PRAPR POLICE DEPRRTAENT

2021 ANNUAL REPORT





Lance Richburg Chief of Police

LAW ENFORCEMENT CODE OF ETHICS

AS A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER, my fundamental duty is to serve the community; to safeguard lives and property; to protect the innocent against deception, the weak against oppression or intimidation, and the peaceful against violence or disorder; and to respect the constitutional rights of all persons to liberty, equality, and justice.

I WILL keep my private life unsullied as an example to all and will conduct myself in a manner that does not bring discredit to me or to my agency. I will maintain courageous calm in the face of danger, scorn or ridicule; develop self-restraint; and be constantly mindful of the welfare of others. Honest in thought and deed in both my personal and official life. I will be exemplary in obeying the laws of the land and the regulations of my department. Whatever I see or hear of a confidential nature or that is confided to me in my official capacity will be kept ever secret unless revelation is necessary in the performance of my duty.

I WILL never act officiously or permit personal feeling, prejudices, political beliefs, aspirations, animosities or friendships to influence my decisions. With no compromise for crime and with relentless prosecution of criminals, I will enforce the law courteously and appropriately without fear or favor, malice or ill will, never employing unnecessary force or violence and never accepting gratuities.

I RECOGNIZE the badge of my office as a symbol of public faith, and I accept it as a public trust to be held so long as I am true to the ethics of the police service. I will never engage in acts of corruption or bribery, nor will I condone such acts by other police officers. I will cooperate with all legally authorized agencies and their representatives in the pursuit of justice.

I KNOW that I alone am responsible for my own standard of professional performance and will take every reasonable opportunity to enhance and improve my level of knowledge and competence.

I WILL constantly strive to achieve these objectives and ideals, dedicating myself before God to my chosen profession...Law Enforcement.

PRAPR POLICE DEPRITAENT

ANNUAL REPORT 2021

The 2021 Pampa Police Department Annual Report was published by the Administrative/Support Services Division of the Police Department. The information contained within is provided to give readers an accurate as possible depiction of the Pampa Police Department in the year 2021. Changes in case statuses and dispositions occur regularly. These changes can occur days, months, and even years after an initial report is taken. Such changes can affect the accuracy of this report beyond its published date.

Lieutenant Brian Massey

Administrative/Support Services Division Commander

DEPARTMENT PERSONEL

The Pampa Police Department is authorized of a total of 28 sworn law enforcement personnel, along with 13 civilian personnel. Also, under the direction of the Chief of Police are a total of 10 Animal Services personnel, including the Animal Services Supervisor. The department is directed by Chief of Police Lance Richburg.



The Pampa Police Department is divided into 4 divisions, with a command level supervisor responsible for leading each division. The department also has several specialized units, which also fall under the command of one of the command staff members listed below. For the 2021 calendar year, the divisions and their respective command staff were as follows:

Chief of Police- Lance Richburg

Assistant Chief of Police- Kenneth Hopson

Patrol Division Lieutenant Rick Armstrong

Criminal Investigation Division Lieutenant Tobie Bias

Admin/Support Services Division Lieutenant Brian Massey

Communications Division Communications Supervisor Debbie McDonald

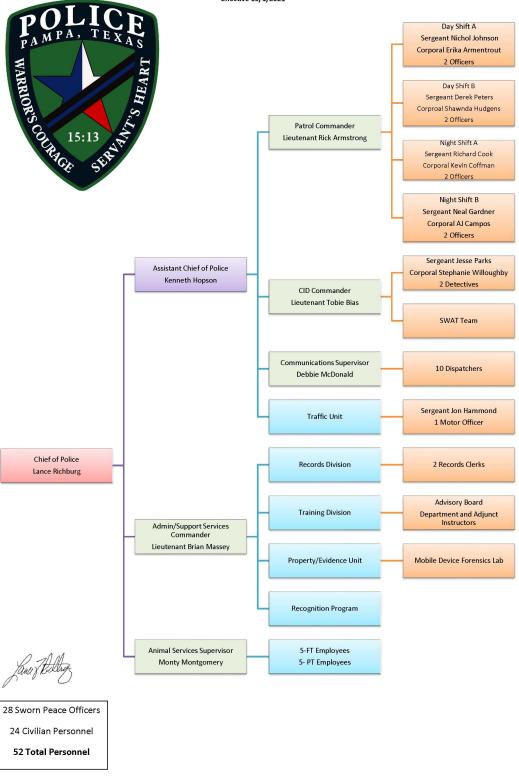
Animal Services Animal Services Supervisor Monty Montgomery

The chart below shows the organizational structure of the department:

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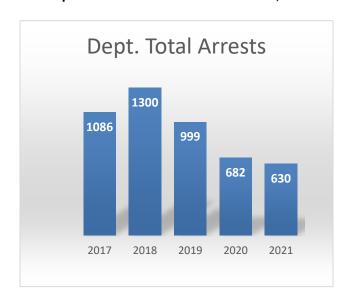
Organizational Chart

Effective 10/1/2021

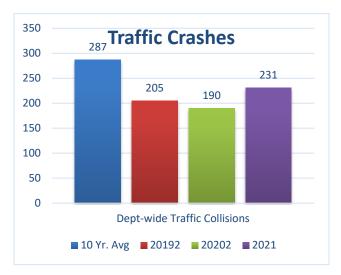


Department-Wide Stats

The following are department-wide statistics for the Pampa Police Department during the 2021 calendar year. The statistics are further dissected into Division-wide numbers where appropriate/applicable in the "Division" pages to follow. For the 2021 year the department made 630 arrests, generated a total of 4,768 initial and supplemental reports, investigated 231 traffic crashes, and issued a total of 3,824 citations and warnings. In addition, the department responded to or initiated a total of 17,596 calls for service.











Patrol Division



Rick Armstrong, Patrol Division Lieutenant

The patrol division, with 18 personnel, is the largest division within the Police Department. It is comprised of 8 Patrol Officers, 4 Patrol Corporals, 4 Patrol Sergeants, a School Resource Officer, and the Patrol Lieutenant. This division is overseen by Lieutenant Rick Armstrong.

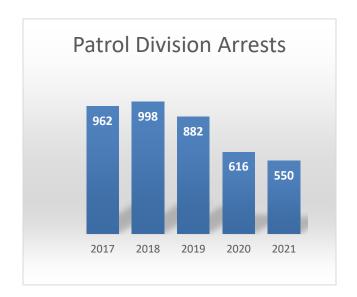
Patrol is the division most commonly seen and noted by the public as they are responsible for responding to all emergency and non-emergency calls for police service within the city. When not responding to calls, patrol officers are trained and encouraged to be proactive, performing roving and directed patrols of our streets and neighborhoods. In addition, they perform traffic enforcement and detect and investigate suspicious persons or circumstances. They also participate in various community related events.

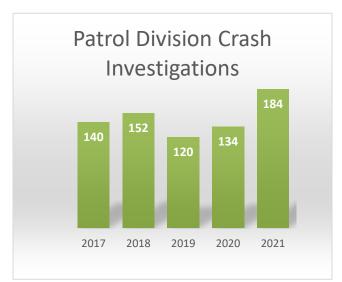
For patrol assignments, the city is divided into 3 zones, known as "beats". During the 2019 year, the Patrol Division switched to 12 hour rotating shifts from the traditional 8-hour shift that they had worked for numerous years. This resulted in a slight restructuring of the Patrol Division. The Division now operates with four shifts of four personnel, who work on a rotating 12-hour work schedule. Each shift is comprised of a Sergeant, Corporal, and 2 Patrol Officers.

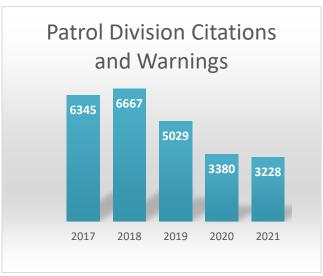
In agreement and cooperation with the Pampa Independent School District, the Patrol Division also has one School Resource Officer stationed throughout the district. The SRO is responsible for investigating and mitigating all criminal matters that occur on Pampa ISD property. In addition, the SRO performs and assists with teaching various crime prevention and awareness initiatives and alcohol and substance abuse programs throughout the school year. The SRO also strives to build strong, professional relationships with the students and staff of PISD.

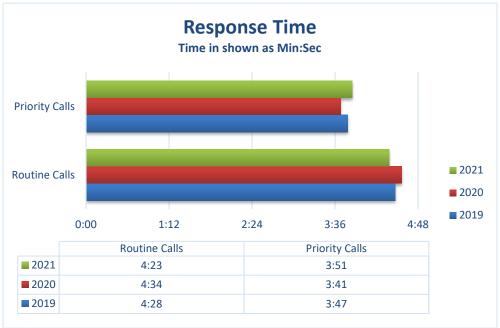
During 2021 the patrol division responded to a total of 16,107 calls for service or officer-initiated activities. That number was up slightly from 15,724 in 2020. During the year, the division made 550 arrests, completed 1,886 initial incident reports, performed a total of 184 traffic collision investigations, and issued a total of 3,228 traffic citations and warnings. The charts below show those numbers compared to their historical data points.











Traffic Unit



Kenneth Hopson, Assistant Chief

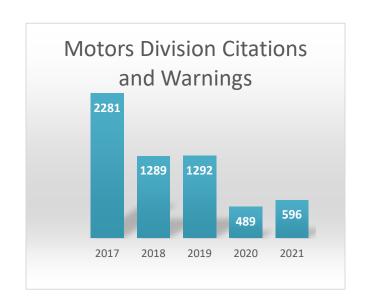
The Traffic Unit of the Pampa Police Department, also known as the Motors Unit, was formed in May of 2016 and is under the command of Assistant Chief Hopson. The Traffic Unit's duties include responding to and investigating traffic collisions, traffic law enforcement, and parade and funeral escorts. This unit was created in part to reduce the number of motor vehicle crashes through increased enforcement of traffic laws. In addition, the traffic unit was created to reduce the workload of the patrol division by removing some of the focus from traffic collision investigations and traffic enforcement duties, so that they could redirect that focus on criminal patrol and responding to calls for service.

During this year, the unit investigated a total of 47 traffic collisions and issued a total of 596 citations and warnings for various traffic offenses. It is noteworthy to mention that this unit operated short one officer the entire year due to staffing shortages.

The total number of traffic collisions within the city limits of Pampa for the year of 2021 was 231. This is up from 190 in the previous year, however, continues to be below the 10-year average of 287.

The charts below, and above in the "department-wide section", show these numbers compared to their historical data points.





Criminal Investigations Division

Tobie Bias, CID Lieutenant

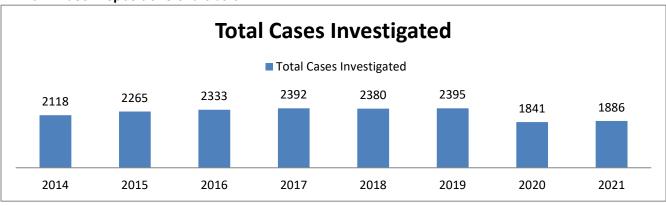


The Criminal Investigations Division, CID, consists of a total of 2 Detectives, CID Corporal, CID Sergeant, and the CID Lieutenant. This division is overseen by Lieutenant Tobie Bias.

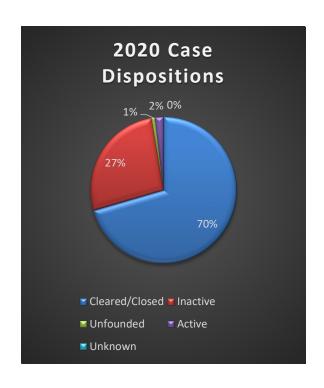
CID is responsible for processing and investigating all reports that are generated by the Patrol Division and other sources. The duties related to this include identifying possible suspects through the investigative process, interviewing victims, witnesses, and suspects, and collecting and processing evidence. They are also responsible for the preparation and filing of all criminal cases sent to the appropriate prosecutor, and any performing any subsequent follow-up investigation required. Our detectives utilize a wide array of investigative tools, techniques, and resource databases to identify suspects and prosecute them the offenses they commit. The CID division also has portable emergency scene lighting and a Crime Scene Response trailer equipped with the items needed to process a larger scaled crime scene.

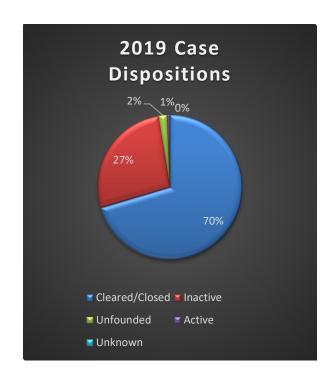
In 2021, the CID division processed and investigated a total of 1,886 reports generated by the department. That number is up slightly from 1,841 in 2020. During the 2021 year, of the 1,886 reports investigated,1,052 have a disposition status of closed or cleared by arrest/citation. In addition, another 316 have a case disposition of unfounded. Unfounded reports are a mixture of instances where a report was taken solely for informational/documentational purposes in which no offense was alleged or occurred, and cases in which an offense was reported and was later proven to not have occurred or did not met the appropriate elements of the reported crime. Removing the unfounded report numbers out of the total cases investigated and looking solely at the remaining two data points (1,570 investigated cases, 1,052 closed/cleared) the division has a case clearance rate of 67%, which is a slight decrease from 70% in the previous year. Also, in 2021, 481 cases were listed as inactive, primarily due to lack of evidence or suspect identification. 30 reports were still active at the year end. The charts below show those numbers compared to their historical data points:

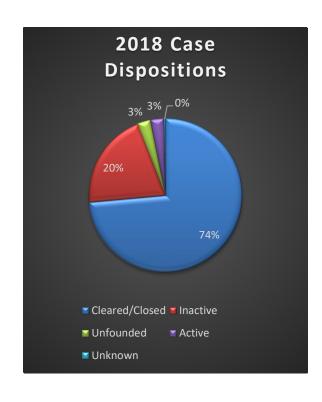
It is noteworthy to point out the increase in number of unfounded cases this year, along with a decrease in the number of cases cleared/closed over previous years. Prior to this year, informational (documentation only) reports would be listed in with cases cleared and closed. In efforts to provide accurate and actionable statistical data, as well as comply with NIBRS reporting, those instances were removed from having closed/cleared dispositions and are listed as unfounded due to no offense occurring. The charts below will depict that change in reporting procedures. This change in procedure results in a significant change in the percentages for the 2021 Case Dispositions chart below.











Communications Division

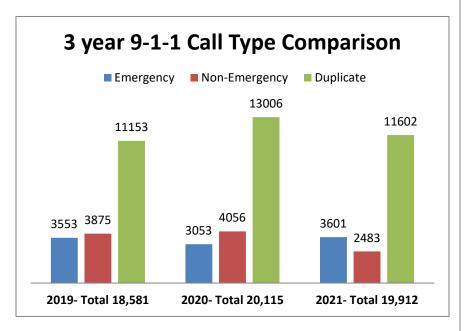


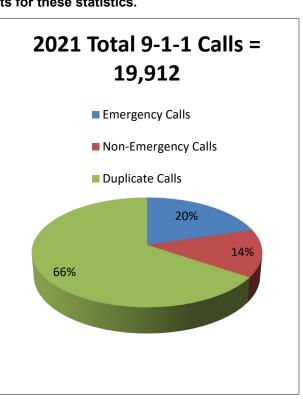
Debbie McDonald, Dispatch Supervisor

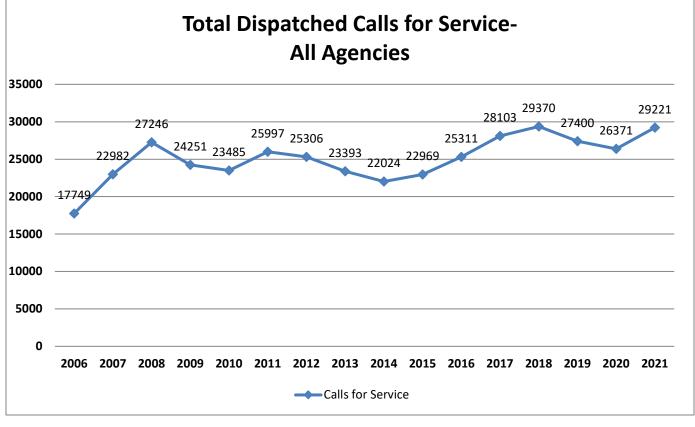
The Communications division consists of 10 Telecommunications Operators (dispatchers). The division is led by Dispatch Supervisor Debbie McDonald. The Communications Center at the Pampa Police Department is the 9-1-1 Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) for all of Gray County. All landline and cell phone calls made to 9-1-1 within Gray County are answered and dispatched accordingly by the Communications Division. In June of 2020, the Communications Division acquired the dispatch service for the Gray County Sheriff's Office, along with other county agencies that the Sheriff's Office was dispatching for. This move left the Communications Division responsible for all dispatch services within Gray County, creating a centralized and more efficient hub for emergency service-related communications for the county.

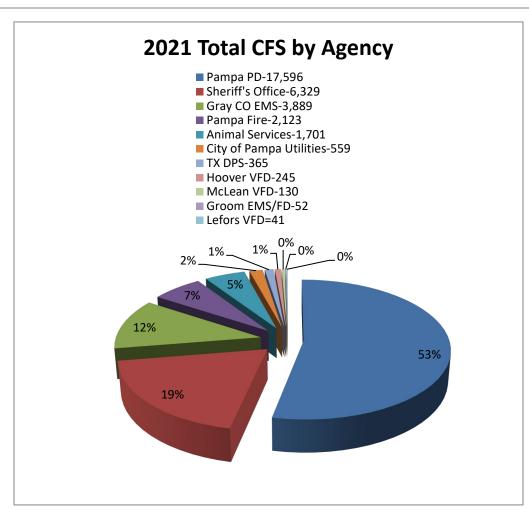
The Communications Division utilizes a Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) system and VHF radio network to communicate with each of the 12 primary agencies dispatched for. In 2021, the Communications Division received a total of 19,912, 9-1-1 calls. These calls consisted of 3,601 emergency calls, 2,483 non-emergency calls, and 11,602 duplicate calls related to an incident already reported on another 9-1-1 call. A 3-year comparison of these figures is shown on the chart below.

In 2021, the Communications Center dispatched a combined total of 29,221 calls for service for all of the agencies/departments that they provide dispatch service for. This was an increase of 2,850 dispatched calls from the 2020 year. This figure is above the 10-year average of 26,024 calls. The charts below show further breakdown and historical data points for these statistics.









Admin/Support Services Division



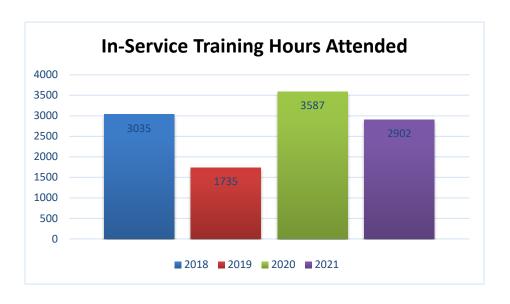
Brian Massey, Lieutenant

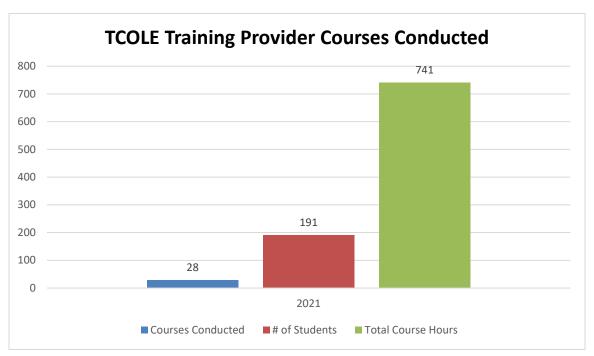
The Admin/Support Services Division is overseen by Lieutenant Massey. This Division is primarily comprised of members of the Department who serve in other divisions of the department, who have special assignments in support of the department's initiatives and efforts. The division oversees Police Records, Property/Evidence room, Mobile Device Forensics Laboratory, sUAS (drone) unit, management of the Texas Police Chief's Best Practices Recognition Program, grant program management, and coordinates all department information technology initiatives and solutions, along with other administrative functions of the department.

The Division also oversees the day-to-day operation of the 3 county Crime Stoppers organization, Top of Texas Crime Stoppers, Inc. Top of Texas Crime Stoppers is a 501(c)(3) organization that offers anonymity and cash rewards to people who provide information on subjects who commit crimes and/or the location of wanted persons that lead to their arrest. Founded in 1981, then Pampa Crime Stoppers, has received and processed thousands of tips that have led to the arrest of hundreds of people and the clearance of crimes that would have otherwise gone unsolved.

A large portion of the division's responsibility is the training and education of each of the department's Officers and Telecommunicators. It is the goal of the department to far exceed the minimum training standards established by the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement. In the 2021 calendar year, Officers and Telecommunicators of the department attended and completed 440 training courses, for a total of 2,902 in-service training hours. Officers of the department also participated in short "roll-call" training video courses that the division produces and publishes weekly. These courses cover a vast number of topics centered around improving Officer safety, mitigating risks, and reducing liability.

In the 2020 year, after a lengthy application process, the department itself received a TCOLE Training Contract and can now host and instruct in-service training courses for Officers, Jailers, and Telecommunicators from around the region and state. The department currently has 8 Officers who are certified instructors by the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement (TCOLE). The division continues to develop curriculum in accordance with TCOLE's requirements and will be offering a wide array of courses throughout the upcoming years. During the 2021 calendar year, the Training Division instructed a total of 28 courses, 191 students, and 741 total course hours. This was the department's first full year of instructing courses in this manner, so previous statistical data is not available.





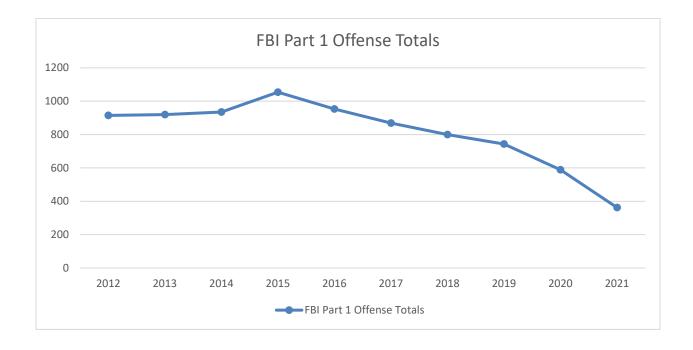
Crime in Pampa

The following data is compiled from the National Incident Based Reporting System (NIBRS) data submitted to the Texas Department of Public Safety and Federal Bureau of Investigations on a monthly basis. These include only offenses classified as Part 1 (Index Crimes) by the FBI.

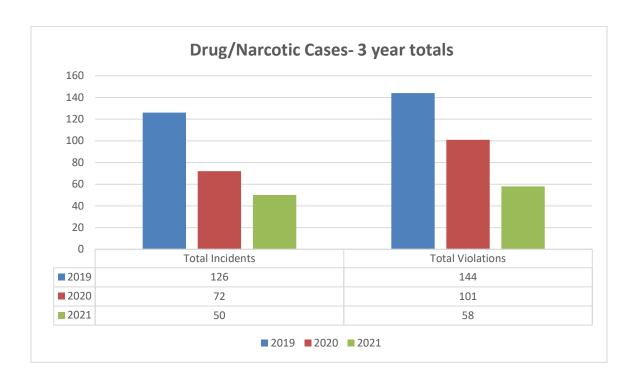
Part 1 Data 2021 compared to 2020

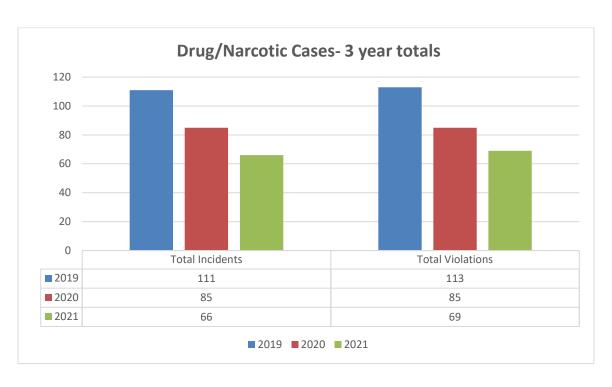
Offense	2021	2020	Change	
	_		_	
Criminal Homicide	5	0	+5	
Forcible Rape	9	15	-6	
Robbery	1	3	-2	
Aggravated Assaults	48	60	-12	
Burglary	59	97	-38	
Larceny- Theft	225	385	-160	
Motor Vehicle Theft	15	29	-14	
Total	362	589	-227	

Source: NIBRS database, Texas Department of Public Safety, Year-to-date analysis report



Drug/Narcotic Cases





Accomplishments:

Continuation of Decline in Crime

During the 2021 calendar year, the city saw a significant reduction in crime over previous years. This decline has been the trend for the previous 6 years. During the 2021 calendar year, according to data from the FBI's NIBRS/UCR's "Part 1" crime data (Murders, Forcible Rape, Robbery, Assaults, Burglary, Larceny-Theft, and Motor Vehicle Theft), crime in Pampa is at a new 10 year low. This reduction cannot be attributed to just one program, or event. Crime prevention/reduction is a community effort. Law enforcement agencies hold only a small portion of the puzzle when it comes to the ability to prevent and reduce crime. Certain efforts, such as better reporting methods, crime prevention programs such as the #9pmRoutine, high visibility patrols, strong working with relationships with prosecutors and other criminal justice agencies, and participation in various community engagement efforts are a few small pieces of the puzzle that the department has utilized to aid in the reduction. These are just that though, small pieces of the puzzle. We are happy to report that our community is truly working together to make Pampa a better place to live!

Training Facility placed into service

During the 2020-year, utilizing Capital Improvement funds budgeted for the 19/20 fiscal year, the department broke ground on a new 2,000 square foot training facility at the existing Law Enforcement Firing Range. This building would replace the existing building which in addition to being too small, had several structural issues causing safety concerns. The new building was named the "Kenneth Hopson Law Enforcement Training Facility" after current and long-time Pampa PD Assistant Chief Hopson. On April 20th, 2021, the first class was conducted at the facility. For the remainder of the year, an additional 13 courses were held at the facility, instructing over 120 law enforcement personnel and over 20 fire department personnel.

Continuation of TPCA Recognition program

The Law Enforcement Recognition Program is a voluntary process where police agencies in Texas prove their compliance with 170 Texas Law Enforcement Best Practices. These Best Practices were carefully developed by Texas Law Enforcement professionals to assist agencies in the efficient and effective delivery of service, the reduction of risk and the protection of individual's rights. While similar in nature to the national accreditation program, the Best Practices Recognition Program is easier to administer, lower in cost and is designed specifically for Texas Law Enforcement. The Texas Legislature demands a great deal of professional law enforcement in Texas and the Best Practices were specifically designed to aid Texas agencies in meeting those demands and providing the best quality of service to the people of our State. Since its inception in 2006, over 170 Texas Law Enforcement Agencies have been Recognized and many more are currently in the process to become Recognized Agencies. While members of the Texas Police Chiefs Association recognize and supports the national accreditation program, The Texas Best Practices Recognition Program has clearly become the new Gold Standard for Texas Law Enforcement! In addition, the program is expected to meet and exceed President Trump's Executive Order #13929, requiring certification through the Department of Justice.

The Pampa Police Department has proudly been a "Recognized Agency" of the program since 2008 and was the 6th agency in the State to achieve this status. During the 2021 calendar yet, the department met the requirements to continue being a "Recognized Agency".

Racial Profiling Report- 2021

The Pampa Police Department has adopted a detailed written policy on racial profiling. Our policy:

- 1. clearly defines acts constituting racial profiling;
- 2. strictly prohibits peace officers employed by the agency from engaging in racial profiling;
- 3. implements a process by which an individual may file a complaint with the agency if the individual believes that a peace officer employed by the agency has engaged in racial profiling with respect to the individual;
- 4. provides public education relating to the agency's compliment and complaint process, including providing the telephone number, mailing address, and email address to make a compliment or complaint with respect to each ticket, citation, or warning issued by a peace officer;
- 5. requires appropriate corrective action to be taken against a peace officer employed by the agency who, after an investigation, is shown to have engaged in racial profiling in violation of the agency's policy adopted under this article;
- 6. requires collection of information relating to motor vehicle stops in which a ticket, citation, or warning is issued and to arrests made as a result of those stops, including information relating to:
 - a. the race or ethnicity of the individual detained;
 - b. whether a search was conducted and, if so, whether the individual detained consented to the search;
 - c. whether the peace officer knew the race or ethnicity of the individual detained before detaining that individual; and
 - d. whether the peace officer used physical force that resulted in bodily injury, as that term is defined by Section 1.07, Penal Code, during the stop;
 - e. the location of the stop; and
 - f. the reason for the stop; and
- 7. requires the chief administrator of the agency, regardless of whether the administrator is elected, employed, or appointed, to submit an annual report of the information collected under Subdivision (6) to:
 - a. the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement; and
 - b. the governing body of each county or municipality served by the agency, if the agency is an agency of a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the state.

PAMPA POLICE DEPT.

01. Total Traffic Stops:	3752	
02. Location of Stop:		
a. City Street	3712	98.93%
b. US Highway	0	0.00%
c. County Road	2	0.05%
d. State Highway	0	0.00%
e. Private Property or Other	38	1.01%
03. Was Race known prior to Stop:		
a. NO	3752	100.00%
b. YES	0	0.00%
04. Race or Ethnicity:		
a. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	4	0.11%
b. Asian/ Pacific Islander	16	0.43%
c. Black	184	4.90%
d. White	2629	70.07%
e. Hispanic/ Latino	919	24.49%
05. Gender:		
a. Female	1538	40.99%
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	1	0.03%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	6	0.16%
iii. Black	38	1.01%
iv. White	1139	30.36%
v. Hispanic/ Latino	354	9.43%
b. Male	2214	59.01%
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	3	0.08%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	10	0.27%
iii. Black	146	3.89%
iv. White	1490	39.71%
v. Hispanic/ Latino	565	15.06%
06. Reason for Stop:		
a. Violation of Law	312	8.32%
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	1	0.32%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		

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iii. Black	17	5.45%
iv. White	232	74.36%
v. Hispanic/ Latino	62	19.87%
b. Pre-Existing Knowledge	93	2.48%
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0	0.00%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0	0.00%
iii. Black	6	6.45%
iv. White	67	72.04%
v. Hispanic/ Latino	20	21.51%
c. Moving Traffic Violation	2589	69.00%
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	3	0.12%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	12	0.46%
iii. Black	128	4.94%
iv. White	1836	70.92%
v. Hispanic/ Latino	610	23.56%
. Hispanie, Latine	0.10	23.3070
d. Vehicle Traffic Violation	758	20.20%
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0	0.00%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	4	0.53%
iii. Black	33	4.35%
iv. White	494	65.17%
v. Hispanic/ Latino	227	29.95%
·		
07. Was a Search Conducted:		
a. NO	3619	96.46%
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	4	0.11%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	16	0.44%
iii. Black	169	4.67%
iv. White	2544	70.30%
v. Hispanic/ Latino	886	24.48%
b. YES	133	3.54%
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0	0.00%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0	0.00%
iii. Black	15	11.28%
iv. White	85	63.91%
v. Hispanic/ Latino	33	24.81%
08. Reason for Search:		
a. Consent	31	0.83%

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i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0	0.00%	
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0	0.00%	
iii. Black	4	12.90%	
iv. White	20	64.52%	
v. Hispanic/ Latino	7	22.58%	
b. Contraband in Plain View	0	0.00%	
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0		
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0		
iii. Black	0		
iv. White	0		
v. Hispanic/ Latino	0		
c. Probable Cause	63	1.68%	
ii. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0	0.00%	
i. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0	0.00%	
iii. Black	10	15.87%	
iv. White	36	57.14%	
v. Hispanic/ Latino	17	26.98%	
d. Inventory	15	0.40%	
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0	0.00%	
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0	0.00%	
iii. Black	1	6.67%	
iv. White	8	53.33%	
v. Hispanic/ Latino	6	40.00%	
e. Incident to Arrest	24	0.64%	
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0	0.00%	
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0	0.00%	
iii. Black	0	0.00%	
iv. White	21	87.50%	
v. Hispanic/ Latino	3	12.50%	
09. Was Contraband Discovered:			
YES	75	2.00%	
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0	0.00%	
Finding resulted in arrest - YES	0		
Finding resulted in arrest - NO	0		
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0	0.00%	
Finding resulted in arrest - YES	0		
Finding resulted in arrest - NO	0		
iii. Black	7	9.33%	

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Finding resulted in arrest - YES	0	
Finding resulted in arrest - NO	7	
iv. White	45	60.00%
Finding resulted in arrest - YES	10	
Finding resulted in arrest - NO	35	
v. Hispanic/ Latino	23	30.67%
Finding resulted in arrest - YES	7	
Finding resulted in arrest - NO	16	
b. NO	58	1.55%
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0	0.00%
i. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0	0.00%
iii. Black	8	13.79%
iv. White	40	68.97%
v. Hispanic/ Latino	10	17.24%
10. Description of Contraband:		
a. Drugs	56	1.49%
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0	0.00%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0	0.00%
iii. Black	4	7.14%
iv. White	37	66.07%
v. Hispanic/ Latino	15	26.79%
b. Currency	0	0.00%
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0	
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0	
iii. Black	0	
iv. White	0	
v. Hispanic/ Latino	0	
c. Weapons	1	0.03%
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0	0.00%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0	0.00%
iii. Black	0	0.00%
iv. White	0	0.00%
v. Hispanic/ Latino	1	100.00%
d. Alcohol	16	0.43%
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0	0.00%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0	0.00%
iii. Black	3	18.75%
iv. White	6	37.50%

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v. Hispanic/ Latino	7	43.75%
e. Stolen Property	1	0.03%
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0	0.00%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0	0.00%
iii. Black	0	0.00%
iv. White	0	0.00%
v. Hispanic/ Latino	1	100.00%
f. Other	5	0.13%
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0	0.00%
i. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0	0.00%
iii. Black	0	0.00%
iv. White	3	60.00%
v. Hispanic/ Latino	2	40.00%
11. Result of Stop:		
a. Verbal Warning	0	0.00%
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0	0.0076
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0	
iii. Black	0	
iv. White	0	
v. Hispanic/ Latino	0	
·	1848	49.25%
b. Written Warningi. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0.05%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	1 9	0.49%
iii. Black	90	4.87%
iv. White	1387	75.05%
v. Hispanic/ Latino	361	19.53%
c. Citation	1813	48.32%
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	2	0.11%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	7	0.39%
iii. Black	88	4.85%
iv. White	1176	64.86%
v. Hispanic/ Latino	540	29.78%
d. Written Warning and Arrest	0	0.00%
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0	
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0	
iii. Black	0	
iv. White	0	
v. Hispanic/ Latino	0	

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e. Citation and Arrest	91	2.43%	
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	1	1.10%	
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0	0.00%	
iii. Black	6	6.59%	
iv. White	66	72.53%	
v. Hispanic/ Latino	18	19.78%	
f. Arrest	0	0.00%	
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0		
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0		
iii. Black	0		
iv. White	0		
v. Hispanic/ Latino	0		
12. Arrest Based On:			
a. Violation of Penal Code	75	2.00%	
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	1	1.33%	
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0	0.00%	
iii. Black	6	8.00%	
iv. White	52	69.33%	
v. Hispanic/ Latino	16	21.33%	
b. Violation of Traffic Law	7	0.19%	
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0	0.00%	
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0	0.00%	
iii. Black	0	0.00%	
iv. White	5	71.43%	
v. Hispanic/ Latino	2	28.57%	
c. Violation of City Ordinance	6	0.16%	
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0	0.00%	
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0	0.00%	
iii. Black	0	0.00%	
iv. White	6	100.00%	
v. Hispanic/ Latino	0	0.00%	
d. Outstanding Warrant	3	0.08%	
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0	0.00%	
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0	0.00%	
iii. Black	0	0.00%	
iv. White	3	100.00%	
v. Hispanic/ Latino	0	0.00%	

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13. Was Physical Force Used:

a. NO	3752	100.00%	
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	4	0.11%	
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	16	0.43%	
iii. Black	184	4.90%	
iv. White	2629	70.07%	
v. Hispanic/ Latino	919	24.49%	
b. YES	0	0.00%	
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0		
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0		
iii. Black	0		
iv. White	0		
v. Hispanic/ Latino	0		
b 1. YES: Physical Force Resulting in Bodily Injury to Suspect	0		
b 2. YES: Physical Force Resulting in Bodily Injury to Officer	0		
b 3. YES: Physical Force Resulting in Bodily Injury to Both	0		
14. Total Number of Racial Profiling Complaints Received:	0		

REPORT DATE COMPILED 01/10/2022

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