Receivables

Management provides an allowance for uncollectible receivables based on an estimate of the amounts that will ultimately be uncollectible.

H. Short-Term Inter-fund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet until such time as cash is transferred in payment of these accounts.

I. Inventories

Inventories of materials and supplies are maintained in the General Fund and are managed by the central stores department of the General Fund. The Water and Sewer System maintains an inventory of pipeline and related stores. These inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when requisitioned by the various funds and departments of the City (the consumption method).

J. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Deposits from consumers which are to be applied to customer accounts that become uncollectible or otherwise refunded upon termination of utility service are also classified as restricted assets. Other cash funds which have been designated for a particular use are also classified as restricted assets.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	10-50
Building improvements	10-50
Public domain infrastructure	20
System infrastructure	30-80
Vehicles and small equipment	5-30
Furniture and fixtures	7
Surface water supply contract	85

L. Compensated Absences

The City provides annual vacation leave of two to five weeks (depending upon years of service). Employees accumulate up to forty-five days of vacation which will be paid upon termination or retirement. Vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Employees are provided twelve days of sick leave per year. Sick leave accumulates up to ninety days, and is paid out at termination only upon qualified retirement. Sick pay is accrued in the government-wide, governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds only when a liability is matured, i.e. for those employees who have reached retirement age.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

M. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are deferred and amortized one reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount and unamortized bond issuance costs.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

N. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

O. Grants to Businesses

Grants to businesses are recognized as an expense when the Prior EDC makes a grant to a business that is, in substance, unconditional. Additionally, grants are considered unconditional if the chances of not meeting the specified conditions are remote.

Grants that are for reimbursement of expenses are not recorded by the Prior EDC as an expense until the recipient actually incurs a reimbursable expense.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND RESPONSIBILITY:

Other Individual Fund Disclosures

The following funds had an excess of expenses/expenditures over appropriations (exclusive of depreciation) for the year ended September 30, 2007:

Fund	Budgeted Expenditures	Actual Expenditures Excluding Depreciation	Excess of Actual Expenditures Over Budgeted Expenditures
Enterprise Funds: Leased Properties	42,200	57,705	15,505
Special Revenue: Controlled Substances M.K. Brown Auditorium	- 255,664	9,851 469,043	9,851 213,379

The Leased Properties Fund had higher utility and maintenance costs than what had been anticipated during the budget process.

The Controlled Substances Special Revenue Fund was not budgeted because expenditures were not anticipated for the year.

The M.K. Brown Auditorium Fund had more capital outlays for the year than what the City anticipated.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits and Investments

The **Public Funds Investment Act** (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the City to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the City to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the City to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The City is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Throughout the year, as permitted by State statute and the City Charter, required reserves and funds held pending expenditures were invested in either certificates of deposit or a Federal Home Loan Bank bond. At September 30, 2007 all of the City's investments, as shown below, are reflected at cost, which approximates fair value.

Policies Governing Deposits and Investments

In compliance with the **Public Funds Investment Act**, and to meet the reporting requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, the City has disclosed the following information:

Interest rate risk - This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City has adopted the following in response to interest rate risk:

- Structuring the investment portfolio so that investments mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell investments on the open market prior to maturity.
- Investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term investments.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued):

Policies Governing Deposits and Investments (continued)

Credit risk - This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City has adopted the following in response to mitigate its credit risk:

Limiting investments to the safest types of investments. The City's investment policy allows the following types of investments:

- •U.S. Government obligations, U.S. Government agency obligations, and U.S. Government instrumentality obligations.
- Certificates of deposit.
- Savings and Loan Association deposits.
- Investment-grade obligations of State, Provincial, and Local Governments and Public Authorities.
- Money market mutual funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and whose portfolios consist only of domestic securities.
- Statewide investment pools.

Concentration of credit risk - This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer. The City has adopted the following in response to its concentration of credit risk:

- •Investment will be diversified by security type and institution, unless the investment is fully collateralized.
- To the extent possible, the City will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the City will not directly invest in securities maturing more than 5 years from the date of purchase. The maximum average weighted maturity of the composite portfolio shall not exceed one year.
- •Reserve funds may be invested in investments exceeding 5 years if the maturity of such investments are made to coincide as nearly as practicable with the expected use of the funds.

Custodial credit risk - deposits - This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to the City. The City has a policy of requiring that all deposits are collateralized by either the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the "FDIC") or by pledged securities that are in the name of the City.

Custodial credit risk - investments - For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that is in the possession of an outside party. The City has adopted the following policies to address this risk:

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued):

Policies Governing Deposits and Investments (continued)

- Financial institutions must be approved by the City to sell investments to the City. The City has requirements that address minimum capital requirements as well as a minimum number of years the institution must have been in operation.
- •Financial institutions who desire to become a qualified bidder for the City must supply information to the City as required in the City's investment policies.
- •An annual review of all qualified bidders must be conducted by the Director of Finance of the City.
- All trades of investments, where applicable, will be executed by delivery vs. payment, which will help to ensure that securities are deposited in the eligible financial institution prior to the release of funds.
- Investments will be held by a third party custodian as evidence by safekeeping receipts.

Foreign currency risk - This is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The City is not exposed to foreign currency risk, as the City's investment policy prohibits the investment in foreign investments.

Investments Held

At September 30, 2007, the carrying amounts of the City's investments are shown below. The City did not invest in any other types of investments other than those shown below for the year ended September 30, 2007.

Primary Government	Credit Rating	Carrying Amount	 Fair Value	
Certificates of Deposit	N/A	\$	2,977,000	\$ 2,977,000
Federal Home Loan Bank bond Matures May, 2009	Moody's Aaa	\$	350,000	\$ 349,125

NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES:

Receivables as of year end for the government's individual major funds and non-major, internal service, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

									M.K. Brown				
				Special	Debt		Capital		Enterprise		Permanent		
Governmental activities:	_	General		Revenue	 Service		Projects		Funds		Fund		Total
Receivables:													
Property taxes	\$	329,504	\$	22,032	\$ 150,262	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	501,798
Other taxes		476,129		95,877	-		-	Ċ	-		-		572,006
Accounts		200,956		2,000	-		-		727,737		-		930,693
Grants from federal, state, and													-
local sources		99,857		-	-		-		-		-		99,857
Interest		8,727		-	8,476		54		8,188		5,163		30,608
CRMWA		-		-	-		-		153,269		-		153,269
Note receivable		-		41,664	 -		-		-		-		41,664
Total Receivables		1,115,173		161,573	158,738		54		889,194		5,163		2,329,895
Less Allowance for uncollectibles	_	156,730		10,322	 68,962		-		6,829		-		242,843
Total Net Receivables	\$	958,443	\$_	151,251	\$ 89,776	\$_	54	\$	882,365	\$	5,163	\$	2,087,052

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Property taxes are levied on October 1 and become delinquent after January 31. The taxes accrue interest beginning February 1. Current year property taxes are collected from the levy date October 1 through June 30, at which time the taxes are classified as delinquent and assessed penalties beginning July 1. The delinquent taxes receivable account represents past years uncollected tax levies. The allowance for estimated uncollectible amounts is 46.85% of the total delinquent taxes receivable at September 30, 2007. The City contracts with Gray County to perform the collection of its property taxes. The City's cost of this contract is accounted for in the general fund as a contractual service.

According to Article V, Section I of the City Charter, the maximum tax levy is \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation; any in excess of \$1.50 is limited to debt service. The combined tax rate of the 2006 tax roll for the 2006-2007 fiscal year was \$.6950 per \$100 of assessed valuation, of which \$.473271 was designated to finance general governmental services, \$.191729 was designated for debt service and \$.03 was for the maintenance and support of the Lovett Memorial Library. The resulting tax levy was \$3,100,752 on an assessed value of \$446,150,936 (after exemptions).

Notes receivable at September 30, 2007 consisted of loans made by the Prior EDC and the 4BEDC to various enterprises to enhance economic development for Pampa, Texas. The loans are further discussed in Note 19.

NOTE 5. RESTRICTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND RESERVES:

The Water and Sewer System Fund maintains the following separate accounts including accrued interest payable for revenue bond debt service and CRMWA debt service, unused revenue bond proceeds and consumer utility deposits:

	 Assets	 Liabilities	 Balances
Revenue bond debt service	\$ 469,287	\$ 379,759	\$ 89,528
CRMWA debt service	153,269	63,315	89,954
Construction and capital acquisition	980,365	-	980,365
Water and sewer utility deposits	 328,853	 328,853	 -
	\$ 1,931,774	\$ 771,927	\$ 1,159,847

The Water and Sewer System Fund construction and capital acquisition account relates to unexpended funds from three separate debt issues. \$1,480 relates to the 1999 Certificates of Obligation, \$9,518 relates to the 2001 Certificates of Obligation, and the remaining \$969,367 in the construction and capital acquisition account relates to the 2005 Certificates of Obligation. The 1999 issue is for the renovation of the water treatment plant and the painting of the elevated water storage tanks; the 2001 issue is for the renovation of the water treatment plant, and the 2005 issue is for improvements to the water and sewer system and for the purchase of machinery and equipment.

The CRMWA debt service account relates to cash transferred to CRMWA on a monthly basis and held by CRMWA until payment is due on the City's portion of the CRMWA debt.

The water consumer utility deposits from customers are applied to customer accounts that become uncollectible or are refunded upon termination of utility services.

The Solid Waste Management Fund maintains the following separate accounts including accrued interest payable for Certificates of Obligation debt service and unused certificate proceeds:

	 Assets	 Liabilities	 Balances
Certificates of obligation			
debt service	\$ 15,315	\$ 40,964	\$ (25,649)
Construction and capital acquisition	 129,452	 -	 129,452
	\$ 144,767	\$ 40,964	\$ 103,803

The net balances of these accounts of \$103,803 have been restricted in the net assets of the Solid Waste Management Fund. The construction and capital acquisition account relates to unexpended funds from the 1997 Certificates of Obligation issue.

NOTE 5. RESTRICTED ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND RESERVES (continued):

The City has a reserved fund balance in the general fund of \$856,583 relating to prepaid costs of \$39,004, inventory of \$40,864, and cash set aside by the City for specific projects of \$776,715. The City has a reserved fund balance of \$358,292 in the M. K. Brown Permanent Trust Fund because its use is restricted to providing future maintenance for the auditorium.

Sales,

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2007 was as follows:

Primary Government:

			Retirements,	
	Balance		and	Balance
Governmental activities:	Oct 1, 2006	Additions	Transfers	Sept. 30, 2007
Capital assets, not being depreciation	\$	\$	\$	\$
Land	202,699	8,150	-	210,849
Construction in progress	477,131	<u> </u>	475,716	1,415
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	679,830) 8,150	475,716	212,264
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Roads	17,907,624	403,133	-	18,310,757
Buildings and improvements	8,301,286	5 803,353	73,422	9,031,217
Vehicles and equipment	8,748,600		539,679	9,146,105
Total capital assets, being depreciated	34,957,516		613,101	36,488,079
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Roads	16,345,145	5 312,209	-	16,657,354
Buildings and improvements	4,085,169		66,080	4,261,877
Vehicles and equipment	6,006,209		509,273	6,017,916
Total accumulated depreciation	26,436,523		575,353	26,937,147
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	8,520,993	31,067,687	37,748	9,550,932
Total Governmental Activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 9,200,823	3 \$ 1,075,837	\$ 513,464	\$ 9,763,196

Construction in progress in the governmental activities consists of costs incurred related to park improvements.

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued):

Business-type activities:	Balance Oct 1, 2006	Additions	Sales, Retirements, Adjustments & Transfers	Balance Sept. 30, 2007
Capital assets, not being depreciation				
Land	\$ 698,372 \$	\$ 1.5	\$ -	\$ 698,373
Construction in progress	1,765	697,209	-	698,974
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	700,137	697,210		1,397,347
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Roads	215,295	-	-	215,295
Buildings and improvements	27,892,160	80,190	-	27,972,350
Vehicles and equipment	4,777,620	354,867	305,377	4,827,110
Water rights	4,384,700	-	-	4,384,700
Surface water supply contracts	5,419,278			5,419,278
Total capital assets, being depreciated	42,689,053	435,057	305,377	42,818,733
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Roads	140,854	8,974	-	149,828
Buildings and improvements	15,214,247	1,004,560	-	16,218,807
Vehicles and equipment	3,153,025	260,867	296,977	3,116,915
Water rights	114,166	89,414	-	203,580
Surface water supply contracts	2,422,732	63,756		2,486,488
Total accumulated depreciation	21,045,024	1,427,571	296,977	22,175,618
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	21,644,029	(992,514)	8,400	20,643,115
Total Business-type Activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 22,344,166 \$	\$ (295,304)	\$ 8,400	\$ 22,040,462

Construction in progress in the business-type activities consists of costs incurred related to improvements of the City's water and sewer system and landfill that were not complete as of 9/30/07.

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued):

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 310,514
Public safety	146,231
Streets and traffic	347,080
Solid waste management	54,917
Culture and recreation	 217,235
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,075,977
Business activities:	
Water and sewer	\$ 847,922
Solid waste management	486,753
Municipal golf course	63,847
Lease properties	 29,049
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 1,427,571

NOTE 7. LEASE OBLIGATIONS:

Capital Leases

The City has leased certain equipment under non-cancellable capital leases. The following summarizes the City's obligations under capital leases:

			Water &	Solid		Municipal
Year Ending	Ge	overnmental	Sewer	Waste		Golf
September 30,		Activities	 System	 Management		Course
2008	\$	31,480	\$ 17,192	\$ 206,052	\$	32,645
2009		31,480	17,192	202,332		12,644
2010		20,293	 17,192	 183,718	_	3,161
Total		83,253	51,576	592,102		48,450
Less: Amount representing interest at 3.72% to 5.2%		5,863	 4,075	 45,403	_	2,372
Present Value of Lease Payments	\$	77,390	\$ 47,501	\$ 546,699	\$_	46,078
The following summarizes the assets acquired under capital leases:						
Cost of equipment	\$	125,246	\$ 76,682	\$ 913,443	\$	155,461
Accumulated depreciation		36,225	 25,561	 243,198	_	76,227
Net leased equipment	\$	89,021	\$ 51,121	\$ 670,245	\$_	79,234

Operating Leases

The City is obligated under certain leases for office equipment which are accounted for as operating leases. Operating leases do not give rise to property rights or lease obligations, and therefore the assets being leased under the lease agreements are not reflected in the City's capital assets. The minimum lease payments under non-cancelable operating leases are:

Year Ending	General
<u>September 30,</u>	 Fund
2008	\$ 12,600
2009	 6,300
	\$ 18,900

Rental expenditures under all operating leases for the City have been recorded in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance in the amount of \$13,534.

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT:

General Obligation Bonds, Certificates of Obligation, and Revenue Bonds:

General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation are direct obligations and pledged by the full faith and credit of the City, and the principal thereof and interest thereon are typically payable from the proceeds of a continuing, direct annual ad valorem tax levied upon all taxable property within the City. Revenue Bonds also constitute direct obligations of the City, and are typically payable from an annual ad valorem tax levied against all taxable property in the City, and are secured by lien on and pledge of the surplus net revenues derived from the operation and ownership of the City's Waterworks and Sewer System or are secured by lien on and pledge of the surplus net revenues derived from the operation and ownership of the City's Solid Waste Collection and Disposal System, both of which are after payment of operation and maintenance expenses of these systems.

In January, 1997, the City issued \$4,315,000 of Tax and Solid Waste Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 1997, (the "1997 Obligations"), that were used for a new sanitary landfill, closing of an existing landfill site, purchasing equipment for various purposes, and for making renovations and improvements to various City assets. Proceeds from the 1997 Certificates were allocated between the General Fund, Water and Sewer Fund, and the Solid Waste Management Fund in the amounts of \$1,000,000, \$260,000, and \$3,055,000 respectively. The 1997 Obligations were paid in full during the year.

In December, 1999, the City issued \$2,470,000 of Tax and Waterworks and Sewer System Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 1999, (the "1999 Obligations"), that were used for improvements to the City's Waterworks and Sewer System. Up until the year ended September, 2004, the City serviced these 1999 Obligations from the surplus revenues of the Waterworks and Sewer System. During the year ended September 30, 2004, the City began servicing these 1999 Obligations from annual ad valorem taxes assessed on all of the taxable property within the City. To more properly account for the retirement of the remaining balance of these 1999 Obligations, the City transferred the outstanding balance of the 1999 Obligations out of the Water and Sewer Fund.

In October, 2001, the City issued \$2,848,931 of Tax and Waterworks and Sewer System Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2001, (the "2001 Obligations"), that were used for improvements and renovations to the City's Waterworks and Sewer System and to improve and renovate portions of the City's streets. Proceeds from the 2001 Obligations were allocated between the General Fund and the Water and Sewer Fund in the amounts of \$400,000 and \$2,448,931 respectively.

In October 2001, the City also issued \$2,775,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bond Series 2001, (the "2001 Refunding Bonds") that were used by the City to provide funds for the discharge and final payment of \$2,640,000 of the City's General Obligation Bonds, Series 1992, (the "1992 Bonds"). Cash and securities sufficient to fund the 1992 Bonds were transferred into an irrevocable trust, and therefore, an insubstance defeasance of these obligations occurred. Accordingly, the 1992 Bonds are no longer reflected in the City's financial statements. The 1992 Bonds have subsequently been paid by the fiscal agent and no longer remain outstanding.

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued):

General Obligation Bonds, Certificates of Obligation, and Revenue Bonds (continued):

In October, 2002, the City issued \$1,955,000 of Tax and Waterworks and Sewer System Surplus Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2002, (the "2002 Refunding Bonds") that were used by the City to provide funds for the payment of \$2,335,000 of the City's Waterworks and Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1992, (the "1992 Refunding Bonds"). Cash and securities sufficient to fund the 2003 through 2010 maturities of the 1992 Refunding Bonds were transferred into an irrevocable trust, and therefore, an insubstance defeasance of these bonds occurred. Accordingly, the 1992 Refunding Bonds are no longer reflected in the City's financial statements. The 1992 Bonds have subsequently been paid by the fiscal agent and no longer remain outstanding.

In October, 2005, the City issued \$2,180,000 of Tax and Waterworks and Sewer System Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2005, (the "2005 Obligations"), that were used for improvements and renovations to the City's Waterworks and Sewer System, to purchase machinery and equipment for the water and sewer, street and public safety departments, and to add improvements to the M.K. Brown auditorium. Proceeds from the 2005 Obligations were allocated between the General Fund, the M.K. Brown Special Revenue Fund and the Water and Sewer Fund in the amounts of \$150,000, \$300,000 and \$1,730,000 respectively.

In October 2005, the City also issued \$3,280,000 of Tax and Waterworks and Sewer System Surplus Revenue Refunding Bonds, (the "2005 Refunding Bonds") that were used by the City to provide funds for the discharge and final payment of \$1,560,000 of the City's Tax and Solid Waste Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 1997, and \$1,625,000 of the City's Tax and Waterworks and Sewer System Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 1999. Cash and securities sufficient to fund the 1997 Obligations and the 1999 Obligations were transferred into an irrevocable trust, and therefore, an in-substance defeasance of these obligations occurred. Accordingly, the portion of the 1997 Obligations and the 1999 Obligations refunded are no longer reflected in the City's financial statements. The 1997 Obligations have subsequently been paid by the fiscal agent and no longer remain outstanding.

The 2005 Refunding Bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 3.5% to 4.0% payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The 1997 Obligations being refunded were the 2008 through the 2017 maturities, with interest rates ranging from 5.0% to 5.5%. The 1999 Obligations being refunded were the 2011 through the 2020 maturities, with interest rates ranging from 5.2% to 5.7%. As a result of the advance refunding, the City reduced its total general obligation debt service requirements by \$8,784, which resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$144,695, which was recognized in the prior year.

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued):

General Obligation Bonds, Certificates of Obligation, and Revenue Bonds (continued):

Governmental Activities general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation outstanding at year end that are currently being serviced with tax revenues are as follows:

	Interest Rates	Maturity Date	Amount Outstanding
1999 certificates of obligation,			
callable at par beginning			
June 1, 2010	5.50% - 7.00%	2010	\$ 340,000
2001 general obligation refunding,			
callable at par beginning			
June 1, 2011	3.50% - 4.00%	2012	1,525,000
2001 certificates of obligation,			
callable at par beginning			
June 1, 2011	3.50% - 4.00%	2011	238,560
2005 certificates of obligation,			
not subject to redemption prior			
to maturity	3.50% - 4.00%	2016	450,000
2005 revenue refunding bonds,			
callable at par beginning			
June 1, 2016	3.50% - 4.00%	2016	2,070,950
			\$ 4,624,510

Interest is payable semi-annually at various dates for the respective issues. The City is required by the bond covenants to maintain a sinking fund sufficient to pay each annual installment of principal as it becomes due together with the current interest thereon. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for Governmental Activities general obligation debt are as follows:

otal	<u> </u>		Interest	 Principal	 September 30
634,687	\$)	107,689	\$ 526,998	\$ 2008
622,922		1	87,304	535,618	2009
503,030)	62,550	440,480	2010
489,381)	105,869	383,512	2011
489,059		7	90,847	398,212	2012
432,841	1,	L	278,151	1,154,690	2013 - 2017
282,900	1,)	97,900	 1,185,000	 2018 - 2022
•	\$ <u> </u>) 5	830,310	\$ 4,624,510	\$

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued):

General Obligation Bonds, Certificates of Obligation, and Revenue Bonds (continued):

Business-Type Activities revenue bonds and certificates of obligation outstanding at year end that are currently being serviced with surplus net revenues from the City's Waterworks and Sewer System or the City's Solid Waste Collection and Disposition System are as follows:

	Interest Rates	Maturity Date	Amount Outstanding
2001 certificates of obligation,			
callable at par beginning			
June 1, 2011	3.50% - 4.00%	2015	\$ 2,285,371
2002 revenue refunding bonds			
not subject to redemption prior			
to maturity	3.00%	2008	185,000
2005 certificates of obligation,			
not subject to redemption prior			
to maturity	3.50% - 4.00%	2016	1,730,000
2005 revenue refunding bonds,			
callable at par beginning			
June 1, 2016	3.50% - 4.00%	2016	 1,209,050
			\$ 5,409,421

Interest is payable semi-annually at various dates for the respective issues. The Business-Type Activities revenue bonds and certificate of obligations currently being serviced by net surplus revenues service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal year ending				
September 30	 Principal	 Interest	_	Total
2008	\$ 383,002	\$ 271,556	\$	654,558
2009	409,378	254,721		664,099
2010	544,518	241,993		786,511
2011	621,486	158,329		779,815
2012	436,608	344,230		780,838
2013 - 2017	 3,014,429	 1,064,044	_	4,078,473
	\$ 5,409,421	\$ 2,334,873	\$_	7,744,294

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued):

Canadian River Municipal Water Authority Obligations:

Dam and Aqueduct System Obligation. The City entered into a contract with CRMWA to reimburse it for a portion of the cost of the Canadian River Dam and Aqueduct System, completed in 1968, in exchange for surface water rights. The City's allocation of the project cost was \$5,419,278 plus interest at 2.632% per annum, which was being paid over a period of 50 years that began in 1969. On October 29, 1999, CRMWA was allowed to prepay its debt to the United States Bureau of Reclamation at a reduced amount by an act of Congress. This resulted in a reduction of the City's debt to CRMWA of \$1,461,084 which was recorded as contributed capital in previous years in the water and sewer fund. The balance owed to CRMWA on the new contract at September 30, 2007, excluding interest, was \$1,222,780. The terms of the contract specify that these payments are to be made solely out of the water system revenues and are not a general obligation of the City. For further explanation of this relationship, see Note 11.

Conjunctive Use Groundwater Project Obligation. The City entered into a contract with CRMWA to reimburse it for a portion of the cost of acquiring water rights on 42,765 acres of land in Hutchinson and Roberts counties in the Texas Panhandle, developing a well field of 29 wells to produce underground water from these water rights, and constructing an aqueduct from these wells to the existing aqueduct. This project will allow for the blending of underground water with Lake Meredith water to produce a higher quality water supply.

In 1999 CRMWA issued debt to refund the 1996 debt that was used to purchase water rights and to provide funding for the completions of the conjunctive use groundwater project. The City is obligated to CRMWA for their portion of the project. The original portion of the 1999 debt that the City is obligated for was \$2,353,354. During the year ended September 30, 2005, a portion of this debt was refunded by the issuance of new debt, as described below. The balance of this obligation at September 30, 2007 is \$449,286. This is a twenty-year debt with interest at 3.8% to 5.75%. The terms of the contract specify that these payments are to be made solely out of the water system revenues and are not a general obligation of the City.

During the year ended September 30, 2005, CRMWA issued new debt, the Canadian River Municipal Water Authority Contract Revenue Bonds, Series 2005 for the purpose of acquiring additional water rights for its member cities. Each of the member cities has a proportional interest in the debt, with the City's portion of the debt issuance being \$1,725,438, which is 5.720% of the total. The bonds were issued at a premium, with the City's portion being \$116,869, which along with issuance costs of \$22,136, are being amortized by the City over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. The balance of the bonds as of September 30, 2007 was \$1,725,438.

Also during the year ended September 30, 2005, CRMWA issued the Canadian River Municipal Water Authority Contract Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2005, (the "2005 Refunding Bonds") to refund a portion of the 2010 through 2020 maturities of the Canadian River Municipal Water Authority Contract Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 1999, (the "1999 Refunding Bonds"), in order to achieve debt service savings and to pay costs related to the issuance of the bonds. The 2005 Refunding Bonds bear interest at a rate of 3% to 5%, payable beginning in 2006 through 2020. The City's portion of the 2005

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued):

Canadian River Municipal Water Authority Obligations (continued):

Refunding Bonds was 4.455%, which amounted to \$1,258,983. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$99,701 to the City, which along with issuance costs of \$17,121 are being amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. The City's portion of the amount contributed by CRMWA to advance refund the debt was \$24,503. The net difference in the carrying amount of the refunded debt and the newly issued debt was a loss of \$115,594, which is also being amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Cash and securities sufficient to fund the 1999 Refunding Bonds have been transferred into an irrevocable trust, and therefore, an in-substance defeasance of these obligations has occurred. Accordingly, the 1999 Refunding Bonds that were advance refunded are no longer reflected on the City's financial statements. This advance refunding resulted in a reduction of future debt service payments to the City of \$84,305, and resulted in an economic gain of \$67,083. The balance of the 2005 refunding bonds as of September 30, 2007 was \$1,255,419.

During the year ended September 30, 2006, CRMWA issued new debt, the Canadian River Municipal Water Authority Contract Revenue Bonds, Series 2006 (the "2006 Revenue Bonds) for the purpose of acquiring additional water rights for its member cities. Each of the member cities has a proportional interest in the debt, with the City's portion of the debt issuance being \$1,804,488, which is 3.677% of the total. The bonds were issued at a premium, with the City's portion being \$68,316, which along with issuance costs of \$34,303, are being amortized by the City over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. The balance of the 2006 Revenue Bonds as of September 30, 2007 was \$1,804,488.

Lake Meredith Salinity Control Project. The City entered into a contract with CRMWA to reimburse it for a portion of the cost of a salinity control project for Lake Meredith water. The City's original portion of this project is \$275,758 plus interest at 3.20% to 4.40% per annum. This debt is payable over a 10 year period. The balance of this obligation at September 30, 2007 is \$95,114. The terms of the contract specify that these payments are to be made solely out of the water system revenues and are not a general obligation of the City. For further explanation of this relationship, see Note 11.

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued):

Canadian River Municipal Water Authority Obligations (continued):

The following is a summary of the Business-Type Activities CRMWA long term debt maturities:

 Principal		Interest	_	Total
\$ 284,199	\$	318,546	\$	602,745
296,988		305,628		602,616
310,669		291,931		602,600
289,874		278,792		568,666
303,199		265,429		568,628
1,771,842		1,090,178		2,862,020
1,754,362		623,791		2,378,153
 1,541,392		151,881	_	1,693,273
\$ 6,552,525	\$	3,326,176	\$_	9,878,701
_	\$ 284,199 296,988 310,669 289,874 303,199 1,771,842 1,754,362 1,541,392	\$ 284,199 \$ 296,988 310,669 289,874 303,199 1,771,842 1,754,362 1,541,392	\$ 284,199 \$ 318,546 296,988 305,628 310,669 291,931 289,874 278,792 303,199 265,429 1,771,842 1,090,178 1,754,362 623,791 1,541,392 151,881	\$ 284,199 \$ 318,546 \$ 296,988 305,628 305,628 310,669 291,931 289,874 278,792 303,199 265,429 1,771,842 1,090,178 1,754,362 623,791 1,541,392 151,881

As discussed above as CRMWA issues Revenue Bonds in its name for the various stages of the project each member city will be obligated to CRMWA for their portion of the bond. This obligation will be payable over a 20 year life plus interest. At September 30, 2007, the estimated additional cost to the City is \$0 based on current available data.

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued):

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2007 was as follows:

Governmental activities:	_	Balance October 1, 2006	Additions		Reductions	 Balance September 30, 2007	Due Within One Year
Bonds payable: General obligation bonds	\$	5,228,435 \$	-	\$	603,925	\$ 4,624,510 \$	526,998
Add: Unamortized bond premiums		100,016	-		-	100,016	-
Less: Deferred gain (loss) on refunding		(439,394)	-		-	(439,394)	-
Less: Unamortized bond issuance costs		(82,680)	-		(1,698)	(80,982)	-
Capital leases		104,347	-		26,957	77,390	28,233
Compensated absences	_	374,740	395,473		374,740	 395,473	103,321
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$_	5,285,464 \$	395,473	\$_	1,003,924	\$ 4,677,013 \$	658,552
Business type activities:							
Bonds payable: Revenue bonds and Certificates of obligation	\$	6,060,496 \$	-	\$	651,075	\$ 5,409,421 \$	383,002
CRMWA obligations		6,770,570	-		218,045	6,552,525	284,199
Add: Unamortized bond premiums		437,932	-		45,650	392,282	-
Less: Deferred gain (loss) on refunding		149,140	-		24,490	124,650	-
Less: Unamortized bond issuance costs	_	(212,958)	-	. <u>-</u>	(28,361)	 (184,597)	-
Total bonds payable		13,205,180	-		910,899	12,294,281	667,201
Landfill closure liability		1,551,021	68,946		-	1,619,967	-
Capital leases		859,829	-		219,551	640,278	229,086
Compensated absences	_	48,856	63,859		48,856	 63,859	50,662
Total business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$_	15,664,886 \$	132,805	\$ -	1,179,306	\$ 14,618,385 \$	946,949

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued):

In prior years, compensated absences have been typically liquidated by the General Fund for governmental activities and by the Proprietary Fund in which the liability has been incurred for all business activities. The City does not anticipate any changes in the future for liquidation of these types of liabilities from how they have been liquidated in the past.

NOTE 9. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS:

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2007, is as follows:

Receivable Fund		Water and Sewer	 Solid Waste	Total
General Fund	\$	417	\$ - \$	417
M.K. Brown Auditorium		6,474	-	6,474
Debt Service	_	31,532	 5,490	37,022
	\$	38,423	\$ 5,490	43,913

Pavable Fund

Outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) inter-fund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Inter-fund transfers:

Governmental activities:	 General	 Debt Service	 M.K. Brown Auditorium	_	Lovett Library	 Municipal Golf Course	Leased Properties	 M.K. Brown Auditorium Permanent Fund	_	Total
Transfers out:										
General fund	\$ -	\$ 51,622	\$ 135,840	\$	284,721	\$ 129,590	\$ 74,906	\$ 5,074	\$	681,753
M.K Brown Auditorium										
Permanent fund	-	-	17,500		-	-	-	-		17,500
Water and Sewer fund	 35,150	 -	 	_	-	 -	-	 -	_	35,150
Total	\$ 35,150	\$ 51,622	\$ 153,340	\$	284,721	\$ 129,590	\$ 74,906	\$ 5,074	\$	734,403

Inter-fund transfers were done in order to supplement the operations of the Lovett Memorial Library, M.K. Brown Auditorium, the Municipal Golf Course, and Leased Properties; to transfer funds in order to fund debt service payments; and to transfer funds to clear out inter-fund receivables and payables between various funds.

NOTE 10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

At September 30, 2007, the Prior PEDC had the following commitments and contingencies:

On July 6, 2000 the Prior EDC approved a grant based on employment for a business that relocated to Pampa, Texas. The grant is for an eight year period beginning January 1, 2001. Prior EDC is to make quarterly payments to the business of \$10,000 per quarter for the first forty employees and an additional \$250 per quarter per employee for the next ten employees and an additional \$125 per quarter per employees over the first fifty. During the year ended September 30, 2007, the business receiving the grant did not meet the minimum employment requirements of the grant; consequently, no grant payments were made to the business during the year. In addition, the City does not expect the business to meet the minimum employment requirements for the remainder of the grant period. As a result, the anticipated grant payments for the remainder of the grant are zero.

At September 30, 2007, the 4BEDC had the following commitments and contingencies:

On March 5, 2007, the 4BEDC approved a grant based on employment for a business that relocated to Pampa, Texas. The grant is for a three year period beginning October 1, 2006 through September 30, 2009. The maximum amount of the grant has been set at \$141,000. For the initial six month period of the grant, the 4BEDC is to make a grant payment based upon eligible hours worked by the business's employees. The formula used is total eligible employee hours divided by a factor of 1,040 hours multiplied by \$3,000. For each subsequent six month period, the 4BEDC is to make a grant payment to the business using a formula of total eligible employee hours for the six month period ended in excess of the highest number of eligible employee hours during any prior reporting period divided by 1,040 hours multiplied by \$3,000. For any subsequent six month period after the initial six month period, if the number of eligible employee hours does not exceed the highest number of eligible hours for any previous reporting period, no grant payment is due. To date, the business has only employed contract employees, which are not allowable under the grant agreement. Management of the 4BEDC believes the likelihood of the business using the grant is remote unless the business hires employees that are eligible under the terms of the grant.

On August 10, 2007, the 4BEDC entered into a loan agreement with a limited partnership whereby the 4BEDC will loan the limited partnership funds to be used to help finance the construction of 76 single-family rental units in the City. Under the terms of the agreement, the 4BEDC has agreed to loan up to \$525,000 for a term of two years at an interest rate of 4.5%. The loan proceeds will be advanced to the limited partnership upon certification by the Gray County Appraisal District that at least 80% of the proposed improvements upon the property have been completed. The limited partnership has an option to extend the term of the loan agreement for an additional six month period upon notice to the 4BEDC. The loan agreement will be secured by a Deed of Trust on the property to be constructed. As of September 30, 2007, no funds had been advanced to the limited partnership, as construction on the facilities was still in process. Management of the 4BEDC has been notified by the management of the limited partnership that the loan funds will probably not be utilized.

NOTE 10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued):

During the year ended September 30, 2007, the 4BEDC approved a \$9,000 grant to be paid to the City for 5 entrance signs to be placed at various locations in the City. As of September 30, 2007, no disbursements had been made under this grant, as construction of the signs was still pending. It is anticipated the funds will be disbursed to the City in February, 2008.

NOTE 11. SURFACE WATER SUPPLY CONTRACT:

The City's water is supplied by a series of underground wells and surface water purchased from CRMWA. As discussed in Note 1, CRMWA is a water district created in 1953 by the State of Texas to construct and operate a dam, water reservoir, and aqueduct system to supply water to surrounding municipalities. Prior to construction, the municipalities contracted to purchase surface water and were allotted a portion of the water rights and construction costs. The debt related to these rights is owed to the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation and the City's share is reported as long-term debt within the Water and Sewer System enterprise fund. According to the terms of the contract, payments are to be made solely out of water system revenues and are not a general obligation of the City. The City's rights under this arrangement are recorded in the same fund as part of the utility plant and are being amortized over 85 years, which is the estimated useful life of the major facilities, including the water basin. The City sells part of its rights under the contract to other member cities, as allowed under the contract, and records the revenue in the water and sewer system fund.

NOTE 12. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

Plan Description

The City provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), one of 821 municipalities currently administered by TMRS, an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. Each of the 821 municipalities has an annual, individual actuarial valuation performed. All assumptions for the December 31, 2006 valuations are contained in the 2006 TMRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, a copy of which may be obtained by contacting TMRS at Post Office Box 149153, Austin, Texas 78714-9153.

Benefits depend upon the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and the Cityfinanced monetary credits, with interest. At the date the plan began, the City granted monetary credits for service rendered before the plan began of a theoretical amount equal to two times what would have been contributed by the employee, with interest, prior to establishment of the plan. Monetary credits for service since the plan began are a percent (100%, 150%, or 200%) of the employee's accumulated contributions. In addition, the City can grant as often as annually another type of monetary credit referred to as an updated service credit which is a theoretical amount which, when added to the employee's accumulated contributions and the monetary credits for service since the plan began, would be the total monetary credits and employee contributions accumulated with interest if the current employee contribution rate and City matching percent had always been in existence and if the employee's salary had always been the average of his salary in the last three years that are one year before the effective date. At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employees' accumulated contributions with interest and the employerfinanced monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity.

NOTE 12. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (continued):

Plan Description (continued)

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS and within the actuarial constraints also in the statutes. Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 5 or more years of service or with 20 or more years of service regardless of age. A member is vested after 5 years. The contribution rate for the employees is 5%, and the City matching ratio is currently 2 to 1, both as adopted by the governing body of the City.

Contributions

Under the State law governing TMRS, the actuary annually determines the City contribution rate. This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service contribution rate, both of which are calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate finances the currently accruing monetary credits due to the City matching percent, which are the obligation of the City as of an employee's retirement date, not at the time the employee's contributions are made. The normal cost contribution rate is the actuarially determined percent of payroll necessary to satisfy the obligation of the City to each employee at the time his/her retirement becomes effective. The prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (over-funded) actuarial liability (asset) over the remainder of the plan's 25-year amortization period. The unit credit actuarial cost method is used for determining the City contribution rate. Both the employees and the City make contributions monthly. Since the City needs to know its contribution rate in advance to budget for it, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that is the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect (i.e. December 31, 2006 valuation is effective for rates beginning January, 2008).

Fiscal year	9/30/07	_	9/30/06	• •	9/30/05
Total payroll	\$ 5,229,614	\$_	4,960,739	\$	4,604,369
Covered payroll	\$ 5,056,611	\$_	4,801,105	\$	4,417,778
Employees contributions (5%)	\$ 252,831	\$_	240,055	\$	220,889
City's contributions	\$ 712,738	\$_	685,522	\$	652,221

The City's fiscal year payroll and contribution information:

NOTE 12. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (continued):

Contributions (continued)

	Calendar Year 2006	Calendar Year 2005	Calendar Year 2004					
Actuarial determined contribution rates:								
Percentage to cover normal costs of the plan	5.98%	6.19%	6.46%					
Percentage to cover the amortization of any unfunded actuarial liability	8.25%	8.22%	7.83%					
Total contribution rate	14.23%	14.41%	14.29%					
Schedule of Actuarial Liabilities and Funding Progress:								
Actuarial valuation date	12/31/06	12/31/05	12/31/04					
A stuarial value of assata	¢ 9577667 ¢	0 050 675 ¢	0 521 102					

Actuarial value of assets	\$_	8,572,667	\$	8,850,675	\$	9,521,192
Actuarial accrued liability	\$_	15,389,182	\$	15,222,288	\$	15,618,041
Percentage funded	=	55.71%	- =	58.14%	: =	60.96%
Unfunded (over-funded) actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$_	6,816,515	\$_	6,371,613	\$	6,096,849
Annual covered payroll	\$_	4,756,521	\$	4,450,556	\$	4,058,618
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	_	143.31%	: =	143.16%	. =	150.22%
Net pension obligation (NPO) at beginning of period	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Annual pension cost: Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on NPO Adjustment to the ARC	_	712,738	. –	685,522 - -	. <u>-</u>	652,221 - -
Contributions made Increase in NPO		712,738		685,522		652,221
NPO at the end of the period	\$_		\$		\$	

NOTE 12. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (continued):

Contributions (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

	Calendar	Calendar	Calendar
	Year 2006	Year 2005	Year 2004
Actuarial cost method	Unit Credit	Unit Credit	Unit Credit
Amortization method	Level Percent	Level Percent	Level Percent
Remaining amortization period	25 years - open	25 years - open	25 years - open
Asset valuation method	Amortized	Amortized	Amortized
Investment rate of return	7%	7%	7%
Projected salary increases	None	None	None
Includes inflation at	3.5%	3.5%	None
Cost-of-living adjustments	None	None	None

NOTE 13. PRIOR YEAR DEFEASANCE OF DEBT:

In prior years, the City defeased certain general obligation bonds by purchasing government securities with proceeds from the new bonds and placing them in an irrevocable trust to provide all future debt service payments on the old bond issue together with legal, escrow and paying agent fees. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements.

As of September 30, 2007, the amount of general obligation defeased debt outstanding but removed from the City's financial statements amounted to \$1,625,000, which was the 1999 Obligations. It is anticipated that the 1999 Obligations will be redeemed on June 1, 2010.

NOTE 14. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT DISCLOSURES:

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 12, the City provides post-employment health care benefits, in accordance with the City's Health Benefits Plan, to all employees who retire at age 55 or older with a minimum 15 years of service or to an employee who retires at any age and has had a minimum of 25 years of service. As of September 30, 2007, 26 retirees meet those eligibility requirements. The City is also required to provide health insurance coverage to employees who are separated from service (other than retirement) under the provisions of the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA). Under COBRA an employee has coverage on himself and dependents for up to eighteen months and dependents only that lose coverage due to separation of employee from service up to thirty-six months. Those employees who separate from the City while disabled are covered for up to twenty-nine months under the COBRA provisions. As of September 30, 2007, one former employee was covered under the COBRA provisions.

NOTE 14. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT DISCLOSURES (continued):

The City finances the post-employment health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Participants who receive post-employment benefits are required to pay 100% of the premiums for themselves and dependent coverage based on rates set by the City. To help ease the burden of providing these benefits to retirees, the City has adopted a policy where retirees eligible for Medicare are provided a Medicare supplement insurance policy in place of the previous coverage. The costs of these benefits for the fiscal year are:

			Retiree	Net Cost
	Ex	penditures	<u>Reimbursements</u>	to City
Retirees	\$	71,778	\$42,098	\$ 29,680

NOTE 15. RISK MANAGEMENT:

The City's risk management activities consist of administering employee life, health, property and liability insurance, worker's compensation and unemployment and disability insurance programs. All risk management activities are managed by the general fund except the City's self-insured dental insurance program, which is accounted for in an internal service fund.

All risk management programs of the general fund with inherent risk of significant loss are covered by commercial insurance funded through general fund operations. There have not been any settlements in excess of commercial insurance coverage for the current fiscal year or in any of the past three fiscal years. On October 1, 1993, the City converted workers' compensation exposure from self-insured back to fully insured. Exposure to prior claims under the self-insured program has been significantly reduced in the current year and prior years.

Beginning October 1, 2004, the City began contracting with Blue Cross Blue Shield to provide health insurance benefits for its employees. Under the terms of the contract, the City's liability is limited to the monthly premiums for its employees. For employees electing the standard plan option, the City pays 100% of the employee's premium. For employees choosing the health insurance plan with increased benefits, the employee is liable for the difference between the higher plan and the standard plan. Employees must also pay 100% of the premiums for dependent coverage.

Prior to August 1, 1996, the City self-insured its employees, and their covered dependents for health benefits.

The City self-insures its employees and their covered dependents for dental benefits under an "administrative services" contract with an independent insurance company. Dental benefits are fully self-insured with a \$1,000 per year, per individual limit on benefits.

NOTE 15. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued):

Premiums paid by employees and the City for dental coverage are recorded as revenues (charges for services) in the internal service fund. Benefit disbursements and claims are recorded as expenses. The City records an estimated claims liability for dental claims and workers' compensation claims against the City. The accrued liability for estimated claims is based on estimates of the eventual loss on claims arising and reported prior to year end, and an estimate of claims incurred but not reported based on historical experience.

In previous years the City had recorded liabilities for anticipated claims resulting from its self-insured worker's compensation plan that is no longer in existence. During 2004, the City's management determined these estimated liabilities are no longer owed by the City. Consequently, these liabilities were written off in prior years.

Unpaid claims liabilities are recorded in the general fund for worker's compensation claims and in the dental benefit internal service fund for dental care claims. The following represents the changes in estimated aggregate liabilities for the City from October 1, 2005 to September 30,2007:

	_	Dental Benefits
Liability balance, October 1, 2005	\$	2,000
Claims and changes in estimates		58,039
Claims payments		(54,548)
Liability balance, September 30, 2006		5,491
Claims and changes in estimates		45,517
Claims payments		(47,168)
Liability balance, September 30, 2007	\$_	3,840

NOTE 16. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN:

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

The City funds all amounts of compensation deferred under the Plan, at the direction of the covered employee, through various types of funds concentrating on investments in growth stocks, bonds, fixed rate securities, etc. as underwritten by the International City Manager Association (ICMA) Retirement Corporation, or by Hartford.

NOTE 16. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (continued):

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) held in trust by ICMA or Hartford for the exclusive benefit of the participating employees and are not accessible by the City or its creditors.

Since the assets are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participating employees and not the City or its general creditors, none of the assets are reported in the City's financial statements, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 32.

NOTE 17. LANDFILL PERMIT:

The City was approved for additional permitting for the City's landfill with the State of Texas on December 29, 1995. The additional permitting should increase capacity of the City's landfill to a level which will meet the needs of the City well into the 21st century. The City has incurred costs to date to obtain the permit of \$690,786. On October 8, 1998 the new landfill opened and the City began to amortize the costs as a charge to operations based on an estimate of capacity used to total capacity of the new landfill. The estimated usage to date is 8.3669%, resulting in \$57,797 of permit costs being amortized through September 30, 2007.

NOTE 18. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COST AND RELATED FINANCIAL ASSURANCE:

In response to criteria adopted by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency which established closure requirements for all municipal solid waste landfills that receive solid waste after October 9, 1993, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 18 "Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post-closure Care Costs." New state and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its existing landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the new GASB Statement 18 requires the City to report a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as an operating expense in each period the landfill is open based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date.

The City has estimated the total current closure and post-closure care costs of the old landfill to be \$1,417,494 and has accrued this amount of closure and post-closure care costs as of September 30, 2007 based on an estimated 100 percent cumulative use of the landfill. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care in 2007. The City expects to close the landfill in the near future. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The City has estimated the total closure and post-closure care costs of the new landfill to be \$2,419,931. As of September 30, 2007, the City has estimated that 8.3669% of the landfill capacity has been used. Accordingly, a landfill closure liability in the amount of \$202,473 has been recorded.

NOTE 18. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COST AND RELATED FINANCIAL ASSURANCE (continued):

The City is required by state and federal laws and regulations to meet certain financial responsibility requirements in connection with the City's exposure to liability for the closure and post-closure care costs. The City has elected to meet financial assurance responsibility by complying with one option called the Local Government Financial Test and Government Guarantee. To meet this test the City must satisfy three components:

- 1) To meet specific ratio or bond rating criteria.
- 2) Public notice of the financial assurance costs.
- 3) Record keeping and reporting requirements.

The City has met the financial component (1) listed above by maintaining an "A" bond rating on its general obligation bonds and having a ratio of current estimated closure and post-closure costs as compared to total revenue of less than or equal to .43. The financial assurance costs required by the State of Texas to be identified and reported in the accompanying financial statements have been obtained by Emcon, Inc. of Fort Worth, Texas (environmental engineers) and can be summarized as follows:

	_	Cost Estimate				
		Old		New		
Type of Expenditure		Landfill		Landfill		Total
Closure costs	\$	804,526	\$	390,637	\$	1,195,163
Post-closure care costs	_	612,968	_	2,029,294	_	2,642,262
	\$	1,417,494	\$	2,419,931	\$	3,837,425

The City's financial ratio is as follows:

Total closure and post-closure costs	3,837,425 =	0.1987
Total City revenue	19,313,534	

The public notice component (2) listed above has been met by the City through disclosure in this footnote of the required financial assurance costs and related information. The record keeping and reporting component (3) listed above will be met through submittal to the State of Texas of required documentation including:

- 1) A letter signed by the City's chief financial officer which certifies that the City has met the conditions of the test.
- 2) Copy of the City's independently audited year-end financial statements.
- 3) A special report from the independent certified public accountant.

NOTE 19. NOTES RECEIVABLE:

In November, 1997, the Prior EDC had entered into a loan agreement with an individual to loan the individual a sum of \$100,000, payable in monthly installments of principal with interest at 5%. In August, 1998, the loan was extended, with principal and interest at 5% being payable in monthly installments of \$755. As of September 30, 2007, the outstanding balance of the loan was \$41,664. Based upon the terms of the note, the loan is expected to be repaid to the Prior EDC as follows:

Fiscal year ending				
September 30		Principal	 Interest	 Total
2008	\$	7,142	\$ 1,921	\$ 9,063
2009		7,508	1,555	9,063
2010		7,892	1,171	9,063
2011		8,296	767	9,063
2012		8,720	343	9,063
2013		2,106	 14	 2,120
	\$_	41,664	\$ 5,771	\$ 47,435

On May 1, 2007, the 4BEDC entered into a loan agreement with a limited liability company (the "LLC"). Under the terms of the note agreement, the 4BEDC has loaned the LLC \$75,000 at an interest rate of 9.25%. Payments on the note began on June 1, 2007, and are to be paid monthly in the amount of \$2,988 until September 30, 2009 at which time the entire amount of principal and accrued, unpaid interest are due. As of September 30, 2007, the unpaid principal portion of the note was \$65,247. Based upon the terms of the note, the loan is expected to be repaid to the 4BEDC as follows:

Fiscal year ending September 30	_	Principal	Interest	-	Total
2008	\$	31,121	\$ 4,738	\$	35,859
2009	_	34,126	 1,734		35,860
	\$_	65,247	\$ 6,472	\$	71,719

NOTE 20. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

During December, 2007, the City and the 4BEDC entered into an agreement whereby the 4BEDC agreed to match up to \$50,000 of the City's contributions for the purchase, shipment, and installation of a marquee sign to be erected in the general vicinity of the M.K. Brown Auditorium. Under the terms of the agreement, the City and the 4BEDC agreed to the joint use of the sign, with ownership residing with the City. The agreement is expected to be funded on or after February 11, 2008.

NOTE 20. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (continued):

On March 1, 2008, the City issued Tax and Waterworks and Sewer System Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2008, (the "2008 Obligations"). Proceeds from the sale of the 2008 Obligations will be used for the purpose of paying contractual obligations to be incurred for (a) the construction of public works, which includes: (1) System improvements and extensions, (2) street improvements, (3) park improvements, (4) golf course improvements and (5) constructing and equipping police facilities, including a crime scene building and (b) costs of issuance and professional services rendered in relation to such projects. Interest on the 2008 Obligations will be from 3.5 to 4.0%, with maturities ranging from 2009 to 2021. The City expects to finance the debt service requirements of the 2008 Obligations from an annual ad valorem tax levied against all taxable property in the City, and is further secured by a pledge of the net revenues derived from the operation of the City's Waterworks and Sewer System. After paying closing costs, issuance fees, etc. the City has estimated the net proceeds available to be approximately \$2,100,000. Of the net proceeds, the City anticipates using approximately \$315,000 for governmental activities, and the remaining \$1,785,000 for business-type activities. Based upon these facts, the City anticipates the following total debt service requirements after the 2008 Obligations have been issued:

Fiscal year ending	D · · · I	.	T ()
September 30	 Principal	Interest	 Total
2008	\$ 526,998	\$ 107,689	\$ 634,687
2009	541,618	103,048	644,666
2010	446,480	74,936	521,416
2011	389,512	118,045	507,557
2012	404,212	102,812	507,024
2013 - 2017	1,216,190	334,827	1,551,017
2018 - 2022	 1,414,500	125,127	 1,539,627
	\$ 4,939,510	\$ 966,484	\$ 5,905,994

Governmental Activities:

Business-Type Activities (Revenue Bonds and Certificates of Obligation Only:

Fiscal year ending				
September 30	 Principal	 Interest	_	Total
2008	\$ 383,002	\$ 271,556	\$	654,558
2009	443,378	343,938		787,316
2010	578,518	312,176		890,694
2011	655,486	227,322		882,808
2012	470,608	412,034		882,642
2013 - 2017	3,362,929	1,385,213		4,748,142
2018 - 2022	 1,300,500	 154,289	-	1,454,789
	\$ 7,194,421	\$ 3,106,528	\$_	10,300,949

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM ANALYSIS OF FUNDING PROGRESS

(6) Unfunded

Fiscal Year	(1) Actuarial Value of Assets	(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability	(3) Percentage Funded (1)/(2)	(4) Unfunded Actuarial Liability (2) - (1)	(5) Annual Covered <u>Payroll</u>	Actuarial Accrued Liability as a Percentage of Annual Covered Payroll (4)/(5)
2007 \$	8,572,667	\$ 15,389,182	55.7% \$	6,816,515	\$ 4,756,521	143.3%
2006	8,850,675	15,222,288	58.1%	6,371,613	4,450,556	143.2%
2005	9,521,192	15,618,041	61.0%	6,096,849	4,058,614	150.2%
2004	9,660,372	15,615,024	61.9%	5,954,652	3,972,995	149.9%
2003	9,525,566	14,810,780	64.3%	5,285,214	3,676,983	143.7%
2002	9,602,655	14,564,941	65.9%	4,962,286	3,739,277	132.7%
2001	9,620,592	14,235,199	67.6%	4,614,607	3,924,646	117.6%
2000	9,208,309	13,844,109	66.5%	4,635,800	4,265,335	108.7%
1999	7,876,111	12,971,380	60.7%	5,095,269	4,322,110	117.9%
1998	7,240,015	12,158,298	59.5%	4,918,283	4,058,921	121.2%

As of December 31, of the preceding year, the date of the actuarial valuation.

Actuarial value of net assets on December 31, of the preceding year.

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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULE

CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

	Special Revenue Funds							
	-	Controlled Substances		M.K. Brown Auditorium		Lovett Memorial Library	<u>]</u>	Economic Development
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,321	\$	2,609	\$	115,676	\$	363,477
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles		-		95,877		11,710		2,000
Due from other funds		-		6,474		-		-
Restricted cash		-		-		-		-
Restricted accrued interest		-		-		-		-
Restricted investments		-		-		-		-
Note receivable	-	-	• •	-	· -			41,664
Total assets	\$_	9,321	\$	104,960	\$	127,386	\$_	407,141
Liabilities and Fund balances:								
Liabilities:	<i></i>		b	21.020		2 (10	.	
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	31,929	\$	2,410	\$	-
Accrued expenditures		-		1,110		8,550		-
Deferred revenue	-	-	• •		-	11,710		
Total liabilities	-	_		33,039	-	22,670	_	
Fund balances:								
Reserved:								
M.K. Brown Auditorium		-		-		-		-
Fund balances - unreserved and undesignated:								
Reported in special revenue funds	-	9,321		71,921	· -	104,716		407,141
Total fund balances	-	9,321		71,921	· -	104,716		407,141
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	9,321	\$	104,960	\$	127,386	\$_	407,141

Sp	Total Nonmajor ecial Revenue Funds	e -	M.K. Brown Permanent Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 	491,083 109,587 6,474 - - 41,664 648,808	\$	3,129 5,163 350,000 - 358,292	\$	$\begin{array}{r} 491,083\\ 109,587\\ 6,474\\ 3,129\\ 5,163\\ 350,000\\ 41,664\\ \hline 1,007,100\\ \end{array}$
\$	34,339 9,660 11,710 55,709	\$ -	- - -	\$	34,339 9,660 11,710 55,709
	- 593,099 593,099		358,292	. <u>-</u>	358,292 593,099 951,391
\$		\$		\$	1,007,100

CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

	Special Revenue Funds					
D	-	Controlled Substances	M.K. Brown Auditorium	Lovett Memorial Library	Economic Development	
Revenues: Taxes:						
Property taxes	\$	- \$	- \$	134,945	\$ -	
Other taxes		-	287,865	-	-	
Penalties and interest on taxes		-	-	4,746	-	
Intergovernmental		-	-	5,000	-	
Charges for services		-	32,118	285	39,000	
Fines		-	-	10,718	-	
Investment earnings		91	29	1,229	2,269	
Contributions and donations		4,362	-	4,051	-	
Other revenue	-	_		46		
Total revenues	-	4,453	320,012	161,020	41,269	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		-	-	-	9,249	
Public safety		9,851	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation		-	197,218	396,128	-	
Capital outlay	-		271,825	23,430		
Total expenditures	-	9,851	469,043	419,558	9,249	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	-	(5,398)	(149,031)	(258,538)	32,020	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		-	153,340	284,721	-	
Transfers out	-			-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		153,340	284,721		
Net change in fund balances		(5,398)	4,309	26,183	32,020	
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	14,719	67,612	78,533	375,121	
Fund balances at end of year	\$_	9,321 \$	71,921 \$	104,716	\$ 407,141	

	Total		M.K.		Total			
	Nonmajor		Brown		Nonmajor			
S	Special Revenue	e	Permanent		Governmental			
	Funds	-	Fund		Funds			
\$	134,945	\$	-	\$	134,945			
	287,865		-		287,865			
	4,746		-		4,746			
	5,000		-		5,000			
	71,403		-		71,403			
	10,718		-		10,718			
	3,618		15,707		19,325			
	8,413		-		8,413			
	46	-		r	46			
	526,754	_	15,707		542,461			
	9,249		-		9,249			
	9,851		-		9,851			
	593,346		-		593,346			
	295,255	-	-	1	295,255			
,	907,701	-			907,701			
	(280.047)		15 707		(265, 240)			
	(380,947)	-	15,707		(365,240)			
	438,061		5,074		443,135			
		-	(17,500)		(17,500)			
	438,061	_	(12,426)	•	425,635			
	57,114		3,281		60,395			
1	535,985	-	355,011		890,996			
\$	593,099	\$_	358,292	\$	951,391			

CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

		Budget Amounts					Variance
	-	Original		Final	 Actual	-	<u>Final Budget</u>
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$	827,647	\$	827,647	\$ 847,521	\$	19,874
Penalties and interest on taxes		500		500	949		449
Interest	_	2,100		2,100	 30,810	-	28,710
Total revenues	_	830,247		830,247	 879,280	_	49,033
Expenditures:							
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		603,925		603,925	603,925		-
Interest and fiscal charges	_	224,222		224,222	 132,368	-	91,854
Total expenditures		828,147		828,147	 736,293		91,854
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	_	2,100		2,100	 142,987	_	140,887
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in					 51,622	_	51,622
Total other financing sources (uses)	_				 51,622	_	51,622
Net change in fund balances		2,100		2,100	194,609		192,509
Fund balance at beginning of year	_	390,547		390,547	 390,547	_	
Fund balance at end of year	\$_	392,647	\$	392,647	\$ 585,156	\$_	192,509

CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

	Budget Amounts				Variance
		Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues: Investment earnings	\$	25 \$	25_\$_	419_5	\$394_
investment carnings	Ψ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	417	\$ <u> </u>
Total revenues	_	25	25	419	394
Expenditures: Capital projects	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total expenditures					
Net change in fund balances		25	25	419	394
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	16,351	16,351	16,351	
Fund balances at end of year	\$_	16,376 \$	16,376 \$	16,770	\$394_

CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

		Budget Am	ounts		Variance with
		Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues:					
Contributions and donations	\$	- \$	- \$	4,362	\$ 4,362
Investment earnings			_	91	91
Total revenues	_		-	4,453	4,453
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public safety		<u> </u>		9,851	(9,851)
Total expenditures	_	<u> </u>		9,851	(9,851)
Net change in fund balances		-	-	(5,398)	(5,398)
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	14,719	14,719	14,719	
Fund balances at end of year	\$_	14,719 \$	14,719 \$	9,321	\$ (5,398)

CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - M.K. BROWN AUDITORIUM FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

	Budget Amounts		ounts		Variance with
	_	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues:					
Other taxes	\$	150,000 \$	150,000 \$	287,865 \$	137,865
Charges for services		25,000	25,000	32,118	7,118
Investment earnings	_	25	25	29	4
Total revenues	_	175,025	175,025	320,012	144,987
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Culture and recreation		218,064	234,514	197,218	37,296
Capital outlay	_	35,000	21,150	271,825	(250,675)
Total expenditures	_	253,064	255,664	469,043	(213,379)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	_	(78,039)	(80,639)	(149,031)	(68,392)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	_	51,150	51,150	153,340	102,190
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	51,150	51,150	153,340	102,190
Net change in fund balances		(26,889)	(29,489)	4,309	33,798
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	67,612	67,612	67,612	
Fund balances at end of year	\$_	40,723 \$	38,123 \$	71,921 \$	33,798

CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - LOVETT MEMORIAL LIBRARY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

		Budget Am	ounts		Variance with	
	_	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
D						
Revenues: Taxes:						
	\$	120 757 ¢	120 757 \$	124 045	h 100	
Property taxes	\$	130,757 \$	130,757 \$	134,945	· · · · · ·	
Penalties and interest on taxes		2,500	2,500	4,746	2,246	
Intergovernmental		5,000	5,000	5,000	-	
Charges for services		500	500	285	(215)	
Fines		11,000	11,000	10,718	(282)	
Investment earnings		200	200	1,229	1,029	
Contributions and donations		42,000	42,200	4,051	(38,149)	
Other revenue			<u> </u>	46	46	
Total revenues	_	191,957	192,157	161,020	(31,137)	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Culture and recreation		452,236	457,436	396,128	61,308	
Capital outlay		60,500	55,500	23,430	32,070	
	_					
Total expenditures	_	512,736	512,936	419,558	93,378	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures		(320,779)	(320,779)	(258,538)	62,241	
	_	(820, 11)		(200,000)		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		284,721	284,721	284,721		
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	284,721	284,721	284,721		
Net change in fund balances		(36,058)	(36,058)	26,183	62,241	
		70,522	70 522	70,522		
Fund balances at beginning of year		78,533	78,533	78,533		
Fund balances at end of year	\$_	42,475 \$	42,475 \$	104,716	62,241	

CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

	_	Budget Amo	ounts		Variance with		
	_	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	- \$	- \$	39,000	\$ 39,000		
Investment earnings				2,269	2,269		
Total revenues	_			41,269	41,269		
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	_	50,000	50,000	9,249	40,751		
Total expenditures	_	50,000	50,000	9,249	40,751		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	_	(50,000)	(50,000)	32,020	82,020		
Net change in fund balances		(50,000)	(50,000)	32,020	82,020		
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	375,121	375,121	375,121			
Fund balances at end of year	\$	325,121 \$	325,121 \$	407,141	\$ 82,020		

CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - M.K. BROWN PERMANENT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

		Budget Amo	ounts		Variance with		
		Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues:							
Investment earnings	\$	17,500 \$	17,500 \$	15,707 \$	(1,793)		
Total revenues	_	17,500	17,500	15,707	(1,793)		
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Culture and recreation							
Total expenditures	_	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	_	17,500	17,500	15,707	(1,793)		
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		-	-	5,074	5,074		
Transfers out	_	(17,500)	(17,500)	(17,500)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(17,500)	(17,500)	(12,426)	5,074		
Net change in fund balances		-	-	3,281	3,281		
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	355,011	355,011	355,011			
Fund balances at end of year	\$_	355,011 \$	355,011 \$	358,292 \$	3,281		

CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES MUNICIPAL COURT BAIL BOND AGENCY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

Municipal Court Bail Bond Fund:	(Balance October 1, 2006	_	Additions	_	Deletions	_	Balance September 30, 2007
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,010	\$_	2,250	\$	2,550	\$_	710
Total assets	\$	1,010	\$_	2,250	\$_	2,550	\$_	710
Liabilities:								
Deposits	\$	1,010	\$_	2,250	\$	2,550	\$_	710
Total liabilities	\$	1,010	\$_	2,250	\$_	2,550	\$	710

CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES SCHEDULE BY SOURCE SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

Governmental funds capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		
Land	\$	210,849
Roads		1,653,403
Buildings & improvements		4,769,340
Equipment		3,128,189
Construction in progress		1,415
Total governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	9,763,196
Investment in governmental activities capital assets		
by source (net of accumulated depreciation):		
General fund	\$	6,957,866
M.K. Brown Auditorium special revenue fund		1,694,744
Lovett Memorial Library special revenue fund		619,973
PEDC special revenue fund		490,613
Total investment in accommental estivities conital		
Total investment in governmental activities capital	¢	0.762.106
assets by source (net of accumulated depreciation)	\$	9,763,196

CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

	 Land]	<u>Roads</u>	Buildings & <u>Improvements</u>		 truction rogress				Total
General government:										
Mayor and commission	\$ 3,306	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	3,306
Administrative services	-		-		-	-		35,515		35,515
Building & grounds	2,163		-	2,6	96,377	-		308,963	2	3,007,503
Data processing	-		-		-	-		183,084		183,084
Purchasing & central stores	-		-		4,632	-		19,047		23,679
Central garage	 -		_	1	50,198	 -	2,	571,909		2,722,107
Subtotal	 5,469			2,8	51,207	 -	3,	118,518		5,975,194
Culture and recreation:										
Parks	43,360		-	3	48,185	1,415		343,895		736,855
Recreation	-		151,789	1,5	38,693	-		349,435	2	2,039,917
M.K. Brown Auditorium	-		-	2,8	37,189	-		236,711	2	3,073,900
Lovett Memorial Library	 -		-		57,581	 -		111,574		969,155
Subtotal	 43,360		151,789	5,5	81,648	 1,415	1,	041,615	(6,819,827
Solid waste collection	 					 		378,744		378,744
Streets and traffic:										
Planning and engineering	-		-		-	-		70,844		70,844
Streets & traffic control	 -	18	3,158,968		-	 -	1,	991,659	2	0,150,627
Subtotal	 -	18	3,158,968		-	 -	2,	062,503	2	0,221,471
Public safety:										
Animal control	-		-		18,019	-		37,844		55,863
Police	-		-		14,926	-		780,868		795,794
Fire suppression	-		-	1	40,268	-	1,	238,701		1,378,969
Fire prevention	-		-		-	-		21,602		21,602
Dispatch	-		-		-	-		74,069		74,069
Emergency management & civil defense	 -		-		-	 -		391,641		391,641
Subtotal	 			1	73,213	 	2,	544,725		2,717,938
Blended component unit	 162,020		-	4	25,149	 -				587,169
Total governmental activities capital assets	210,849	18	3,310,757	9,0	31,217	1,415	9,	146,105	30	6,700,343
Less: accumulated depreciation	 _	16	5,657,354	4,2	261,877	 -	6,	017,916	2	6,937,147
Total governmental activities capital assets net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 210,849	\$ 1	,653,403	<u>\$ 4,7</u>	69,340	\$ 1,415	<u>\$3,</u>	128,189	\$ 9	9,763,196

CITY OF PAMPA, TEXAS CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

	Governmental Fund Capital Assets Oct. 1, 2006	Additions	Deletions and Transfers	Governmental Fund Capital Assets Sept. 30, 2007		
General government:						
Mayor and commission	\$ 3,306	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,306		
Administrative services	35,515	-	-	35,515		
Building & grounds	2,803,640	203,863	-	3,007,503		
Data processing	152,873	30,211	-	183,084		
Purchasing & central stores	23,679	-	-	23,679		
Central garage	2,481,162	363,791	(122,846)	2,722,107		
Subtotal	5,500,175	597,865	(122,846)	5,975,194		
Culture and recreation:						
Parks	735,174	21,058	(19,377)	736,855		
Recreation	2,025,550	34,806	(20,439)	2,039,917		
M.K. Brown Auditorium	2,802,075	271,825	-	3,073,900		
Lovett Memorial Library	1,019,147	23,430	(73,422)	969,155		
Subtotal	6,581,946	351,119	(113,238)	6,819,827		
Solid waste collection	534,198	56,338	(211,792)	378,744		
Streets and traffic:						
Planning and engineering	70,844	-	-	70,844		
Streets & traffic control	19,693,607	457,020		20,150,627		
Subtotal	19,764,451	457,020		20,221,471		
Public safety:						
Animal control	55,863	-	-	55,863		
Police	679,866	191,208	(75,280)	795,794		
Fire suppression	1,448,107	-	(69,138)	1,378,969		
Fire prevention	21,602	-	-	21,602		
Code enforcement	19,394	-	(19,394)	-		
Dispatch	52,934	21,135	-	74,069		
Emergency management & civil defense	391,641			391,641		
Subtotal	2,669,407	212,343	(163,812)	2,717,938		
Blended component unit	587,169	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	587,169		
Total governmental activities capital assets	\$ 35,637,346	\$ 1,674,685	\$ (611,688)	\$ 36,700,343		

STATISTICAL DATA

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City of Pampa, Texas

Statistical Section Summary:

This part of the City of Pampa's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information about the City's overall financial condition.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the	
City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	116 - 123
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most	
significant local revenue, the property tax.	125 - 129
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of	
the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional	
debt in the future.	130 - 137
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader	
understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	138 - 139
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand	
how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides	
and the activities it performs.	140 - 142

Sources:

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant years. The City implemented GASB Statement 34 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

City of Pampa, Texas

Net Assets by Component

Last Five Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2003	_	2004		2005	_	2006
Governmental activities:		-				-	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 3,681,389	\$	2,948,557	\$	3,327,459	\$	4,290,099
Restricted	469,413		512,832		545,083		761,909
Unrestricted	2,939,947		3,799,603		3,472,065	-	3,786,774
Total governmental activities net assets	7,090,749		7,260,992	. <u>-</u>	7,344,607	-	8,838,782
Business-type activities							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	10,190,376		11,252,454		11,137,640		8,279,157
Restricted	370,206		398,668		1,046,052		2,300,172
Unrestricted	1,899,967		1,349,691	• •	1,156,647	-	676,342
Total business-type activities net assets	12,460,549	•	13,000,813	• •	13,340,339	-	11,255,671
Primary government:							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	13,871,765		14,201,011		14,465,099		12,569,256
Restricted	839,619		911,500		1,591,135		3,062,081
Unrestricted	4,839,914		5,149,294	•	4,628,712	-	4,463,116
Total primary government net assets	\$ 19,551,298	\$	20,261,805	\$	20,684,946	\$	20,094,453

Note: Under GASB Statement Number 44, the City is required to show the above information for ten years prospectively beginning with their fiscal year ending September 30, 2006. However, the City has chosen to report retroactively back to the year GASB Statement Number 34 was implemented, which was the fiscal year ending September 30, 2003. As more years become available, the City will continue to add additional years to this schedule until the required full ten years is presented.

Exhibit B-1

2007	
\$ 5,481,656	
960,218	
3,487,348	
9,929,222	
9,105,903	
1,263,650	
1,104,497	
11,474,050	
14,587,559	
2,223,868	
4,591,845	
\$ 21,403,272	

City of Pampa, Texas

Changes in Net Assets - Last Five Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Expenses: Governmental activities:		2003	_	2004	_	2005	_	2006
Governmental activities: General government	\$	1,339,565	\$	1,363,422	\$	1,422,179	\$	1,613,280
Public safety	φ	3,516,613	φ	3,616,906	φ	3,947,074	φ	4,246,117
Streets and traffic		2,357,384		2,490,111		2,703,528		2,511,235
Solid waste		653,535		688,313		790,163		909,961
Culture and recreation		1,039,549		1,078,459		1,135,171		1,221,086
Interest on long-term debt and bond costs		375,404		235,964		256,866		181,109
Total governmental activities expenses		9,282,050		9,473,175	_	10,254,981	_	10,682,788
Business-type activities:		,202,000	-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-	10,20 1,701		10,002,700
Water and sewer system		4,618,236		4,550,176		4,788,747		5,355,617
Solid waste management		858,489		755,331		774,484		1,256,059
Golf course		396,431		391,951		445,262		437,110
Leased properties		6,139		32,086		32,683		71,753
Total business-type activities expenses	_	5,879,295	_	5,729,544	_	6,041,176	_	7,120,539
Total primary government expenses	\$	15,161,345	\$	15,202,719	\$	16,296,157	\$	17,803,327
Program revenues:								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services:								
General government	\$	846,967	\$	825,094	\$	840,715	\$	840,787
Public safety		442,400		600,624		540,642		556,804
Streets and traffic		-		-		-		-
Solid waste		1,419,246		1,446,030		1,516,195		1,559,405
Culture and recreation		111,373		118,795		97,498		90,831
Operating grants and contributions		235,753		267,486		360,395		180,228
Capital grants and contributions		-		-		201,162		193,500
Total governmental activities program revenues		3,055,739		3,258,029	_	3,556,607		3,421,555
Business-type activities:					_			
Charges for services:								
Water and sewer system		4,235,610		4,471,049		4,643,795		5,334,033
Solid waste management		1,170,788		1,141,091		1,160,473		1,239,269
Golf course		280,053		296,505		283,943		326,739
Leased properties		3,150		33,270		-		-
Operating grants and contributions		-		131,368		-		-
Capital grants and contributions		-				-		-
Total business-type activities program revenues		5,689,601		6,073,283		6,088,211		6,900,041
Total primary government program revenues	\$	8,745,340	\$	9,331,312	\$	9,644,818	\$	10,321,596
Net (Expense) Revenue								
Governmental activities	\$	(6,226,311)	\$	(6,215,146)	\$	(6,698,374)	\$	(7,261,233
Business-type activities		(189,694)		343,739		47,035		(220,498
Total primary government net (expense) revenue	\$	(6,416,005)	\$	(5,871,407)	\$	(6,651,339)	\$	(7,481,731
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets								
Governmental activities:								
Property taxes	\$	2,768,969	\$	2,848,745	\$	2,881,006	\$	2,882,932
Sales taxes		2,091,778		2,401,756		2,764,192		3,307,308
Other taxes		1,083,456		1,102,590		1,186,675		1,335,485
Investment earnings		37,401		42,115		76,227		115,536
Miscellaneous revenues		(23, 349)		25,919		(45)		46,761
Transfers in (out)		(2,460,229)		(35,736)		(126,066)		(32,797
Special items - transfers of assets		-		-		-		1,100,183
Total governmental activities		3,498,026		6,385,389		6,781,989	_	8,755,408
Business-type activities:								
Investment earnings		23,932		18,564		27,644		73,862
Miscellaneous revenues		-		142,225		63,286		200,316
Transfers in (out)		2,945,869		35,736	_	126,066	_	32,797
Total business-type activities	_	2,969,801		196,525	_	216,996	. —	306,975
Total primary government	\$	6,467,827	\$	6,581,914	\$	6,998,985	\$	9,062,383
Change in Net Assets								
Governmental activities	\$	(2,728,285)	\$	170,243	\$	83,615	\$	1,494,175
Business-type activities		2,780,107		540,264	_	264,031	_	86,477
Total primary government	\$	51,822	\$	710,507	\$	347,646	\$	1,580,652

Note: Under GASB Statement Number 44, the City is required to show the above information for ten years prospectively beginning with their fiscal year ending September 30, 2006. However, the City has chosen to report retroactively back to the year GASB Statement Number 34 was implemented, which was the fiscal year ending September 30, 2003. As more years become available, the City will continue to add additional years to this schedule until the required full ten years is presented.

Exhibit B-2

	2007
\$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,625,296\\ 4,613,920\\ 1,859,807\\ 1,091,092\\ 1,329,075\\ 156,840\\ 10,676,030\\ \end{array}$
\$	5,341,194 1,364,944 431,835 86,753 7,224,726 17,900,756
\$	868,156 563,027 - 1,626,841 112,870 148,947 81,195 3,401,036
	5,198,529 1,406,146 318,094 - -
\$	6,922,769 10,323,805
\$	(7,274,994)
\$	(301,957) (7,576,951)
\$	3,162,567 3,725,658 1,448,350 141,486 56,719 (169,346) - - 8,365,434
\$	198,079 169,346 520,336 8,885,770
\$ \$	1,090,440 218,379 1,308,819

City of Pampa, Texas Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	_	1998	 1999	_	2000		2001
General fund:							
Reserved	\$	80,549	\$ 255,179	\$	503,405	\$	534,385
Unreserved	_	2,477,294	 1,858,246		1,516,095	_	1,556,036
Total general fund	_	2,557,843	 2,113,425		2,019,500	_	2,090,421
All other governmental funds: Reserved for:							
Debt service fund		163,079	118,677		55,990		47,201
M.K. Brown Auditorium		364,053	368,318		379,837		368,589
Unreserved, reported in :							
Capital projects fund		252,228	125,345		22,846		23,089
Special revenue funds	_	173,856	 93,753		98,990		169,029
Total all other governmental							
funds	_	953,216	 706,093	· -	557,663	_	607,908
Total all governmental funds	\$_	3,511,059	\$ 2,819,518	\$	2,577,163	\$_	2,698,329

Exhibit B-3

_	2002	2003		2004		2005	5 2006		_	2007	
+		*		<i>•</i>						+	
\$	558,604	\$	719,768	\$	972,075	\$	1,075,448	\$	943,694	\$	856,583
_	1,915,721	_	2,274,400	_	2,556,061	_	2,335,395		2,326,241	_	2,085,383
_	2,474,325		2,994,168	_	3,528,136	_	3,410,843	_	3,269,935	_	2,941,966
	37,728		95,184		136,518		171,695		390,547		585,156
	357,816		357,998		360,070		357,114		355,011		358,292
	217,479		16,231		16,244		137,146		16,351		16,770
_	109,265		118,130	_	364,164	_	16,274		535,985	_	593,099
_	722,288		587,543		876,996	_	682,229		1,297,894	_	1,553,317
_				_		_		. —		_	
\$	3,196,613	\$	3,581,711	\$	4,405,132	\$	4,093,072	\$	4,567,829	\$	4,495,283
=						-		-		-	

City of Pampa, Texas Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	_	1998		1999	_	2000	_	2001
Revenues	-							
Taxes	\$	5,484,350	\$	5,183,181	\$	5,258,575	\$	5,848,549
Charges for services		2,573,391		2,662,263		2,592,570		2,291,163
Fines & forfeitures		268,107		210,202		182,536		204,021
Interest		171,898		106,146		103,378		91,071
Intergovernmental		164,190		168,775		119,226		246,216
Licenses & permits		45,106		23,987		23,447		33,360
Miscellaneous		313,533		794,812	_	122,305	_	131,050
Total revenues	-	9,020,575		9,149,366	_	8,402,037	_	8,845,430
Expenditures								
General government		1,838,454		1,830,273		1,618,891		1,552,110
Public safety		3,140,105		3,296,490		3,056,216		3,230,111
Streets & traffic		969,850		846,180		865,040		1,166,801
Solid waste management		794,229		729,762		645,185		701,653
Culture & recreation		824,585		869,422		963,472		665,732
Capital outlay		1,779,882		1,554,790		532,021		336,998
Debt service:								
Interest and fiscal charges		407,760		360,133		588,495		303,474
Principal		651,413		788,691		623,040		801,437
Total expenditures		10,406,278		10,275,741	_	8,892,360	_	8,758,316
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	-	(1,385,703)		(1,126,375)		(490,323)	_	87,114
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Proceeds from borrowing		271,867		388,623		250,000		114,531
Payments to escrow agent		-		-		-		-
Sale of assets		15,451		16,947		39,652		1,107
Transfers in		503,545		490,000		335,619		343,272
Transfers out	_	(399,602)		(460,736)		(377,303)		(424,858)
Total other financing	-							
sources (uses)		391,261	• •	434,834		247,968	_	34,052
Special item - Transfer of assets		_				_		<u> </u>
Net change in fund balances	\$	(994,442)	\$	(691,541)	\$_	(242,355)		121,166
Debt service as a percentage								
of non-capital expenditures	:	12.28%	: :	13.17%	=	14.49%	=	13.12%

Exhibit B-4

_	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		2007
\$	5,836,287	\$	5,990,229	¢	6,338,042	\$	6 760 822	¢	7 542 420	¢	9 257 07 2
φ	2,376,750	φ	2,443,732	\$	0,338,042 2,468,371	φ	6,760,822 2,585,039	\$	7,542,429 2,683,810	\$	8,357,972 2,772,483
	2,370,750		300,203		2,408,371 355,330		2,385,039		2,083,810		380,748
	48,360		37,401		42,115		76,227		115,536		141,486
	228,055		213,434		353,293		327,518		283,696		191,245
	24,895		19,555		43,494		46,982		40,261		59,120
	57,474		117,352		94,881		293,878		125,718		136,721
-	8,791,286		9,121,906	-	9,695,526	•	10,435,021	-	11,181,616	-	12,039,775
-			<i>i i</i>			-		-	<i></i> .	-	· · · ·
	1,539,367		1,085,722		1,149,982		1,142,833		1,330,461		1,340,681
	3,087,272		3,393,357		3,489,623		3,829,780		4,123,268		4,464,962
	1,367,860		1,248,727		1,418,593		1,655,490		1,532,716		1,503,454
	652,149		651,578		688,353		768,086		895,823		1,036,806
	665,332		905,365		951,259		996,433		1,087,183		1,154,552
	687,658		384,365		196,499		1,455,714		1,900,327		1,674,685
	265,432		323,359		289,548		262,095		210,925		136,953
_	1,005,686		710,672	_	662,502	_	649,696	_	683,364		630,882
-	9,270,756	_	8,703,145	_	8,846,359		10,760,127	_	11,764,067	-	11,942,975
	(479,470)		418,761		849,167		(325,106)		(582,451)		96,800
-	(,)	_	,,,	-	,	•	(0-0,000)	-	(**=, ** =)_	-	, .,
	2 721 020						120 112		0 (04 007		
	3,731,920		-		-		139,113		2,604,237		-
	(2,768,935)		-		-		-		(2,102,414)		-
	76,505		2,073		9,989		-		-		-
	299,150		292,736		424,736		352,085		674,900		529,907
-	(360,886)	-	(328,472)	-	(460,472)	-	(478,151)	-	(707,788)	-	(699,253)
-	977,754		(33,663)		(25,747)	-	13,047	_	468,935	_	(169,346)
-	-		-	_				_	(511,911)	_	-
\$_	498,284	\$_	385,098	\$_	823,420	\$	(312,059)	\$_	(625,427)	\$_	(72,546)
						_		_		-	
=	14.81%	-	12.43%	=	11.01%	:	9.80%	=	9.07%	=	7.48%

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City of Pampa, Texas Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Assessed Value Total **Tax Roll** Real Direct Personal For Year Fiscal Property Property Total Tax Jan. 1 Year Value Value Value* Rate 1997 345,054,286 \$ 395,709,740 0.6367 1998 \$ 50,655,454 \$ 1998 1999 324,944,008 70,466,985 395,410,993 0.6367 1999 2000 366,255,658 26,585,502 392,841,160 0.6367 2000 2001 355, 545, 403 51,116,235 406,661,638 0.6500 2001 2002 362,546,049 53,990,600 416,536,649 0.6950 2002 2003 0.6950 374, 543, 737 63,903,951 438,447,688 2003 2004 396,255,464 81,826,491 478,081,955 0.6950 2004 2005 371,746,415 53, 397, 117 425, 143, 532 0.6950 2005 2006 366, 575, 796 77,971,814 444,547,610 0.6950 2006 2007 391,654,982 81,921,180 473, 576, 162 0.6950

Note: Above assessed values reflected are before allowable exemptions are applied. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

* Taxes assess on October 1 of each year based on January 1 valuations.

City of Pampa, Texas Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$1,000 of assessed property)

				_	Overlapping	Rates*
	C	tity of Pamp		Pampa		
Fiscal	General	Debt	Library	Total	Independent	Gray
Year	Year <u>Maintenance</u>		Maintenance	Direct	School District	County
1998	0.407300	0.199400	0.030000	0.636700	1.455	0.450240
1999	0.401300	0.205400	0.030000	0.636700	1.475	0.439940
2000	0.398700	0.208000	0.030000	0.636700	1.475	0.459918
2001	0.396000	0.224000	0.030000	0.650000	1.525	0.427238
2002	0.443100	0.221900	0.030000	0.695000	1.545	0.475833
2003	0.458300	0.206700	0.030000	0.695000	1.554	0.495631
2004	0.462500	0.202500	0.030000	0.695000	1.561	0.522267
2005	0.459500	0.205500	0.030000	0.695000	1.556	0.488926
2006	0.466700	0.198300	0.030000	0.695000	1.435	0.445623
2007	0.473271	0.191729	0.030000	0.695000	1.325	0.473260

Note: Analysis indicates approximately 38.4% of assessed values of Gray County are within the City Limits.

The maximum tax rate provided by City charter is \$2.50 of which the amount to be used for general purposes and the maintenance of streets is restricted to \$1.50

Taxes are assessed and collected by the Gray County Tax Assessor/Collector. Taxes are due October 1, and become delinquent February 1. Delinquent taxes are subject to 12% interest per annum plus a penalty of 6% to 12% in accordance with statutes.

Exhibit C-2

City of Pampa, Texas Principal Property Tax Payers Current year and nine years ago

		2007			1998	
Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Pampa Regional Medical Center	\$ 15,369,430	1	3.44% \$	9,520,660	1	2.41%
Xcel Energy (Formerly Southwestern Public Service)	6,827,390	2	1.53%	7,459,850	3	1.89%
Wal-Mart Stores East	6,814,378	3	1.53%	5,318,030	4	1.34%
Wal-Mart Real Estate	6,465,060	4	1.45%			
SBC Texas	4,636,708	5	1.04%	7,864,010	2	1.99%
Terry Blumenfeld	2,567,330	6	0.58%			
Atmos Energy Corporation (Formerly Energas)	2,518,146	7	0.56%	2,079,650	7	0.53%
United Corporate Office	2,232,976	8	0.50%			
BNSF Railway Company	2,123,228	9	0.48%			
POGO	2,107,070	10	0.47%			
Nickle's Industrial				4,255,760	5	1.08%
Daniel Weingarten				2,324,430	6	0.59%
Pampa Supermarket, LP				2,075,290	8	0.52%
A,T, & SF Railway				2,017,656	9	0.51%
John Hancock Mutual Life	 			1,834,910	10	0.46%
Total	\$ 51,661,716		11.58% \$	6 44,750,246		11.31%

Source: Gray County Appraisal District

Exhibit C-3

City of Pampa, Texas Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Roll <u>Year</u>	_	Total Tax Levy	 Current Tax Collections	_	Percent of Levy Collected	_	Delinquent Tax Collections
1997	\$	2,329,938	\$ 2,238,887		96.1%	\$	70,401
1998		2,323,089	2,204,059		94.9%		79,880
1999		2,339,425	2,228,233		95.2%		69,578
2000		2,449,568	2,298,619		93.8%		114,920
2001		2,689,947	2,570,985		95.6%		86,820
2002		2,803,641	2,693,355		96.1%		71,602
2003		2,803,611	2,699,492		96.3%		80,172
2004		2,788,311	2,660,991		95.4%		87,857
2005		2,897,766	2,754,962		95.1%		84,870
2006		3,100,752	2,963,548		95.6%		129,387

Exhibit C-4

-	Total Tax Collections	Total Collections as a Percent of Current Levy	 Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes as a Percent of Current Levy
\$	2,309,288	99.1%	\$ 449,804	19.3%
	2,283,939	98.3%	471,276	20.3%
	2,297,811	98.2%	493,659	21.1%
	2,413,539	98.5%	454,910	18.6%
	2,657,805	98.8%	430,184	16.0%
	2,764,957	98.6%	463,271	16.5%
	2,779,664	99.1%	487,380	17.4%
	2,748,848	98.6%	499,807	17.9%
	2,839,832	98.0%	539,381	18.6%
	3,092,935	99.7%	501,798	16.2%

City of Pampa, Texas Ratios of Outstanding Debt By Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	-	Governmen	tal	Activities	Business-type Activities							
Fiscal Year		General Obligation Bonds	Capital Leases		Revenue Bonds & Certificates of Obligation	. ,	CRMWA Obligations	Capital Leases				
1998	\$	5,795,000	\$	411,630	\$	6,715,000	\$	4,087,430	\$	270,530		
1999		5,235,000		571,600		6,310,000		2,900,313		199,731		
2000		4,640,000		567,610		8,350,000		4,420,507		177,266		
2001		4,020,000		500,704		7,890,000		4,253,570		110,308		
2002		3,880,000		723,922		9,783,931		4,079,668		151,420		
2003		5,830,000		463,280		6,463,931		3,899,400		102,020		
2004		5,355,000		275,779		5,908,931		3,711,393		130,040		
2005		4,850,000		270,196		5,328,931		5,175,545		1,028,215		
2006		5,228,435		104,347		6,060,496		6,770,570		859,829		
2007		4,624,510		77,390		5,409,421		6,552,525		640,278		

(1) Source: United States Census

Exhibit D-1

Percentage												
Total	of											
Primary	Personal		Per									
Government	Income		Capita (1)									
\$ 17,279,590	n/a	\$	866									
15,216,644	n/a		762									
18,155,383	n/a		910									
16,774,582	n/a		938									
18,618,941	n/a		1,041									
16,758,631	n/a		937									
15,381,143	n/a		860									
16,652,887	n/a		931									
19,023,677	n/a		1,064									
17,304,124	n/a		967									

City of Pampa, Texas Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 General Obligation Bonds	-	Resources Restricted for paying Debt Service	 Net General Obligation Bonds Outstanding	-	Assessed Taxable Value	Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonds Outstanding to Assessed Taxable Value	Net General Obligation Bonds Outstanding Per Capita
1998	\$ 5,795,000	\$	163,079	\$ 5,631,921	\$	395,709,740	1.42%	\$ 282
1999	5,235,000		118,675	5,116,325		395,410,993	1.29%	256
2000	4,640,000		55,990	4,584,010		392,841,160	1.17%	230
2001	4,020,000		47,201	3,972,799		406,661,638	0.98%	222
2002	3,880,000		37,728	3,842,272		416,536,649	0.92%	215
2003	5,830,000		95,184	5,734,816		438,447,688	1.31%	321
2004	5,355,000		136,518	5,218,482		478,081,955	1.09%	292
2005	4,850,000		171,695	4,678,305		425,143,532	1.10%	262
2006	5,228,435		390,547	4,837,888		444,547,610	1.09%	270
2007	4,624,510		585,156	4,039,354		446,150,936	0.91%	226

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

See Exhibit C-1 for property value data.

Exhibit D-2

Exhibit D-3

City of Pampa, Texas Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of September 30, 2007

	_	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percent Applicable*		Applicable Debt Outstanding
Pampa Independent School District	\$	52,735,000	48%	\$	25,312,800
Gray County		1,225,000	35%		428,750
Total overlapping debt					25,741,550
City of Pampa					4,624,510
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$_	30,366,060

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the Gray County Appraisal District. Debt outstanding was provided by each government.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

* For debt repair with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value

City of Pampa, Texas Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	_	1998	_	1999	· -	2000	· -	2001
Assessed value, before exemptions	\$_	395,709,740	\$_	395,410,993	\$	392,841,160	\$	406,661,638
Legal debt limit (10% of assessed value, before exemptions)	\$_	39,570,974	\$_	39,541,099	\$	39,284,116	\$	40,666,164
General obligation bonds	\$	5,795,000	\$	5,235,000	\$	4,640,000	\$	4,020,000
Less: Resources restricted for paying debt service	_	163,079	_	118,675		55,990		47,201
Total net general obligation bonds outstanding applicable to the limit	\$_	5,631,921	\$_	5,116,325	\$_	4,584,010	\$_	3,972,799
Computation of legal debt margin:								
Legal debt limit	\$	39,570,974	\$	39,541,099	\$	39,284,116	\$	40,666,164
Less: Net general obligation bonds outstanding	_	5,631,921	_	5,116,325		4,584,010	. –	3,972,799
Legal debt margin	\$_	33,939,053	\$_	34,424,774	\$	34,700,106	\$	36,693,365
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	=	14.23%	=	12.94%	: =	11.67%	: =	9.77%

Exhibit D-4

_	2002	· -	2003	· -	2004		2005		2006	_	2007
\$	416,536,649	\$	438,447,688	\$	478,081,955	\$_	425,143,532	\$_	444,547,610	\$_	446,150,936
\$_	41,653,665	\$_	43,844,769	\$_	47,808,196	\$_	42,514,353	\$_	44,454,761	\$_	44,615,094
\$	3,880,000	\$	5,830,000	\$	5,355,000	\$	4,850,000	\$	5,228,435	\$	4,624,510
-	37,728		95,184	-	136,518	_	171,695	_	390,547	_	585,156
\$_	3,842,272	\$_	5,734,816	\$_	5,218,482	\$_	4,678,305	\$_	4,837,888	\$_	4,039,354
\$	41,653,665	\$	43,844,769	\$	47,808,196	\$	42,514,353	\$	44,454,761	\$	44,615,094
_	3,842,272	· <u> </u>	5,734,816	· <u> </u>	5,218,482		4,678,305		4,837,888	_	4,039,354
\$_	37,811,393	\$	38,109,953	\$	42,589,714	\$_	37,836,048	\$_	39,616,873	\$_	40,575,740
=	9.22%	-	13.08%	-	10.92%	=	11.00%	_	10.88%	=	9.05%

City of Pampa, Texas Pledged Revenue Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Gross Revenues (1)	Operating Expenses Before Debt Service (2)	Net Revenues Available for Debt Service			
Water & Sewer Fund						
1998	\$	4,074,072	\$	2,853,808	\$	1,220,264
1999		3,764,613		2,959,753		804,860
2000		4,061,333		3,162,200		899,133
2001		4,265,185		3,118,628		1,146,557
2002		4,370,855		3,206,040		1,164,815
2003		4,284,074		3,562,637		721,437
2004		4,589,754		3,492,506		1,097,248
2005		4,682,357		3,742,448		939,909
2006		5,517,515		4,018,369		1,499,146
2007		5,479,658		3,938,478		1,541,180
Solid Waste Fund						
1998	\$	1,069,969	\$	655,668	\$	414,301
1999		1,120,396		593,689		526,707
2000		999,516		573,360		426,156
2001		1,087,180		613,981		473,199
2002		1,154,108		569,151		584,957
2003		1,181,315		575,111		606,204
2004		1,182,799		529,876		652,923
2005		1,195,582		606,206		589,376
2006		1,301,233		641,924		659,309
2007		1,480,040		748,715		731,325

Note: (1) Total revenue including interest, miscellaneous, and sales of materials and equipment.

(2) Expenses before debt service include total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation, amortization, interest, and fiscal charges.

Details regarding the City's debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Exhibit D-5

			Times				
 Principal		Interest		Total	Coverage		
\$ 235,000	\$	230,654	\$	465,654	2.6		
265,000		222,256		487,256	1.7		
285,000		321,191		606,191	1.5		
305,000		395,741		700,741	1.6		
390,000		367,095		757,095	1.5		
365,000		137,635		502,635	1.4		
370,000		121,251		491,251	2.2		
380,000		111,199		491,199	1.9		
437,485		182,914		620,399	2.4		
431,075		165,956		597,031	2.6		
\$ 70,000	\$	239,583	\$	309,583	1.3		
140,000		161,534		301,534	1.7		
145,000		152,459		297,459	1.4		
155,000		146,042		301,042	1.6		
165,000		132,393		297,393	2.0		
175,000		122,060		297,060	2.0		
185,000		111,386		296,386	2.2		
200,000		118,726		318,726	1.8		
210,000		144,607		354,607	1.9		
220,000		133,872		353,872	2.1		

City of Pampa, Texas Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

		Personal			r Capita									
	*		Income		Income		Income		Income		ersonal	Median	School	Unemployment
<u>Year</u>	Population	<u>(in</u>	<u>thousands)</u>]	ncome	Age	Enrollment	Rate						
2007	21,919	\$	440,550	\$	20,099	39.0	3,400	2 50/						
	<i>,</i>		,		,		· · · · · ·	3.5%						
2006	21,393	\$	601,549	\$	28,119	38.9	3,368	3.2%						
2005	21,393	\$	601,549	\$	28,119	38.9	3,340	3.7%						
2004	21,393	\$	601,549	\$	28,119	38.9	3,269	4.6%						
2003	21,641	\$	567,540	\$	26,225	38.9	3,257	5.3%						
2002	21,892	\$	554,305	\$	25,320	38.9	3,325	5.6%						
2001	22,178	\$	565,130	\$	25,482	38.9	3,462	4.7%						
2000	22,586	\$	555,395	\$	24,590	38.9	3,504	4.0%						
1999	23,213	\$	537,398	\$	23,157	39.9	3,583	N/A						
1998	23,527	\$	555,010	\$	23,590	39.9	3,623	N/A						
1997	23,589	\$	534,551	\$	22,661	39.9	3,633	N/A						

* Population includes the City of Pampa and the surrounding area in Gray County

Sources: Pampa Chamber of Commerce, the Pampa Independent School District, and the Texas Workforce Commission.

City of Pampa, Texas Principal Employers Current year

	2007							
Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment					
Pampa Independent School District	502	1	4.45%					
National Oilwell	430	2	3.81%					
Celanese	330	3	2.93%					
Pampa Regional Medical Center	307	4	2.72%					
Halliburton	300	5	2.66%					
Wal-mart	278	6	2.46%					
Pampa's West Texas Landscape	217	7	1.92%					
Hudson Drilling Company	190	8	1.68%					
Texas Department of Criminal Justice	185	9	1.64%					
City of Pampa	149	10	1.32%					
	2,888		25.61%					

Source: Pampa Chamber of Commerce

Note: GASB 44 requires that this information be present for both the current year and nine years ago. The City has been unable to come up with the information from nine years ago. The City is still attempting to obtain this data, and when it become available, will be added to this Exhibit.

City of Pampa, Texas Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

FUNCTION/PROGRAM	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998
GENERAL FUND										
Administrative Services	4	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	5	3
Financial Services	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5
Municipal Court	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	2	2
Police Services										
Officers	25	25	24	24	25	25	24	27	32	27
Civilians	4	4	4	4	2	2	2	3	4	4
Fire										
Firefighters and officers	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	30	30
Civilians	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
Planning & Engineering	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Street & Traffic Control **	17	16	16	16	16	16	17	9	10	10
Parks Department **	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	9	9
Recreation Department	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Buildings & Grounds	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2
Community Services	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Code Enforcement	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
Animal Control	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3
Dispatching Services	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	8	8	7
Emergency Management	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Data Processing	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Purchasing	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
Central Stores	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Central Garage	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	4	5
Solid Waste Collection	6	5	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7
Risk Management	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS										
M.K. Brown Auditorium	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Lovett Memorial Library	7	6	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
ENTERPRISE FUNDS										
Municipal Utilities	10	9	9	9	9	9	12	10	10	10
Water Distribution	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Wastewater Collection	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4
Landfill Composting	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
Solid Waste Landfill	6	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6
Golf Course	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3
TOTAL	149	140	140	142	141	141	153	163	177	170

** These two departments merged together in the 2000-2001 budget year

Exhibit F-1

City of Pampa, Texas Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

2006-07			Fiscal Year										
-	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02	2000-01	1999-00	1998-99	1997-98				
									942				
4,214	- 5,785	- 3363	3252	- 1229	- 2574	1 3361	3240	- 3160	- 2722				
914	898	824	846	817	951	962	844	876	877				
136	203	118	154	137	191	199	182	173	170				
20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20				
79	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	61				
7,513	7,486	7,459	7,400	7,486	7,515	7,594	7,845	8,080	8,000				
241,784	219,646	417,944	310,273		200,000	138,527	202,798	168,000	165,000				
855	582	715	302	481	500	510	640	600	500				
41	41	41	41	41		41	41	39	38				
									320				
									7				
4	4	4	4	4	2	2	2	2	2				
									87,684				
238	272	273	322	321	510	539	539	328	450				
									8,330				
2,414	2,765	2,411	2,411	2,649	2,417	2,838	3,266	3,148	3,275				
7,533	7,510	7,459	7,480	7,524	7,541	7,617	7,692	8,112	8,000				
192	242	242	231	231	155	155	155	155	155				
77	45	30	45	62	59	59	59	59	57				
	914 136 20 79 7,513 241,784 855 41 332 8 4 69,072 238 8,199 2,414 7,533 192	$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 4,214 & 5,785 \\ 914 & 898 \\ 136 & 203 \\ 20 & 20 \\ \\ 79 & 62 \\ 7,513 & 7,486 \\ \\ 241,784 & 219,646 \\ 855 & 582 \\ \\ 41 & 41 \\ 332 & 332 \\ 8 & 6 \\ 4 & 4 \\ \\ 69,072 & 70,401 \\ 238 & 272 \\ \\ 8,199 & 8,170 \\ 2,414 & 2,765 \\ \\ 7,533 & 7,510 \\ 192 & 242 \\ \end{array}$	4,214 $5,785$ 3363 914 898 824 136 203 118 20 20 20 79 62 62 $7,513$ $7,486$ $7,459$ $241,784$ $219,646$ $417,944$ 855 582 715 41 41 41 332 332 8 6 4 4 $69,072$ $70,401$ $72,320$ 238 272 273 $8,199$ $8,170$ $8,112$ $2,414$ $2,765$ $2,411$ $7,533$ $7,510$ $7,459$ 192 242 242	4,214 $5,785$ 3363 3252 914 898 824 846 1362031181542020202079 62 62 62 7,513 $7,486$ $7,459$ $7,400$ 241,784219,646417,944310,273322332332332414141413323323323323323328666644444469,07270,40172,32077,4212382722733228,1998,1708,1128,0502,4142,7652,4112,4117,5337,5107,4597,480192242242231	4,214 $5,785$ 3363 3252 1229 914898 824 846 817 136203118154137202020202079 62 62 62 62 7,5137,4867,4597,4007,486241,784219,646417,944310,273291,214855582715 302 291,21441414141414323323323328666444469,07270,40172,32077,42183,6312382722733228,1998,1708,1128,0508,1998,1702,4112,4112,4142,7652,4112,4112,5337,5107,4597,4807,5337,5107,4597,480192242242231	4,214 $5,785$ 3363 3252 1229 2574 914 898 824 846 817 951 136 203 118 154 137 191 20202020202079 62 62 62 62 62 7,513 $7,486$ $7,459$ $7,400$ $7,486$ $7,515$ 241,784 $219,646$ $417,944$ $310,273$ $291,214$ $200,000$ 855 582 715 302 481 $200,000$ 431 41 41 41 41 41 332 332 332 332 332 8 6 6 6 6 4 4 4 4 4 20 20 20 20 $20,000$ 332 332 332 332 332 332 332 332 332 332 332 332 332 8 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 $8,199$ $8,170$ $8,112$ $8,050$ $8,147$ $8,173$ $2,414$ $2,765$ $2,411$ $2,411$ $2,649$ $2,417$ $7,533$ $7,510$ $7,459$ $7,480$ $7,524$ $7,541$ 192 242 242 231 231 155	4,214 $5,785$ 3363 3252 1229 2574 3361 914 898 824 846 817 951 962 136 203 118 154 137 191 199 2020202020202079 62 62 62 62 62 62 7,513 $7,486$ $7,459$ $7,400$ $7,486$ $7,515$ $7,594$ 241,784219,646 $417,944$ $310,273$ $291,214$ $200,000$ $138,527$ 855 582 715 302 $291,214$ $200,000$ $138,527$ 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 332 332 332 332 332 332 8 6 6 6 6 7 4 4 4 4 4 2 2 $69,072$ $70,401$ $72,320$ $77,421$ $83,631$ $82,189$ $86,642$ 238 272 273 322 321 510 539 $8,199$ $8,170$ $8,112$ $8,050$ $8,147$ $8,173$ $8,247$ $2,414$ $2,765$ $2,411$ $2,411$ $2,649$ $2,417$ $2,838$ $7,533$ $7,510$ $7,459$ $7,480$ $7,524$ $7,541$ $7,617$ 192 242 242 231 231 155 155	4,214 $5,785$ 3363 3252 1229 2574 3361 3240 914898 824 846 817 951 962 844 136203118 154 137 191 199 182 202020202020202079 62 62 62 62 62 62 7,513 $7,486$ $7,459$ $7,400$ $7,486$ $7,515$ $7,594$ 241,784 $219,646$ $417,944$ $310,273$ $291,214$ $200,000$ $138,527$ $202,798$ 855582 715 302 481 500 510 640 41414141414141332 332 332 332 332 332 8666677444422269,072 $70,401$ $72,320$ $77,421$ $83,631$ $82,189$ $86,642$ $86,642$ 238 272 273 322 321 510 539 539 8,199 $8,170$ $8,112$ $8,050$ $8,147$ $8,173$ $8,247$ $8,328$ 2,414 $2,765$ $2,411$ $2,411$ $2,649$ $2,417$ $2,838$ $3,266$ 7,533 $7,510$ $7,459$ $7,480$ $7,524$ $7,541$ $7,617$ $7,692$ 192 242 242 231 231 155	4,214 $5,785$ 3363 3252 1229 2574 3361 3240 3160 914 898 824 846 817 951 962 844 876 136 203 118 154 137 191 199 182 173 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 79 62 62 62 62 62 62 62 62 $7,513$ $7,486$ $7,459$ $7,400$ $7,486$ $7,515$ $7,594$ $7,845$ $8,080$ $241,784$ $219,646$ $417,944$ $310,273$ $291,214$ $200,000$ $138,527$ $202,798$ $168,000$ 640 6600 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 39 332 332 332 332 332 332 332 332 8 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 4 4 4 4 4 2 2 2 2 $69,072$ $70,401$ $72,320$ $77,421$ $83,631$ $82,189$ $86,642$ $86,642$ $86,642$ $8,199$ $8,170$ $8,112$ $8,050$ $8,147$ $8,173$ $8,247$ $8,328$ $8,319$ $2,414$ $2,765$ $2,411$ $2,411$ $2,649$ $2,417$ $2,838$ $3,266$ $3,148$ $7,533$ $7,510$ $7,459$				

City of Pampa, Texas Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

<u>FI</u>	INCTION/PROGRAM	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998
Police Station	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
I once Station	15	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire Stations		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Refuse Collec	stions										
Keluse Collec	Collection Trucks	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Concetion Trucks	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Other Public	Works										
	Streets	15.9	15.9	15.9	15.9	15.9	15.9	15.9	15.9	15.9	15.9
	Street Lights	1460	1460	1460	1460	1460	1460	1460	1460	1460	1460
	Traffic Signals	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Parks and Re	creation										
	Acreage	332	332	332	332	332	332	332	332	325	320
	Playgrounds	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
	Baseball/softball diamonds	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
	Community Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Jogging Trails (miles)	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
Water											
	Water mains (miles)	160.5	160.5	160.5	160.5	160.5	160.5	160.5	160.5	160.5	160.5
	Fire Hydrants	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600
	Storage capacity (million gallons)	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7
Wastewater											
	Sanitary Sewers	115	115	115	115	115	115	115	115	115	115
	Treatment capacity (mil. gallons)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Golf Courses		3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
		2	5	5	0	5	5	5	5	5	2

Source: Various City Departments

INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS This page has been left blank intentionally.



BROWN, GRAHAM & COMPANY PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor Lonny Robbins and City Commission Pampa, Texas

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pampa, Texas (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 21, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principals such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items one and two to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

Honorable Mayor Lonny Robbins and City Commission Pampa, Texas

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (continued)

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the significant deficiencies described above, we consider item one to be a material weakness.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the City's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended for the information and use of the Mayor and City Commission, management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Brown, Arakam + Company, P.C.

Amarillo, Texas March 21, 2008

CITY OF PAMPA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

I. Summary of the Auditor's Results:

- a. The type of report issued on the financial statements of the City of Pampa, Texas is an unqualified opinion.
- b. Significant deficiencies in internal control were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements, one of which was identified as a material weakness.
- c. Noncompliance which is material to the financial statements: None.

II. Findings Relating to the Financial Statements which are Required to be Reported in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*:

Item One – Accounting Procedures and Controls:

During the audit, it was noted that various accounts on the general ledger needed to be adjusted in order for the financial statements to be materially correct in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The adjusting entries proposed during the audit of the City of Pampa, Texas included but were not limited to the following: adjusting negative cash balances in cash pool accounts, adjusting prepaid expenditure accounts, adjusting various receivable and payable accounts, adjusting various capital outlay and capital asset accounts, adjusting various accounts related to long-term debt, reclassifying various revenue and expenditure amounts, recording accrued vacation and sick leave expected to be paid within the next twelve months on the governmental fund financial statements, recording accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds, adjusting various accounts pertaining to the landfill closure liability, and the various entries needed to convert the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 34.

We understand that the City has utilized our firm's assistance and expertise in recommending various adjusting and reclassifying journal entries that should be posted to the City's general ledger for the financial statements to be materially correct. However, under current generally accepted auditing standards, the City is still required to take the ultimate responsibility for the financial statements to be materially correct. As a part of that process, the City is expected to have the controls in place internally as well as the skills and competencies necessary to prevent, detect, and correct material misstatements. This process does not stop at the general ledger; rather, it extends on to the preparation of the City's financial statements and related notes. Unfortunately, the City cannot assign this duty to the independent auditor.

We recognize that many of the entries discussed above are needed only at year end to prepare the City's annual financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to a governmental entity. We also recognize that due to time constraints on the City's personnel, it has been a matter of convenience that the City utilizes our firm to assist in the preparation of the financial statements and to propose adjusting and reclassifying journal entries. It is basically a decision by the City's management of weighing the costs verses the benefits of using the independent auditor's assistance in preparing the financial statements and proposing the necessary journal entries needed. We are happy to continue to provide these services to the City in addition to the basic audit of the financial statements.

CITY OF PAMPA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

II. Findings Relating to the Financial Statements which are Required to be Reported in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* (continued):

Item One – Accounting Procedures and Controls (continued):

Management's Response:

The City has for many years utilized the audit firm's assistance to make adjusting entries to our financials and preparing our CAFR. As mentioned in the auditor's report, the City's management decided to do so after careful consideration of costs, personnel time constraints, and the audit firm's expertise in financial preparation. Due to changing audit standards, the practice of using the audit firm's expertise will need to be modified.

While changes in the audit standards dictate changes in our procedures, and since our staff has worked with the audit staff and is knowledgeable of the controls needed and entries required, we will work with the audit firm to determine responsibility. The City's finance staff has decreased the number of adjusting entries the auditors prepare over the last few years and will continue to implement new schedules and procedures to prepare the year end entries. We will strive to continue absorption of the entries we have relied on the audit firm for, and to prepare our staff for constant changes in audit and financial preparation standards.

As far as the actual CAFR preparation, it is still in the best interest of the City to use the firm to prepare this statement. It is increasingly time consuming and requires ever-changing software technology to compile all the data to present such a report.

We are happy the audit firm will continue to prepare our financial statements.

Item Two – Excess of Expenditures over Budgeted Amounts:

We noted that at year end, the overall expenditures exceeded the final amended budget for the Leased Properties Fund, the Controlled Substances Fund, and the M.K. Brown Auditorium Fund. The causes of these variances were due in part to higher costs being incurred that what were anticipated during the budget process, and the failure to budget expenditures at all for the Controlled Substances Fund.

Internal controls should be in place that provide reasonable assurance that expenditures are being made only after being approved by an appropriate level of management of the City, and that the budget is being properly amended as needed throughout the year. Because of a failure to properly amend the budget or to exceed the approved budgeted expenditures, expenditures may be made or incurred that do not have the approval of the City's commission, which is a violation of state law. Procedures should be implemented to strengthen existing budgetary controls to ensure that the final actual expenditures do not exceed the final amended budget. Overall, it appears the City has a good system in place pertaining to the budget process. These few instances appear to be isolated in nature and do not appear to be a systematic problem throughout the City.

CITY OF PAMPA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

II. Findings Relating to the Financial Statements which are Required to be Reported in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* (continued):

Item Two – Excess of Expenditures over Budgeted Amounts (continued):

Management's Response:

The Controlled Substances Fund and the Leased Properties Fund are both funds for which there is no historical trending to be used for the purposes of budgeting. The Controlled Substances Fund is restricted on what expenditures can be made, but should still be tracked and the budget amended prior to expenditures being made. The M.K. Brown Auditorium had higher costs which were budgeted in previous budget years and finished in this year. We have budgetary controls in place and the overages are the exceptions. We have and will continue to implement tighter control over expenditures made at the departmental level, including more extensive budget compliance monitoring.

CITY OF PAMPA SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

There were no reportable conditions or findings reported in the prior year audit.